

# H

**hbb** PN ((?). Gröndahl PTU 310); ¶ **syll.:** cf. *hi-bi-bu/i*, Ug 5 85 (RS 20.236):4, 12.

PN (?), in bkn ctx.: ]*rb spr hbb*, 1.75:10.

**hbdn**, cf. **ybdn**.

**hbdtr** PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 206, 233, 249).

PN, in bkn ctx.: *hbd{.}tr*, 4.46:11.

**hbl** (I) n. m. “ruins, remains”, meton. for “destruction” (Hb. *hbl*, “act corruptly”, “destruction”, HALOT 285 f.; Arab. *habl*, *habāl*, “corruptness”, AEL 699 f.; cf. Akk. *habālu*, “Unrecht (an)tun”, AHw 302; “to oppress, wrong”, “to damage, destroy”, CAD H 3 ff. De Moor SP 118; Del Olmo IMC 42 f.; Caquot-Szyncer TOu/1 307: “destruction”; see Gzella BiOr 64 2007 545); ¶ **par.:** *rtn*. ¶ **Forms:** pl. (?) cstr. *hbl*.

Ruins, remains < “destruction”, in bkn ctx.: *hbl ttm* on muddy ruins [he feeds (?)], 1.1 IV 8 (// *rtn*).

**hbl** (II) “painter, strap” (nautical accessory) (Akk. *habālum*, “binden, anschirren”, AHw 302: *habālu* IV; “to tie, snare, harness”, CAD H 7; Mari Akk. *habalum*; see Vita Barcos 2284 f.: “amarras”; Watson LSU 86). ¶ **Forms:** sg. coll. *hbl*. Painter, strap: *w hbl*, and strap(s), 4.689:5.

**hbly** adj. / n. f. epithet of the goddess *hnt* (etym. unc. Xella TRU 80: “distrutrice”, cf. *hbl* (I); diff. De Tarragon CU 171: TN; Pardee TR/1 79 f., *Hablay* / “la mutilée”). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hbly*.

Epithet of Anat: *hnt hbly* DN *h*, 1.39:17; 1.102:11; 1.162:14.

**hbr** TN, name of the city-state of king *krt* (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 107: \**Habūra*. Astour RSP 2 284 f. no. 40; UF 5 1973 29 ff.; Sauren- Kestemont UF 3 1971 196 n. 21; De Moor BiOr 31 1974 21; De Moor-Spronk UF 14 1982 163; Van Soldt UBL 11 372).

TN.: *hbr rbt hbr trrt*, TN the great, TN the powerful, 1.15 V 19 f. and par.; *bt hbr* “Daughter-of-TN”, name of the capital, 1.14 II 29 and par. (Badre et al. Syria 53 1976 107).

**hbrtnr** n. m. of a high Hittite dignitary (etym. unc. Hitt. *huburtanuri*, Bezeichnung heth. Würdenträger, Tischler HEG 298; cf. Knoppers BASOR 289 1993 89: “chief steward”, /*huburt=an=uri*/, Hitt. *huppar-*, Akk. *huburtu*, *hāburu*; cf. **RS Akk.:** *huburtanuru*, ein hoher Hofbeamter, AHw 352; a high ranking court official, CAD H 220); **RS Akk.:** *huburtanuru*; cf. *a-na* LÚ *hu-bur-ta-nu-ri*, PRU 4 47 f. (RS 11.732) A 5, 6; B 6, 7 (= PRU 3 181 f.); PRU 4 82 (RS 17.382+):41, 43); PRU 4 42 (RS 17.227 and dupl.):32; cf. var. *a-na* LÚ *hu-bur-ta-nu-ra* ù *a-na* LÚ *hu-bur-ta-nu-ra ša-ni-i*, PRU 4 44 (RS 17.347):18 f.; PN LÚ *hu-bur-ta-nu-ru ša šār* KUR *kar-ga-mis*, PRU 3 41 (RS 16.180):3; cf. Sivan GAGl 229. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hbrtnr*.

A high Hittite dignitary: (gifts) *l hbrtnr* for the *h.*, 3.1:34, 36 (cf. RS Akk.: *a-na LÚ hu-bur-ta-nu-ri*, PRU 4 47 f. (RS 11.732) A 5, 6; B 6, 7 (= PRU 3 181 f.); PRU 4 82 (RS 17.382 + 380):41, 43); PRU 4 42 (RS 17.227 and dupl.):32); *l hbrtnr tn* for the vice-*h.*, *ibid.* ln. 36 (cf. var. ¶ RS Akk.: *a-na LÚ hu-bur-ta-nu-ra à a-na LÚ hu-bur-ta-nu-ra ša-ni-i*, PRU 4 44 (RS 17.347):18–19).

Cf. **tpnr**.

**hbrt** n. f. “stewpot” (Hurr. *hubrušhi*, “creuset”, GLH 109; Hitt. *huprušhi-*, “ein Gefäß, Räuchergefäß”, HEG 296 f.; Nuzi Akk. *hurpušhu*, Alal. Akk. *huprušhu*, AHW 357; CAD H 241. De Moor ULe 67; Watson LSU 120, 128; AuOrS 27 85); ¶ **par.**: *hptr*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *hbrt*.

Stewpot: *štt (...)* *hbrt l zr pḥmm* she placed (...) a stewpot on top of the embers, 1.4 II 9 (// *hptr*).

**hbsn** PN (etym. unc. Watson AuOr 21 2003 245; AuOrS 27 104; AuOr 30 2012 331). PN: 4.307:15.

/ḥ-b-t/ vb Gpass.: “to be oppressed, ill treated” (Akk. *habātum*, “rauben, plündern”, AHW 303 f.; “to rob, take away by force”, CAD H 9 ff.). **Forms**: Gpass.: suffc. *hbt*.

Gpass.: To be oppressed, ill treated: *k hbt w l ūšāl*, because I have been ill treated and I was never consulted, 2.87:8, see 2.103:9 (Dietrich-Loretz UF 41 2009 138; see also Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 250).

**hbt** (I) n. m. “oppressor, pillager, destroyer” (< ptc. G /ḥ-b-t/. Kraus RA 69 1975 31 ff.; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 153); ¶ **par.**: *mdll*, cf. /d-l-l/. ¶ **Forms**: pl. suff. *hbtkm*, *hbtkn*.

Oppressor, pillager, destroyer: *u thtîn (...)* *ūlp hbtkn* whether you have sinned (...) according to the custom of / what betrays (?) your oppressors / those who rob you, 1.40:21 and par. (// *mdllkn*; diff. Pardee TR/1 97, 119 f.: “opprimés”, but see Del Olmo UF 36 2004 565 f.).

**hbt** (II) DN, Syro-Hurr. goddess (Nougayrol Ug 5 51 f.; Laroche GLH 100 f.; NH 348; Danmanville RIA 4 326 ff.; Haas HBHS 30 ff.; Wilhelm Hurrians 55 f.; for Ebla cf. <sup>d</sup>*ha-a-pá-tu*, cf. Pomponio UF 15 1983 144 f. n. 17 f.; Trémouille SMEA 34 1994 87 ff.; Durand MROA 2/1 258 f.: “Bien-amada”); ¶ **syll.**: <sup>d</sup>*hé-bat*, Ug 5 18 (RS 20.24):16 (// *pdry*, 1.47:17; 1.118:16; Laroche Ug 5 503, 525); cf. the element /ḥebV(t)/ in PNN, Gröndahl PTU 229 f. ¶ **Forms**: *hbt*, *hbt(d)* (DN + Hurr, direct. =da).

DN: *hbt(d)*, 1.132:5, 14, 20; in Hurr. ctx.: *hbt(d)*, *passim*; cf. 1.32:3, 5; 1.35:9, 11, 12; 1.42:60, 62; 1.52:9, 13; 1.60:11; 1.64:32; 1.116:19.

**hb/pt(y)** TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 132: <sup>h</sup>*Hupatā(yu)*, <sup>h</sup>*Hubatā*, <sup>h</sup>*Hapatā(yu)*, <sup>h</sup>*Huppatu*. Astour UF 13 1981 6; NuzHur 1 16 no. 23; Van Soldt SAU 337 f. n. 177; UF 28 1996 670; UF 30 1998 727; Topography 22; Watson LSU 200); ¶ **syll.**: cf. URU *hu-ba-ta*, PRU 3 189 (RS 11.790):21; URU *hu-pa-ta*, Ug 5 102 (RS 20.207

A):15; RSOu 7 4 (RS 34:131):47; URU *hu-pa-ta-ú*, PRU 3 191 (RS 11.841):14; URU *ha-pa-ta-yu*, PRU 3 190 (RS 11.800 *bis*):15; URU *hu-pa<sub>12</sub>-ti*, RS 8.146 (RS 8.213 (!), Syria 18 1937 247):5; *hu-up-pa-ti*, PRU 3 148 (RS 16.178):11.

TN, ★a) *hbt*: 4.119:6; 4.382:15; ★b) *hpty*: 1.91:30; 4.68:49; 4.346:8; 4.355:12; 4.610 II 3; 4.686:3 (Bordreuil UF 20 1988 15 f.); 4.800 I 30.

**hbt<sub>y</sub>** GN m. (< *hb/pt(y)*), TN; Watson LSU 200). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *hbt<sub>y</sub>*.

GN: 3.10:3; 3.31:4; 4.33:39; 4.53:3.

/h-b-t/ vb G: a) “to flee, escape”; b) “to be emancipated (from legal bonds), break one’s links” (Hb. *hps̄* [pi., Qpass. / pu.] “to be given one’s freedom”, HALOT 341; see *hpt*. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 6 1974 27; Dietrich-Loretz UF 14 1982 85 f.; UF 41 2009 160; Hoftijzer-Van Soldt UF 23 1991 189 f.; Tropper UF 36 2004 514; Fs. Sanmartín 391 ff.). ¶ **Forms**: G suffc. *hbt*; inf. cstr. suff. *hbt<sub>h</sub>*; ptc. Gpass. sg. m. *hbt* and pl. m. *hbt<sub>m</sub>*.

G. a) To flee, escape: *b hbt<sub>h</sub> b hwt t<sub>h</sub>* on his escaping to another country, 3.3:4 (Tropper UG 487); *b gty hbt* (the servant) escaped from my estate, 2.90:9 (diff. Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 249, 307: “worked on my farm” / “to belong to the *huptu*-class”); b) to be emancipated (from legal bonds), to break one’s links (with a place): PN *d hbt TN* who has broken his links with TN, 4.430:3 (cf. *dytb*, *ibid.* ln. 2), see *dt hbt t<sub>mn</sub>*, 2.108:5, 7 and 2.98:29 KTU rdg *ap[ hp]t*.

Cf. *hbt*, *hpt*, *hptt*.

**hbt** adj. m. “emancipated; unattached” > “mercenary” (< ptc. Gpass. /h-b-t/. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 6 1974 26 f.; Milano VO 3 1980 187 ff.; Hoftijzer-Van Soldt UF 23 1991 189 f.: variant of *hpt*; Aartun UF 16 1984 22 f.: Arab. *habuṭa*: “ruchloser Mensch”; Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 307: “member of the *huptu*-class (in service, civil or military)”; McGeough ERU 99 f.). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *hbt*, pl. *hbt<sub>m</sub>*.

Emancipated, unattached > mercenary: *lyblt hbt<sub>m</sub>* you have not brought the emancipated (men), 2.17:1; unattached: *tlttm bslm w ahd hbt w arbš att* two triads of labourers, plus one emancipated, and four women, 4.360:8; in bkn ctx.: 2.107:8.

Cf. /h-b-t/, *hpt*.

**hby** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 310; Watson LSU 166; AuOrS 27 104; Watson AuOr 30 2012 331).

PN: ★a) 4.103:22; ★b) *bn PN*, 4.339:4; 4.851:5; 4.853:12.

**hdi** PN (Sem. (?). Gröndahl PTU 17, 138, 233).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.63 III 8.

**hdbt** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 206, 233).

PN: 4.320:7.

**hdd** PN (Sem. (?)); ¶ **syll.**: cf. *ha-DA-ad-di*, Ug 5 28 (RS 20.184) obv. 12; Rainey IOS 5 1975 25; Huehnergard AkkUg 384; Watson AuOr 11 1993 215.

PN 4.80:2 (*ār*).

**Ḫdlr**, cf. **Ḫdn Ḫdlr**.

**Ḫdmn** PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 233; Van Soldt SAU 35); ¶ **syll.**: cf. *Ḫ[u-u]t-mu-nu*, PRU 3 204 (RS 16.257+) e. II 8.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.103:43; 4.624:9; 4.681:5; 4.807:35.

**Ḫdn Ḫdlr** DN(N); two Hurro-Hitt. goddesses (Bo. *<sup>d</sup>Ḫu-(u)-te-na <sup>d</sup>Ḫu-(u)-te-el-lu-ur/úr-ra*, Laroche GLH 111. Laroche Ug 5 526, 530; Haas RLA 4 526); ¶ **syll.**: *<sup>d</sup>Ḫu(?) -ti<sup>2</sup>-i]l<sup>2</sup>-lu-u[r-ra<sup>2</sup> = <sup>d</sup>ku<sup>2</sup>-ša<sup>2</sup>]-ra-tu<sub>4</sub>*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) IVb 8 (?). Dietrich-Loretz TUAT II/2 305.

DN: 1.132:8; in Hurr. ctx.: 1.42:32, 33; 1.60:14; 1.64:29; 1.135:11.

**Ḫdptr** PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 233, 424; Huehnergard UVST 230 n. 87); ¶ **syll.**: DUMU *Ḫu-du-up-ša-ri* PRU 3 200 (RS 16.257+) II 10.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.63 III 18; 4.64 II 7; 4.848:9.

**Ḫdš<sub>2</sub>bšl** PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 116 f., 134).

PN: *Ḫdš<sub>2</sub>bšl*[, 6.70:2.

**Ḫdš**, 1.171:7, cf. *Ḫdt* (II).

**Ḫd/ty(n)** PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 21, 233; Van Soldt SAU 33; Watson AuOr 13 1995 222 f.); ¶ **syll.**: cf. *Ḫu-ti-ia*, Ug 5 27 (RS 20.22):41, 54; (DUMU) *Ḫu-di/ti-ia/ya-na*, PRU 3 194 (RS 11.787):3 (Van Soldt SAU 345 n. 195); PRU 3 149 (RS 16.182+):8, 11, 18; PRU 3 201 (RS 16.257+) II 42; cf. *Ḫu-da*, RSOu 7 3 (RS 30.036):13; *Ḫu-ud-da-na*, RS 23.22+ VI 14 (Van Soldt SAU 341 n. 185).

PN: **★a**) *Ḫdyn*, 4.214 III 20; in bkn ctx.: *Ḫ]tyn*, 4.659:2; **★b**) *bn Ḫdy*, 4.635:55; *bn Ḫty*, 4.343:5; *bn Ḫdyn*, 4.33:8 (*ugrty*); 4.69 VI 11; 4.98:18; 4.724:6; 4.798:11; *bn Ḫtyn*, 4.57:10; 4.281:18; 4.611 II 26; 4.643:11.

Cf. **Ḫtn**.

**Ḫd(d)** n. m. “downpour, squall” (Hb. *Ḫzyz*, “blast, squall”, HALOT 302; cf. Arab. *Ḫindīd*, “whirlwind”, Hava 187. Watson Or 45 1976 440 f.; De Moor-De Vries UF 20 1988 176 n. 18: “thunder”, “thunderstorm”); ¶ **par.**: *yr*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *Ḫdd*; contracted form *Ḫd*.

Downpour, squall: *hkk l ālpm Ḫdd* they march by the thousand (like) a downpour, 1.14 II 39 and par. (*// yr*; diff. Aartun StUL 59 ff.: “tüchtiger, heldenhafter”, Arab. *Ḫindīd*); in bkn ctx.: *rh Ḫd šrpt* the wind, the squall (and) the clouds, 1.13:34.

**Ḫdgb** PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 204, 211, 232, 234; cf. Dietrich-Loretz WO 4 1967–1968 302).

PN: **★a**) 4.269:25, 28; **★b**) *bn PN*, 4.690:2.

**Ḫdġl** n. m. “fletcher” (Hurro-Ug. \*Ḫd- [*<* Ug. *Ḫz* “arrow”] + Hurr. suff. \*-ġl; cf. Ug. var. *Ḫdm*: 4.609:25 [cf. *Ḫz*]; Laroche GLH 97, unexpl. Watson UF 42 2010 825: “learner”, Hurr. *Ḫaš-*, “to hear”; cf. *nsk Ḫzm*, *psl Ḫzm*). ¶ **Forms**: pl. *Ḫdġlm*.

Fletcher: 4.609:16; master fletcher contrasted with *lmd*: 4.138:2; 4.154:5; 4.188:1.

**h<sub>1</sub>dl** PN (Hurr. (?). Gröndahl PTU 234); ¶ **syll.**: cf. *ḫa-zi-lu*, PRU 6 86 I 10; cf. DUMU *ḫu-zi-la-a*, PRU 3 201 (RS 16.257+) A II 48.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.611 I 4.

Cf. **ḫzli**.

**h<sub>1</sub>dm**, in bkn ctx.: 7.53:7.

**h<sub>1</sub>dm<sub>1</sub>dr** PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 232 f., 249; Dietrich-Loretz WO 4 1967–1968 302; Huehnergard UVST 224; Van Soldt SAU 3, 14; Watson LSU 166); ¶ **syll.**: *iš-mi-SAR-ri*, PRU 3 138 (RS 16.131):8, 10; *iš-mi-LUGAL-ma*, PRU 4 123 (RS 17.35):6, 11; *ḫi-iš-mi-LUGAL-ma*, PRU 4 121 (RS 17.352):4 and *passim* *ibid.*; cf. PU.LUGAL-*ma*, RSOu 7 11 (RS 34.140):3.

PN: 4.643:25; in bkn ctx.: 4.190:2; 4.748:15; cf. 4.178:6; 4.556:3.

**h<sub>1</sub>dm<sub>1</sub>rd/t** PN (Hurro-Sem. Gröndahl PTU 233, 247; Dietrich-Loretz OLZ 62 1967 546; Bordreuil-Pardee RSOu 14 379); ¶ **syll.**: cf. *ḫi/e-i/eš-mi-<sup>d</sup>IM*, Ug 5 27 (RS 20.22):6; Ug 5 28 (RS 20.184):1.

PN: 4.102:22; *h<sub>1</sub>dm<sub>1</sub>rt*, 2.86:1.

**h<sub>1</sub>dm<sub>1</sub>tn** PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 232 f., 262); ¶ **syll.**: *ḫi-IŠ-mi-te-nu*, PRU 3 37 (RS 15.81):9.

PN: 4.417:4 (*tr[zy]*).

**h<sub>1</sub>dm<sub>1</sub>ttb** PN (Hurr.).

PN: 4.827:8.

**h<sub>1</sub>d/zmyn** PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 232; Berger WO 5 1968–1969 273; Van Soldt SAU 35); ¶ **syll.**: *ḫi-IZ-mi-ia-na*, PRU 3 160 (RS 16.261+):8.

PN: 4.356:15; 4.374:12; 4.748:14.

**h<sub>1</sub>dnr** PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 212, 234, 243; Dietrich-Loretz WO 4 1967–1968 302).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.56:5 (bkn ctx.).

**h<sub>1</sub>dpršp** PN (Hitt.-Sem. Ribichini-Xella RSF 15 1987 9 f.).

PN, in bkn ctx.: 4.760:3 (*h<sub>1</sub>dprš<sup>2</sup>[p]*).

**h<sub>1</sub>drḡl** n. m. a type of server in the cult, “assistant, acolyte” (Hurr.; Laroche GLH 96, unexpl.; cf. Alal. Akk.: LÚ.MEŠ *ḫa-še-ru-ḫu-li*, AT 269:22; cf. “Ein Handwerker”, AHw 333; “a maker of *ḫašēru*-objects”, CAD H 139. Dietrich-Loretz WO 3 1966 189 ff.: Hurro-Ug. \**h<sub>1</sub>dr-* [*</i> /*ḫ*-*d*/*z*-*r*/, Akk. *ḫaziru*, AHw 339] + Hurr. suff. /=(u)ḫli/; Del Olmo CR 194 n. 68: “service”; Watson UF 42 2010 825: “anointer”, Hurr. *ḫašari*, “fine oil”). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *h<sub>1</sub>drḡl*.*

A type of server in the cult (“assistant, acolyte”): *b yrḫ ḫyr b ym hdt h<sub>1</sub>drḡl.x*[ in the month MN, on the new moon, the “assistant” [shall offer (?), 1.112:2.

Cf. **ḫzr**.

**h<sub>1</sub>gbt** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 21; Ribichini-Xella RSF 15 1987 10). Possibly an allog. of *h<sub>1</sub>gbt*, PN.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.214 II 11.

**hḥ** n. m. “mire, rubbish dump” (Akk. *ḥaḥḥu*, “Schleim, Auswurf”, AHW 308; “spittle, slime”, CAD H 28f. Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 189; Watson SEL 4 1987 61; diff. Caquot-Szyncer TOu/1 220 n. g; Margalit MLD 80 f.: “gueule”, “pit” < “underworld”, Hb. \**ḥwḥ*, Arab. *ḥawḥat*; for the various opinions cf. Sasson RSP 1 415 f.; Margalit MLD 80 f.; Loretz UF 33 2001 318 n. 91); ¶ **par.:** *hmry, mk*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥḥ*, suff. *ḥḥm* (encl. *-m* (?)).

Mire, rubbish dump: *ḥḥ aṣ nḥlth* a mire (is) the land of his possession, 1.4 VIII 13 and par. (// *hmry, mk*; diff. Loretz UF 33 2001 318: “eine Höhle sein Erbland!”); *dm l ḡzr šrgk ḥḥm* for to a hero your tangles are a quagmire, 1.17 VI 35.

**/ḥ-l/** vb G: 1) “to writhe (with birth pangs)”; 2) “to skip, jump” (Akk. *ḥ(i)ālu, ḥālu*, “kreissen”, AHW 342; “to be in labor”, CAD H 55; Hb. *ḥyl*, “to be in labour”, “to writhe”, HALOT 310 f. Avishur UF 7 1975 34; Foley UF 19 1987 64 n. 14); ¶ **par.:** /b-r-k/, /h-l-k/. ¶ **Forms:** G inf., impv. *ḥl*.

G. 1) To writhe (with birth pangs): *ḥl ld āklm* writhe (and) give birth to the “Voracious Ones”, 1.12 I 25 (// *tbrk*).

2) To skip, jump: *tr b lkt wtr b ḥl*, she escaped running and she escaped skipping, 1.10 II 29 (// *b lkt*; diff. Aartun UF 16 1984 23 ff.: “stolze Haltung”, Arab. *ḥāl*).

Cf. **ḥl, ḥlln, ḥllt**.

**ḥl** n. m. “pain, anxiety, sickness”; “birth pangs” (?) (< /ḥ-l/. Hb. *ḥyl*, “to tremble”, “fear and pain”, HALOT 312, cf. *ḥl?*, “to fall ill”, HALOT 315. Dietrich-Loretz MU 218; Del Olmo MLRSO 290). ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥl*; pl. *ḥlm* (?).

Pain, anxiety, sickness: *w prʿ[(t)] hy ḥlh* and this washes (: remove) his pain, 1.124:10; in bkn ctx.: *w ḥlm ātt itt* and the birth pangs of the woman are ..., 1.179:35 (diff. Caquot-Dalix RSOu 14 399, 404: “et la ‘danse’ de la femme (est son) don”).

**ḥlī** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 29, 138, 230; Sivan GAGl 224; Watson *Historiae* 4 2007 97).

PN: 4.282:6.

**ḥlū** n. m. “cake” (?) (etym. unc. Cf. Hitt. *ḥali-*, “ein Gebäck”, HW<sup>2</sup> 3 32: (NINDA) *ḥali-*; Hb. *ḥlh*, “ring-shaped bread”, HALOT 317; Ph. *ḥlh*, “cake”, DNWSI 373 f.; Arab. *tihlū*, “food and drink”, Hava 179; for this and other etym. cf. Del Olmo CR 217; UF 36 2004 596; Watson LSU 86; diff. De Moor NYCI/2 27; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 108; Waetzoldt ZA 77 1987 298: “Wollkleid”, Akk. *ḥalūm*; Pardee TR/1 507 f., 1132: “élément de nom de fête, sens précis inconnu”, rdg *ḥl ū* (?)). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥlū*.

Cake (?): (*dbh ...*) *ḥlū dg* (the sacrifice of ...) fish-cake, 1.91:12 (diff. Baldacci BiOr 46 1989 119: “fish-shaped jewel”, Hb. \*ḥl?/h).

**hlân** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 29, 138, 230; Sivan GAGl 224; Watson LSU 166); ¶ **syll.:** cf. DUMU *hal-a<sup>2</sup>-na*, PRU 3 199 (RS 16.257+) B III 15.

PN: ★a) 4.391:17; ★b) *bn PN*, 4.222:20; 4.350:2; 4.413:4; 4.715:5; in bkn ctx.: 4.526:2; 4.843:24.

Cf. **hlûy**, **hlyn**.

**hlûy** PN (Gröndahl PTU 138; Baldacci BiOr 46 1989 119).

PN: 4.75 V 13 (*bn* []).

**hľb** (I) n. m. “massif, promontory” (cf. Akk. *halbu*, “Wald”, AHw 311; “forest”, CAD H 40 f. Cf. De Moor SP 185; Watson AuOr 19 2001 115); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. the element /halb-/ in TNN; Sivan GAGl 226); ¶ **par.:** *gr*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hľb*.

Massif, promontory: *šá (...)* *hľb lžr rhtm* lift (...) the massif on top of the palms (of your hands), 1.4 VIII 6 and par. (/ / *gr*); *tn pk b hľb* (make) your mouth echo in the hills, 1.82:4 (see Del Olmo AuOr 29 2011 247); *gd hľb* coriander from the massif, 1.85:20.

Cf. **hľb** (II), **hľby**, **hľbn**.

**hľb** (II) TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 108 f.: \**Halab* / \**Hal(a)ba* “Aleppo”, not: \**Halba* 2, ibid. 110, or \**Halbu*, ibid. 111. Heltzer RCAU 9, 16 n. 20; Rainey UF 3 1971 137, 142; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 108; Astour RSP 2 285 f. no. 41; NuzHur 1 15 no. 21; Bonechi SEL 7 1990 15 ff.; Van Soldt UF 28 1996 668; Topography 19 f., 173; Watson LSU 200); ¶ **syll.:** [KUR.UR]U *hal-bá*, RS 17.338+ (Del Monte Trattato 14 ff.):18; [<sup>d</sup>IŠKUR URU *ha-la-ab*], ibid. ln. 88; <sup>d</sup>U *hal-bi*, Ug 5 170 (RS 26.142):18.

TN: ★a) 1.85:20; ★b) *bšl hľb*, 1.109:16 (see Del Olmo UF 36 2004 610); 1.130:11; 1.134:8; 1.148:26; 4.728:2 (cf. Hurr. (*tšb hľb*), 1.42:10; 1.148:13).

**hľb** (III) TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 111: \**Halbu*, “abgekürzter ON der Halb-*bu*-Art”; not *hľb* (II) “Aleppo”. Van Soldt UF 28 1996 668; Topography 19 f., 173; Belmonte Fs. Watson 102); ¶ **syll.:** URU *hal-bi*, RSOu 7 4 (RS 34.131):32.

TN: 4.382:18, 4.824:5.

Cf. **hľb šprm**, **hľb gngnt**, **hľb krd**, **hľb rpš**, **hľb špn**.

**hľb šprm** composite TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 111: \**Halbu-šapurīma*. Heltzer RCAU 9; Astour RSP 2 286 f. no. 42; 349 no. 143; Van Soldt UF 28 1996 669; UF 30 1998 725; Topography 20, 173 f.); ¶ **syll.:** URU *hal-bi* LÚ.MEŠ.SAG.GAZ, PRU 3 189 (RS 11.790):7'; [URU *hal-bi a*]-*pu-ri-ma*, PRU 3 191 f. (RS 11.841):6 (collation Van Soldt UBL 11 365 n. 9 (5)).

Composite TN: 4.48:1; 4.73:12; 4.346:7; 4.380:16; 4.610 I 27; 4.693:28; 4.784:21; 4.800 I 35.

Cf. **špr** (II).

**hľb gngnt** composite TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 110 f.: \**Halbā(yu)* / *hľb(y)*. See Dijkstra UF 23 1991 135; Bordreuil AntSem 2 1997 64 f.; Van Soldt Topography 20, 173).

Composite TN: 1.91:22; 4.800 II 25 (Bordreuil AntSem 2 1997 64f.).

Cf. Ḥlb(y).

**Ḥlb krd** composite TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 112: \**Ḥalbu-karradi*. Van Soldt UBL 11 377f.; UF 28 1996 668; UF 30 1998 720, 725; cf. Astour UF 13 1981 6; Huehnergard UVST 212; Van Soldt Topography 20, 173); ¶ **syll.**: URU *ḥal-bu/bi kàr-ra-di*, PRU 3 189 (RS 11.790):6; PRU 3 190 (RS 11.800):11; [URU *ḥal-bu/bi kar-ra-di*, PRU 3 191 (RS 11.841):7.

Composite TN: 3.7:14; 4.6:2; 4.48:2; 4.68:3; 4.119:7; 4.365:17; 4.380:13; 4.610 I 26; 4.685:5; 4.693:14, 29, 46; 4.800 I 37; 5.28:6.

**Ḥlb rpš** composite TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 112: \**Ḥalbu-rapši*. Van Soldt UBL 377f.; UF 28 1996 669; UF 30 1998 725; Bordreuil AntSem 2 1997 66; Heltzer RCAU 10; Dietrich-Loretz UF 10 1978 430; Astour UF 13 1981 9; Van Soldt SAU 499 n. 65; Topography 21, 174); ¶ **syll.**: URU *ḥal-bi rap-ši*, PRU 3 189 (RS 11.790):5; PRU 4 182 (RS 17.299):2.

Composite TN: 4.48:7; 4.63 II 30; 4.100:5; 4.108:1; 4.235:9 (cf. Van Soldt UF 28 1996 669 n. 117); 4.365:12; 4.693:14; 4.784:19; 5.28:5; in bkn ctx.: 4.683:13 (Bordreuil UF 20 1988 11f.).

Cf. rpš (I).

**Ḥlb špn** composite TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 113: \**Ḥalbu-šapuni*, \**Ḥalbu Ḥazzi*, \**Ḥalbu Nanā*. Van Soldt UBL 11 377f.; UF 28 1996 669; UF 29 1997 693f.; UF 30 1998 732; cf. Heltzer RCAU 10; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 97f.; Astour RSP 2 287f. no. 43; 349 no. 144; UF 13 1981 2f., 8; Bordreuil Syria 61 1984 8f.; Van Soldt Topography 20, 174); ¶ **syll.**: URU *ḥal-bu/bi ḤUR.SAG ḥa-zi*, PRU 3 190 (RS 11.830):13; RSOu 7 4 (RS 34.131):19; cf. URU *ḥal'-bi*, PRU 3 191 (RS 15.20):4; cf. URU *ḥal-bi ḤUR.SAG na-na-a*, PRU 4 48 ff. (RS 17.340) 26; URU *ḥal-bi*, PRU 4 63–67 (RS 17.237):40; PRU 6 118 (RS 18.116):4 (cf. Van Soldt UF 28 1996 668; Belmonte RGTC 12/2 113).

Composite TN: 4.68:50; 4.94:16; 4.303:4; 4.610 II 27; 4.676:4; 4.800 I 15; 4.821:5; for the rdg *ḥlb* <*špn*> in 4.267:2 and 4.621:14 cf. Van Soldt UF 28 1996 688; 4.693:46 (cf. Bordreuil UF 20 1988 18).

Cf. ḥš, ks, nny, špn.

**Ḥlb(y)** TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 110f.: \**Ḥalbā(yu)* / \**ḥlb gngnt*. Diff. Van Soldt UF 28 1996 667; UF 30 1998 728; see also Dijkstra UF 23 1991 135; Bordreuil AntSem 2 1997 64f.; Heltzer RCAU 9, 16 n. 20; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 108; Astour RSP 2 285f. no. 41; NuzHur 1 15 no. 21; Van Soldt Topography 19, 173); ¶ **syll.**: URU *ḥal-ba*, PRU 3 125 (RS 15.147):5; URU *ḥal-ba-yi*, Ug 5 95 (RS 20.01):19.

TN *ḥlby*: 4.274:4; 4.348:25; 4.610 II 23; 4.621:6, 14; 4.770:8; 4.784:23; 4.825 V 8.

Cf. Ḥlb gngnt.

**ḥlby** PN (< *ḥlb* (II) / *ḥlb(y)*).

PN: 4.337:6.

Cf. **hlbym**.

**hlbym** PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 138; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 108).

PN: *bn* PN, 4.7:7; 4.93 I 2.

**hldy** GN / TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 131: \**Huldā*. Huehnergard UVST 243, 290 n. 109; Van Soldt UF 28 1996 669; Topography 21, 174; Watson LSU 200; Historiae 4 2007 97); ¶ **syll.**: cf. URU *ḥu-ul-da*, PRU 3 133 (RS 15.132):7, 11; PRU 3 144 (RS 16.138):19.

GN / TN, element in the compound toponym *gt hldy*: 4.636:10 (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 87: \**Gittu-Huldā*).

**hlg̃l** see *yšhm*.

**hll** n. m. n. of a garment (etym. unc. Syr. *ḥllāyā*, a type of garment: SL 457; Arab.

*ḥulaliyyat*, “large pièce d’ étoffe”, Dozy 312. ¶ **Forms**: pl. *ḥllm*.

Type of garment: *w ššr ḥllm* and ten *ḥ*. garments, 4.867:13.

**hlln** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 139; Watson LSU 166).

PN: *bn* PN, 4.53:12; 4.335:23.

**hllt** n. m. “childbirth” (< /ḥ-l/. Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 180; Watson Historiae 10 2013 38); ¶ **par.**: *hrt*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥllt*.

Procreation, childbirth: *yšmsmt šš ḥllt* the beauty of the bed of childbirth, 1.17 II 42 (// *hrt*).

Cf. **hlln**.

**hllly** PN (Sem.; etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 139; Watson LSU 166).

PN: 4.391:12.

**hlm (I)** PN (etym. unc. Sivan GAGI 222; Watson LSU 166; Dahood apud Pettinato ArchEbl 307); ¶ **syll.**: cf. DUMU *ḥal-la-ma-na*, PRU 3 55 (RS 15.92):4; PRU 3 67 (RS 16.255 A+E):5.

PN: 4.348:16.

**hlm (II)** see **hl**.

**hlmz** n. m. “Snake”, epithet / emblem of the goddess *ušḥr* (Akk. *ḥulmiṭtu*, etwa “Drache”, AHW 354; “a snake or lizard”, CAD H 230; Hb. *ḥmt*, “reptile”, HALOT 327 f.; Syr. *ḥūlmaṭāʾ*?, “large lizard, chameleon”, SL 426. De Moor UF 2 1970 316 n. 73; Young UF 9 1977 309; Dietrich-Loretz UF 13 1981 86; Schwemer NuzHur 7 104 ff., 115; Watson LSU 86; diff. Aartun UF 16 1984 24 f.: < \*/ḥ-l-m/, “Chamäleon”; DEUAT xxiif.: double DN, *ušḥr.-ḥlmz*); ¶ **par.**: *qlḥ*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥlmz*.

Snake: *īd ydbḥ mlk l ūšḥr ḥlmz* when the king sacrifices to DN, the “Snake”, 1.115:2, cf. ln. 12; *š l ḥlmz* a ram to the “Snake”, 1.115:4.

**hln**, allog. of *hln*, 5.22:27.

Cf. **hln**.

**hlp** PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 139; Watson LSU 167).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.172:4; 4.266:4; 4.611 I 11.

**ḥlpn (I)** n. m./f., type of cloak or cape (Akk. *naḥlaptu*, “Gewand, Mantel”, AHW 715; “wrap, outer garment”, CAD N/1 138 ff. Dietrich-Loretz BiOr 23 1966 129 f.; Ribichini-Xella Tessili 38; Van Soldt UF 22 1990 328; Watson UF 34 2002 924; LSU 86 f., 95 n. 240; Vita UF 36 2004 525; TT 329; cf. Akk. *ḥulāpu*, Durand MARI 6 662); ¶ **RS Akk.:** TÚG.GÚ.È, Syria 18 1937 246 (RS 8.145):21; PRU 3 206 (RS 15.135):2–3; PRU 6 159; cf. Ug 5 83 (RS 20.146):8 (Berger UF 2 1970 339 f.); cf. TÚG.GÚ.È GADA, PRU 3 184 (RS 16.146+):12. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥlpn*; pl. *ḥlpnt*; du. *ḥlpnm*.

Type of cloak or cape: ★**a**) *ārbšm ksp w ḥlpn šl PN* forty of silver and a *ḥ.* on the account of PN, 3.29:2; (personnel) *lqh ḥlpnt* have received *ḥ.*, 4.630:5; *byrḥ mgm[r ...] yšú ḥlpn[t* in the month MN[...]*]**ḥ.* have been distributed, 4.192:2; *tn ḥlpnm pgām* two *ḥ.* of the *p.* type, 4.117:1; *spr npš PN (...)* *tn ḥlpnm* list of belongings of PN: (...) two *ḥ.*, 4.385:6; *w āhpkn ḥlpn* and I shall return the *ḥ.*, 1.179:36; ★**b**) *ḥlpn pttm ḥ.* of linen, 5.10:5 (cf. RS Akk.: TÚG. GÚ.È GADA, PRU 3 184 (RS 16.146+):12).

Cf. **ḥpn (I)**.

**ḥlpn (II)** PN (Gröndahl PTU 139; Van Soldt UF 29 1997 681; Watson AuOr 30 2012 332).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.77:27.

Cf. **ḥlp**.

/ḥ-l-q/ vb G: “to perish, to be lost”; D: “to destroy”; Dpass.: “to be destroyed, devastated” (Akk. *ḥalāqu*, “verschwinden, zugrundegehen”, AHW 310 f.; “to disappear, vanish”, CAD Ḥ 36 ff.; Eth. *ḥalqa*, “be consumed, perish”, CDG 261. Dietrich-Loretz MU 120; Levine Fs. Greenfield 137 ff.; Watson LSU 86 f.); ¶ **par.:** /m-t/. ¶ **Forms:** G suffc. *ḥlq*, *ḥlqt*; prefc. *thlq*; D prefc. *yḥlq*; Dpass. suffc. *ḥlq*, *ḥlqt*; *yḥlq*, *thlq*.

G. To perish, be lost: *ḥlq zbl bšl ārš* perish did the prince, master of the earth, 1.5 VI 10 and par. (// *mt*); *k mt ālšyn bšl k ḥlq* for DN, “The Most Powerful”, is dead, (...) has perished, 1.6 I 42 and par.; *w rišk ḥlq* and your authority is lost!, 2.88:30 (Dietrich-Loretz UF 41 2009 150; diff. Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 245: “and you can kiss your head good-bye”); in bkn ctx. cf.: *w ḥlq špmm* [ and may the birds perish[...], 1.18 IV 42; *bhmtn thlq* the cattle will perish, 1.163:1, 15.

D. To destroy: *ibn yḥlq bhmt ḥwt* the enemy will destroy the cattle of the land, 1.103:16; cf. ]*yḥlq bhmt* [ ...]will destroy the cattle[...], *ibid.* ln. 15.

Dpass. To be destroyed, devastated: *āp krmm ḥlq qrtn ḥlqt* and also the vines have been destroyed, (and also) our city has been destroyed, 2.61:11–12; ]*ḥwt n thlq* the land will be destroyed, 1.103:4; *ḥwt ib thlq* the land of the enemy will be destroyed, *ibid.* ln. 59; 1.140:6; in bkn ctx.: *y]ḥlq mt n rgm wi*]ll be destroyed, ditto, 1.103:18; *w l thlq ḥwt* [ and the land will not be devastated[, 2.73:6.

Cf. **hlq**.

**hlq** adj./n. m. 1) “ruined, spoilt”; 2) “missing” (< /h-l-q/; cf. Akk. *halqu*, “verloren”, AHW 313; “lost, missing”, CAD Һ 50). ¶ Forms: sg. *hlq*.

1) Ruined, spoilt, said of wine turned sour with time: *yn hlq* spoilt wine, 4.213:3 (Aartun UF 16 1984 26; cf. *yn mšb* and Mari Akk.: GEŠTIN SUMUN, cf. ARMT 21 104 f.; cf. *yn t̄b* generous wine, 4.213:1 and *passim* *ibid.* [cf. Mari Akk.: GEŠTIN DÛG.GA, Finet AfO 25 1974–1977 127; Durand ARMT 21 107 ff.], contrasted with *yn d l t̄b* wine which is not of good quality (table wine), 4.213:2 and *passim* *ibid.*).

2) Missing, of persons: PN *hlq* missing, 4.611 II 2 and par.; *kprm hlq* 10 villages: missing: 10, *ibid.* ln. 8; in bkn ctx. 4.613:5, 6, 9.

Cf. /h-l-q/.

**hlš** n. m. “squeezing” / “what is squeezed (draff)” (Akk. *halāšu*, *halšu*, “auskämmen, auspressen”, “ausgekämmt, ausgepresst”. AHW 311, 313; “to press, squeeze out”, “pressed out (said of sesame seeds)”, CAD Һ 40, 50. Bordreuil-Caquot Syria 57 1980 348, “jus”; Del Olmo Fs. Matthiae 113; AuOr 41 2013 217 f. n. 31; Dietrich-Loretz Fs. Xella 21 f.: “Sud”; diff. with metat. Hb. *l̄hš*, “oppression”, cf. *mym l̄hš*, “water as a symbol of oppression (siege)”, HALOT 527; Arab. *lahisa*, “to have fleshy eyelids”, “to be swollen (eyes)”, Hava 682; Ford UF 34 2002 155, 178; Pardee TR/2 877, 885: “oppression” (?); Loretz-Xella MLE 1 43: “Festung”, Akk. *halšu*, *hilšu*; Margalit ZAW 99 1987 400 f.: “to be round” / “(rounded) drinking bowl”, /h-l-š/; Aartun UF 16 1984 25: “geklärter (Wein)”, Arab. *halasa*; De Moor ARTU 184: “purified milk”; for these and other suggestions see Watson NABU 2011/67: “waterskin”, Syr. *hl̄yš*, Aram. *hlš*, Akk. *halīšu*, following Saracino SEL 1 1984 79; also Watson AuOrS 27 95). ¶ Forms: inf. / vb n. *hlš* (/ the product thereof).

To squeeze: *tšt b hlš bl šml* drink from squeezing (/ squeezed) blended beer of dried out draff, 1.169:7.

**hlt** “?”, in bkn ctx.: 1.172:11.

**h<sup>?</sup>ly** TN (?) (unc. classification and rdg. Van Soldt UF 28 1996 669; Topography 21. Astour UF 13 1981 9; Heltzer RCAU 14, 18 n. 55: *ǵl*; Watson LSU 200).

TN (?): 4.244:12(?). Belmonte AuOr 17–18 1999–2000 22; RGTC 12/2: rdg *zly<y>* / \**Zilayā*.

Cf. **ǵl**, **hl** (I), **hl** (III), **zlyy** (I).

**hlyn** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 138, 215. Sivan GAGI 224; Watson AuOr 30 2012 332); ¶ syll.: DUMU *ha-li-ia-na*, PRU 3 139 (RS 16.131):20.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.64 II 9; 4.692:10.4.843:42.

Cf. **ǵlyn**.

**h̄m** n. m. “pavilion, tent” ((?); cf. *h̄ym*, *h̄mt*. Dietrich-Loretz UF 10 1978 60; Xella BH 186 f.); ¶ par.: *mtb*. ¶ Forms: sg. *h̄m*.

Pavilion, tent, in unc. ctx.: *l ḥm g'r tqdm* to the guest (?) pavilion they approached, 1.15 IV 23 (diff. Wyatt RPU 215 n. 172: dittog. *ḥmr*, “winevat”; Watson AuOrS 27 85; KTU rdg: *ḥm mr*; De Moor ARTU 209: “tent of bitterness”). Cf. **ḥmn**, **ḥmt**, **ḥym**.

**ḥmât** n. f. “butter / curd” (Hb. *ḥmʔh*, “sour milk, cream”, HALOT 325; JArAm. *ḥmʔtʔ*, “pressed cream butter”, DTT 475; Akk. *ḥimā/ētu*, “Butter”, AHW 346; “ghee”, CAD H 189 ff.); ¶ **par.**: *ḥlb*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥmât*.

Butter / curd: *ānḥ b ḥmât* (they offered) mint in butter / curd, 1.23:14 (// *ḥlb*).

**ḥmn** (I) n. m. “chapel, small temple” (< /ḥ-y-m/ + n. Nab., Palm. *ḥmn*, “incense altar or chapel”, DNWSI 382; for Ph. DN *bʕl ḥmn* see Del Olmo CCC 99 ff. n. 9; Xella MLE 1 112; BH 169 ff., 187 ff.; SEL 27 2010 27 ff.; Dijkstra-De Moor UF 14 1982 160 f. n. 65). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥmn*, directional suff. *ḥmnh*.

Chapel, small temple: *tn šm ḥmnh* (they shall offer) two rams in the “chapel”, 1.112:3; *tʕln ilm b ḥmn* the gods will go up to the “chapel”, 1.112:8; [š] *bʕ šn ḥmnh* seven ewes in the “chapel”, 1.106:13, cf. 1.48:13; 1.53:5; 1.104:16; š (...) *ḥmnh nkl* one ram (...) in the “chapel” of DN, 1.106:14; *id ydbḥ mlk b ḥmn* when the king sacrifices in the “chapel”, 1.164:1.

Cf. **ḥm**, **ḥmn** (II), **ḥmt**, **ḥym**.

**ḥmn** (II) DN, Hurr. name or divine epithet (Laroche JAOS 88 1968 148; Ug 5 519, 525; Del Olmo CCC 101 16); ¶ **syll.**: cf. PN *ab-di-ḥa-ma-ni*, ÌR-*ḥa-ma-nu*. Gröndahl PTU 230; diff. Sivan GAGI 223: /ḥ-m-m/). ¶ **Forms**: *ḥmn(n)d* (Hurr.: dir. /DN=(ne=)da/).

DN: in Hurr. ctx., *in ḥmn(n)d*, 1.60:6; 1.116:6, 16).

Cf. **ʕbdḥmn**, **ḥmn** (III).

**ḥmn** (III) PN (Hurr. Gröndahl PTU 230; Bordreuil Semitica 32 1982 13).

PN: 4.54:5.

Cf. **ḥmny**.

**ḥmr** n. m. “(sparkling(?)) wine” (Hb., Ph., Aram., Palm. *ḥmr*, “still fermenting) wine”, HALOT 330; DNWSI 383 f.; Arab. *ḥamru*, “wine”, AEL 808 f.; Akk. *ḥamru*, “Wein”, AHW 1559; Emar /ḥamru/, “wine”, Pentiuic Vocabulary 55. Dietrich UF 21 1989 78 n. 63; De Moor SP 75; Lipiński UF 2 1970 84 f.; Dietrich-Loretz UF 4 1972 28; Dijkstra UF 17 1985 149; Loretz UF 21 1989 474; UF 25 1993 254; diff. Dahood RSP 1 186: “wine-bowl, vat”; Lloyd UF 22 1990 180 f.: “some sort of container for wine”, Hb. *ḥmr*; Wyatt RTU 71 n. 9, “winevat”; Watson AuOrS 27 85, but cf. De Moor SP 75, 78); ¶ **par.**: *ḥm*, *msk*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥmr*.

(Sparkling (?)) wine: *ālp kd yqh b ḥmr* they / it took one thousand quarts of *ḥ*-wine, 1.3 I 16 (// *msk*); *w yšt b ḥmr yn āy* drink every kind of *ḥ*-wine, 1.23:6 (// *ḥm*); in bkn ctx.: 4.564:3.

Cf. **ḥmrm**, **ḥmrn**.

**ḥmrm** TN or cult installation (cf. Hurr. *ḥamri*, “un sanctuaire”, Laroche GLH 91;

Hitt. *hamri-*, “Heiligtum”, HW<sup>2</sup> 3 132 f.; Akk. *hamru*, “heiliger Bezirk (des Adad)”, AHw 318; “sacred precinct”, CAD H 70: *hamru* A. Belmonte RGTC 12/2 130: TN; Van Soldt Topography 21; Watson SEL 28 2011 30; diff. De Moor SP 75: PN).

TN or cult installation: *hmrm tt kmr[m* TN/*h.*, six vineya[rds, 4.244:22.

**hmrm** TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 130: TN; Van Soldt UF 28 1996 670: possibly an allom. of *hmrm*; Topography 21; Watson SEL 28 2011 30; diff. Aartun UF 11 1979 24 f., rdg *zmrn*).

TN: 4.683:30.

**/h-m-s/** vb G: “to force” (?) (Hb. *hms*, “to treat violently”, “violence”, HALOT 329. Dahood BiOr 34 1970 362). ¶ **Forms:** pref. *yhms*.

G. To force (?), in bkn ctx.: ]*yhms*[ 6.48:2.

**hmš**, 4.31:4–6, 11; cf. *hmš* (I).

**/h-m-š/** vb D: “to repeat five times” (denom. < *hmš* (I). Eth. *hammasa*, “make five”, CDG 262); ¶ **par.:** /t-d-t/. ¶ **Forms:** D pref. *yhmš*.

D. To repeat five times: *yhmš rgm* he repeated the question five times, 1.16 V 17 (// *ytdt*).

Cf. **hmš** (I).

**hmš** (I) n. num. “five” (Hb., Ph., Pun., Aram., Nab., Palm. *hmš*, “five”, HALOT 331; DNWSI 385; Akk. *hamiš*, “fünf”, AHw 317; “five”, CAD H 66 f.; OSA *hms*, “five”, SD 61; Arab. *hamsa*, “five”, AEL 810; Eth. *ha/ams*, “five”, CDG 262). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hmš* (allom. *hmš* in 4.31:4, 5, 6, 11); f. *hmšt* (cf. also *hmšt*); suff. *hmštm* (encl. -*m* (?)); pl. *hmšm* (cf. *hmšm*).

1) Numeral five: **★a**) elliptical syntagms: *hmš šmn* five (“jars”) of oil, 4.150:2; *hmš šmn w hmš tšdt* five (“jars”) of oil and five of *t.*, 4.150:4–5; *hmš yn* five (“jars”) of wine, 4.149:14; *hmš šl PN* five to PN’s account, 4.381:20, see 4.861:6; PN *hmš* five, 4.775:4; PN *hmšt* five, 4.281:4; *yšbn yspr l hmš l šlmm* one will go back to recite five times in front of the statues, 1.23:57 (Smith RM 103: “he sits, counts to five”); *hmšt d pwt* five of madder, 4.771:3; *pslm hmš*, engravers, five, 4.836:14, see ln. 17; **★b**) genitive syntagms: *hmš ymm* five days, 4.95:10; *hmš kkrm* five talents, 4.709:4, see 4.809:3, 4.867:2; *hmš ktnt* five tunics, 4.402:4; *hmš hrmšt* five sickles, 4.625:7; *hmš ššn*, five sheep, 4.811:7, see 4.790:17; 4.790:17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26; 4.795:11; 4.810:9; 4.810:11; 4.854:6; 4.863:6; 4.182:17; *hmš ydt ušqm* five portions of *š.*, 4.811:8; *hmš dd(m)* five “cauldrons-ful”, 2.89:14; 2.98:13.

2) Compound numerals: **★a**) fifteen: *hmš ššr*, 4.247:29; 4.786:6; 4.790:16; allog. *hmš ššr*, 4.31:4, 5, 6, 11; *hmš ššr yn* fifteen (“jars”) of wine, 4.811:3; *hmš ššrh bt*, 4.810:2, see 4.344:2; *hmš ššrt*, 4.341:6, see 4.861:2; *hmš l ššrt*, 4.658:7; *hmš l ššrh*, 4.777:8; *ššrt hmš*, 4.226:8; twenty-five: *hmš l ššrm*, 4.786:3; *hmšt l ššrm*, 4.779:5; forty-five: *šrbšm (...)* *hmšt kbd*, 3.28:10; **★b**) five hundred: [*m*]š *hmš kbd w*

*krsīm* five hundred and two *k.*, 4.854:1; five hundred: *ḥmš māt*, 4.261:7; 2.80:4; ★c) five thousand: *ḥmš ālp*, 4.337:6; 4.691:1; *ḥmš ālpm*, 4.181:2.

With encl. *-m* (?): *ḥmštm* five (?), 4.834:15 (Bordreuil-Pardee RSOu 14 402: “cinq”; RSOu 18 42: “sens ... inconnu”; cf. *ārbʿtm* (*ārbʿ*) and *tlttm* (*tlt* (I)); but see also Tropper UG 347 and cf. *ibid.* 377).

Cf. /ḥ-m-š/, **ḥmš** (II), **ḥmšm**, **ḥmšt**, **mḥmšt**.

**ḥmš** (II) adj. m. ord. “fifth” (< *ḥmš* (I)). Hb., OArām. *ḥmyšy*, “fifth”, HALOT 328; *ḥmšy*, “fifth”, DNWSI 386); ¶ par.: *tdt*. ¶ Forms: sg. *ḥmš*.

Fifth (ordinal): *b ḥmš* in the fifth (day), 1.41:38; 4.279:5; (he rested) *ḥmš tdt ym* a fifth (and) a sixth day, 1.14 V 5 and par.; *yip ḥm d ḥmš* bake bread (to last till) the fifth (month), 1.14 II 30 and par. (// *tdt yrḥm*).

**ḥmšm** n. num. “fifty” (pl. of *ḥmš* (I)). Hb. *ḥmšym*, “fifty”, HALOT 331; Ph., Pun. *ḥmšm*, OArām., Moab. *ḥmšn*, Nab., Palm., JAram. *ḥmšyn*, “fifty”, DNWSI 386).

¶ Forms: *ḥmšm*.

Numeral fifty: ★a) elliptical syntagms: *ḥmšm yn* fifty of wine, 3.13:23; *ḥmšm ksp* fifty of silver, 3.29:28; 4.338:14; *ḥmšm tlt* fifty of copper, 1.148:20; *tšf mǎ[t]* *ḥmšm* ... nine hundred and fifty ..., 4.805:2; ★b) appositional syntagms: *ḥmšm kd kbd w tlt krsāt* fifty “jars” and three *k.*, 4.808:11; *ḥmšm izml* fifty *l.*, 4.284:2, see 4.809:1; *ḥmšm ḥmr škm* fifty braying donkeys, 4.14:18, see ln. 6, 12; ★c) compound numbers: *ḥmšm arbʿ kbd* fifty-four, 4.803:18; *ḥmšm ḥmš* fifty-five, 4.230:13; fifty-eight: *tmn l ḥmšm dd* fifty-eight “cauldronsful”, 4.796:9, in bkn ctx.: 4.790:3; four hundred and fifty-seven: *ārbʿ māt ḥmšm šbʿt w nšp kbd* four hundred and fifty-seven and a half, 4.779:8; fifty-eight: *ḥmšm tmn*, 4.141 II 24; *tmn l [ḥ]mšm dd* fifty-eight “cauldronsful”.

**ḥmšt** n. f. “five-shekel (?) weight” (f. < *ḥmš* (I)). Del Olmo IMC 160 ff.; Gibson CML 147; diff. De Moor-Spronk UF 14 1982 157: “1/5 shekel”; Verreet UF 19 1987 328; Tropper UG 347, 374; KTU rdg *k mḥmšt*); ¶ par.: *tql*. ¶ Forms: pl. *ḥmšt*.

Five-shekel (?) weight: his tears ran *km ḥmšt mtth* like five-shekel (?) weights onto the bed, 1.14 I 30 (// *km tqlm*; see Del Olmo IMC 160 ff.; but cf. Gzella BiOr 64 2007 545).

Cf. **ḥmš** (I), **mḥmšt**.

**ḥmt** n. f. “tent” (cf. *ḥym*, *ḥm*, *ḥmn*. Arab. *ḥaymat*, “booth, tent”, AEL 837; Eth. *ḥaymat*, “tent, tabernacle”, CDG 269. Dijkstra-De Moor UF 14 1982 160 f. diff. Caquot-Szyncer TOu/1 513 n. l: “bergerie”, Arab. *ḥumm*; Xella BH 184 ff.: “chappelle, baldaquin”). ¶ Forms: sg. *ḥmt*.

Tent: *ʿrb b zl ḥmt* he entered the shade of the tent, 1.14 III 55 and par.

Cf. **ḥm**, **ḥmn**, **ḥym**.

**ḥndlt** n. f., type or colour of cloth (cf. Hitt. SÍG *ḥa-an-ta-la-*, “Wolle-/Leinenbausch” (?), Neu GAR 50; <sup>síG</sup>*ḥandala-*, “(Leinenverband”, Tischler HEG 154.

Laroche Ug 5 136 n. 1; Ribichini-Xella Tessili 38 f.); ¶ **syll. Ug.:** cf. SÍG.ZA.GÌN: *ħa-an-da-la-ti*, Ug 5 48 (RS 20.19):9; Van Soldt UF 22 1990 340 f. ¶ **Forms:** pl. *ħndlt*.

Type or colour of cloth: *ħmšt ħndlt* five (pieces (?)) of *ħ*., 4.182:17.

**ħndrt** n. m. of a fruit tree (“apricot tree, apple tree” (?). Cf. Akk. (*ħ*)*i/enzūru*, “Apfelbaum”, AHW 347; “a fruit tree”, CAD H 170; Mari Hurr. *ħi-in-zu-ru-uš*, “pomme”, Laroche GLH 106 f. Sanmartín AuOr 6 1988 232; Astour Bible World 4; diff. Haas-Thiel UF 11 1979 351; Van Soldt UF 29 1997 688; Cohen-Sivan UHT 22 f., 49, 51; Cohen UF 28 1996 122 f.: Indo-European; for surveys of opinions cf. Renfroe AULS 123; Watson LSU 68, 128). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ħndrt*; du. *ħndrtm*.

A fruit tree: ★**a**) its seedling (?): *l PN/TN* (?) *ħndrt*(*m*) for PN/TN (?): one (/two) *ħ*., 4.34:5, 6; in unc. ctx.; cf. *ibid.* ln. 8; ★**b**) ingredient (seeds / almonds of) in hippiatric pharmacopoeia: mash together *ħndrt w tqd mr* (seeds / almonds of) *ħ*. and bitter almond(s), 1.85:7; 1.71:7; in bkn ctx. 4.34:5, 6 (Cohen UF 28 1996 122 f.).

**/ħ-n-n/** vb D: “to denature, make rancid, unsuitable for use” (?). Cf. Hb. *ħnn*, “to be fetid, loathsome”, HALOT 335; Arab. *ištaħanna*, “to stink”, Hava 186; Syr. *ħanīnā*?, “stinking”, SL 472. De Moor JNES 24 1965 359 f.; Watson UF 40 2008 552, 564; diff. Dietrich-Loretz UF 16 1984 353: “begünstigen”, < \*ħnn; Tropper UG 123, 502: \*ħnn, “gnädig sein”). ¶ **Forms:** D pfc. with suff. *āħnnn*.

D. To denature, make rancid, unsuitable for use (?): *āħnnn w iħd* I will denature (?) it (: oil) and proceed to requisition it, 2.15:9 (cf. Syr. *ħūnatā*?, “rancid oil”, SL 428).

**ħnn** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 231; Watson LSU 167). Cf. *ħnn*.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.170:19; 4.611 II 18.

**ħnnġ** DN: a group of deities (etym. unc.). ¶ **Forms:** *ħnnġd* (Hurr.: direct. /DN=da/).

DN: *ħnnġd tt dqt* to the DN: two ewes, 1.132:9.

**/ħ-n-p/** vb G: “to act perversely” (Hb. *ħnp*, “to be godless, be defiled”, HALOT 335 f.; Arab. *ħanafa*, “to incline, decline”, AEL 658; JPArAm. *ħnp*, “to deceive”, DJPA 209; EA Akk. *ħanāpu*, “Gemeinheit begehen”, AHW 320; “to commit villainy”, CAD H 76: *ħanpa ša iħnupu ana muħħiya* the villainy they committed against me, EAT 288:8. De Moor ARTU 177: D “to treat viciously”). ¶ **Forms:** G pfc. with suff. *yħnpk*.

G. To act perversely, in bkn ctx.: *w yħnpk*[, 1.82:15.

Cf. **ħnp**.

**ħnp** n. m. “impiety, sin” (< /ħ-n-p/. Hb. *ħnp*, *ħnpħ*, “ungodliness”, HALOT 336; cf. Arab. *ħanaf*, “a natural wryness, distorsion”, by enant. “a right tendency”, AEL 658; JPArAm. *ħnp*, “flattery, hypocrisy”, DJPA 209; EA Akk. *ħannipu*,

“Gemeinheit”, AHW 321; “vileness”, CAD Ḥ 80: *ša ḥannipa iteju*, EAT 162:74; *ḥanpa ša iḥnupu*, EAT 288:8; cf. Moran AmL 150. Caquot-Szzyner TOu/1 435 n. e: “colère”, Arab. *ḥanafa*; Margalit UF 1 1983 94f.: “pollution”, Hb. *ḥnp*).

¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥnp*; pl. *ḥnpm* (?).

Impiety, sin, in bkn ctx.: *ḥnp lb[k* the sin of [your] heart, 1.18 I 17; in unc. ctx.: *mmm ḥnpm*, 1.9:15.

**ḥnpt** n. f. “?” (etym. and rdg unc. Herdner TOu/1 563 n. y; Del Olmo MLC 589: “back” > “summit”, rdg *nḥnpt*, cf. Arab. *ḥanafa*, *ʾaḥnaf*; De Moor-Spronk CARTU 140: “be defiled”, rdg *nḥnpt*, N \*ḥnp; Tropper AuOr 13 1965 233: rdg *ln ḥnpt*; Watson LSU 52). ¶ **par.:** *tkm*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥnpt*.

?, in unc. ctx.: *ʕl (...)* *ln [[y]]ḥnpt mšpy*, 1.16 IV 14 (*// l tkm*. Dietrich-Loretz TUAT III/6 1247: “zum höchsten Ruhesitz”, rdg *n{.}ḥnpt*).

**ḥnq(n)** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 276); ¶ **syll.:** cf. (DUMU) *ḥi-na-qa-na*, Syria 15 1934 137 ff. (RS [Varia 3]):1; PRU 4 183 (RS 17.319):16.

PN: *bn ḥnq*, 4.232:25; *bn ḥnqn*, 4.98:20; 4.233:6.

**ḥnqt** n. f. “strangler” (f. act. ptc. of /ḥ-n-q/. Hb. pi. *ḥnq*, “to strangle”, HALOT 336; Ph. q. “to strangle”, DNWSI 389 f.; Syr. *ḥnaq*, “to strangle”, SL 473; Arab. *ḥanaqa*, “to throttle, strangle”, AEL 818; Eth. *ḥanaqa*, “strangle, choke”, CDG 263; Akk. *ḥanāqu*, “pressen, (er)würgen”, AHW 320; “to strangle”, “suffocation”, CAD Ḥ 77 ff. Cf. Xella TRU 80; Watson SEL 10 1993 55). ¶ **Forms:** du. *ḥnqtm*.

Strangler (as a divine epithet): *iltm ḥqntm dqtm* the two strangler goddesses, two ewes, 1.39:18 (cf. 1.102:13).

Cf. **ḥnq(n)**.

**ḥnṣ** PN (etym.unc. Cf. *ḥe-en-ni-ṣu*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) II 267. Watson *Historiae* 4 2007 105).

PN: *ḥnṣ*, 4.853:2.

**ḥny(n)** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 231; Sivan GAGl 204; Hess AmpN 71 ff.):

¶ **syll.:** cf. *ḥa-an-ya*, PRU 3 93 (RS 16.208) rev. 4.

PN: *bn ḥny*, 4.170:17; *bn ḥnyn*, 4.69 VI 19; 4.93 III 2; 4.807:25; 4.819:10.

**ḥnZR (I)** n. m., an official ((?). (Hurro (?))-Akk. *ḥanizarru*, “ein Funktionär”, AHW 321; see *ḥZR*. Caquot-Szzyner TOu/1 247 f. n. g. Cho LDUT 297 ff. diff. De Moor SP 185 ff.: “boar”, c.Sem. *ḥ(n)ZR*, cf. syll. Ug. *ḥu-zi-rù*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) II 25; Dalix Meier *Historiae* 3, 2006 35–64; but cf. Kogan AuOr 21 2003 250; Watson LSU 167: < Hurr. *ḥinzur*, “apple” (?)); ¶ **par.:** *ḡlm*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥnZrk*. 4.807:57.

An official (?): *ʕmk (...)* *tmn ḥnZrk* with you [go] (...) your eight *ḥ.*, 1.5 V 9 (*// ḡlm*); in bkn ctx. *ḥnZr[*, 7.218:3.

Cf. **ḥnZR (II)**.

**ḥnZR (II)** PN (etym. unc. Ward JNES 20 1961 34 f.; Gröndahl PTU 22, 28, 140; De Moor SP 185; Watson AuOr 8 1990 119; AuOr 30 2012 332; Sivan GAGl 231).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.64 II 2; 4.69 I 14; 4.98:16; 4.807:57.

Cf. *h̄zrn*, *h̄zry*.

**hp (I)** n. m. “shore” (Hb. *hwp*, “shore”, HALOT 298; Arab. *hayf*, “side, region, slope”, AEL 832f., cf. *hāffat*, “side of a valley”, AEL 672f.; Eg. *h̄á-pu*, “Ufer”, Helck Bez. 518 (179); Sivan-Cochavi WSVES 10. De Moor SP 90; Watson UF 40 2008 552; UF 42 2010 835; < Luw.-Hitt. *h̄āpa/i*); ¶ **syll. Ug.:** A.ŠĀ.MEŠ [...] *ša hu-up-pa-ti*, PRU 3 148f. (RS 16.178):11; cf. Huehnergard UVST 129; ¶ **par.:** /y-s-ʔ/ (+ *špš*). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hp*, suff. *hph* (?).

Shore: *l̄im hp y[m]* the people of the seashore, 1.3 II 7 and par. (/ / *šât špš*. Xella UF 16 1984 344 n. 48; Dietrich-Loretz UF 22 1990 77: “westliche und östliche Himmelsrichtung”); in bkn ctx.: *hph*, 1.107:32.

**hp (II)** n. m. “a measure” / “object” (?) (etym. unc.). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hp*.

A measure / object (?): *hp ksp*, one *h̄.* of silver, 4.867:8.

/h̄-p-n/ vb G/D (?): “to cover, protect, wrap up” ((?). Ribichini-Xella Tessili 39 n. 32; Durand MARI 6 662). ¶ **Forms:** G/D pref. *yhp̄n*.

G/D (?). To cover, protect, wrap up (?), in bkn ctx.: *kyhp̄n* may he protect (?), 2.23:4.

Cf. **hpn (I)**.

**hpn (I)** n. m./f., a garment or accessory (harness) (etym. unc. Durand MARI 6 662; De Moor JNES 24 1965 361; UF 2 1970 311; Ribichini-Xella Tessili 36 < /h̄-p-n/(?) and cf. Akk. *hubb/pputtu*, “Gewand” (?), AHw 351; “a garment”, CAD H 215. Watson LSU 87, 229; Akk. *hallupu*; Vita TT 329; diff. Rendsburg JAOS 107 1987 628; Soq. *haf* vêtement; Watson UF 42 2010 835; Mari Akk. *h̄āpu*, “to wrap up”; Hb. *hph*, “to cover”); ¶ **RS Akk.:** cf. TÚG.GÚ.È (cf. *hlp̄n*; cf. Van Soldt UF 22 1990 328, 335). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hpn*; pl. *hpnt*; du. *hpnm*.

1) For personal use: **★a**) *ym̄jy (...)* *p lyšb̄l hpn l b̄l<n>y* and, see!, they have had a *h̄.* made for my lord, 2.70:27; *hpn āhd b tqlm* a *h̄.* for two shekels, 4.156:3; *tn hpnm* two *h̄.*, 4.4:4; *yrh̄ nql tn hpn[m]* in the month of MN: two *h̄.*, 4.182:35; *bt ly tn hpnm* cut (?) two *h̄.* for me, 5.11:16; *tl̄t hpn̄t* three *h̄.*, 4.152:5; *spr n̄p̄sm d ys{.}ā b mid(!)h̄ š̄rm hpn h̄mš* list of garments that have been delivered through payment of customs duty: twenty-five *h̄.*, 4.166:2; **★b**) *l PN hpn* for PN: a *h̄.*, 4.188:2 and *passim*; *tt lmd PN l{.}qh̄ hpn̄t* six apprentices of PN have received *h̄.*, 4.188:18, 20; *hpn l āzzlt* a *h̄.* for DN, 4.182:57 (De Moor UF 2 1970 198; Arab. *fzzlt*, DN); **★c**) *hpn d iqn̄i w šmt* a *h̄.* of violet and reddish purple, 4.168:1; *hpn(t) ptt(m) h̄.* of linen, 4.156:5; 4.152:9; 4.190:4; 4.270:7; *hpnt š̄rt* a *h̄.* of wool, 4.152:10; *hpnt dqt* fine *h̄.*, 4.765:4; *w lht hpn* and regarding the letter on the *h̄.*, 2.87:18; *tn hpn̄m h̄<t>dm* two new *h̄.*, 2.87:28; *k l{.}ikt l hpn* regarding your message on the *h̄.*, 2.103:18; *hpn h̄tt* one *h̄.* from TN, 2.109:6.

2) For horses: protective padding, harness (Watson UF 42 2010 835; Hitt. *happ-*, *happutri-*, “to join”, “leather part of harness”; Loretz HippUg 75f.:

“Pferdeschabracke” (?): *ḥpnt ššwm* (sets of) protective padding for horses (?), 4.363:3, 7; *ʾrbf ḥpnt* four (sets of) protective padding, 1.148:19.

**ḥpn** (II) PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 139; Ribichini-Xella Tessili 11; Muchiki Loanwords 211; Watson LSU 167).

PN: 4.609:17.

**ḥprt** n. f. “ewe lamb, ewe” (metath. of the \*ḥur(a)p- pattern, cf. Syr. *ḥurpāʾ*, “yearling”, SL 434; Akk. *ḥurāpu*, “Frühjahrschlamm”, AHw 357 f.; “spring(lamb/kid)”, CAD Ḥ 245; cf. Arab. *ḥarūf*, “lamb”, AEL 726. Del Olmo BSA 7 1993 185 f.; Watson UF 42 2010 835 f.); ¶ **par.:** *kr*. ¶ **Forms:** sg./pl. *ḥprt*.

Ewe lamb, ewe: *ilht ḥprt*, ewe lamb goddesses, 1.4 VI 48 (// *ilm krm*).

**ḥps/šry** PN (etym. unc. Segert UF 15 1983 212; Watson LSU 119 n. 435, 167; Historiae 4 2007 97).

PN:★a) *ḥpsry*, 4.129:2;★b) *bn ḥpʾry*, 4.124:2.

**ḥpšʾ**[, 1.149:3.

**ḥpt** TN (etym. unc.).

TN: 4.810:1.

**ḥptr** n. m. “cooking pot” (Hurro-Akk. *ḥuppat(a)ru*, “ein Gefäß”, AHw 356; “a kind of ewer”, CAD Ḥ 238. Salonen HAM 88; Watson LSU 129; AuOrS 27 85 f.: “incense-burner”); ¶ **par.:** *ḥbrt*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥptr*.

Cooking pot: *štt ḥptr lišt* she placed a cooking pot on the fire, 1.4 II 8 (// *ḥbrt*).

**ḥpty**, cf. *ḥb/pt(y)*.

**ḥpt** n. m. 1) “fugitive, runaway”; 2) a “legionary” or “mercenary” of some kind; 3) “loose cattle, on the loose from the herd” (cf. /ḥ-b-t/; Akk. *ḥupšu*, “angehöriger einer niederen Klasse, oft Soldaten”, AHw 357; “a member of one of the lower social orders”, CAD Ḥ 241 f.; Emar /ḥuptu/, “free men, countrymen”, Pentiuic Vocabulary 78; Hb. *ḥpšy*, “set free”, HALOT 341 f.; Ph. *ḥpš*, “freedman”, DNWSI 397. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 6 1974 26 f.; Dietrich-Loretz UF 14 1982 83 f.; Yamashita RSP 2 51 f.; Rainey RSP 2 92, 103 f.; Ward UF 12 1980 441 f.; Lipiński FO 21 1981 65 ff.; Tropper UF 36 2004 514; Dietrich-Loretz UF 41 2009 116 “Freigelassener”; Hoftijzer Fs Muraoka 265 ff.; Von Dassow NuzHur 17 102 ff. Diff. Aartun UF 16 1984 28: “kraftlos”; Watson LSU 10: “peasant (conscript)”; cf. RS Hurr.: *ḥptml*, 1.149:4; GLH 114; ¶ **par.:** *tnn*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. coll. *ḥpt*, suff. *ḥptḥ*.

1) Fugitive, runaway (member of a social group comprising fugitives, runaways, homeless persons): PN *ḥpt d ytb b TN* “fugitive” who lives in TN, 4.382:25; (oracle) *l ḥpt* concerning the “fugitive”, 1.144:3; *w ḥpt p mnm* and the *ḥ* (and) whosever (other) (?), 2.108:12.

2) A “legionary” or “mercenary of some kind” recruited from the “fugitives”: *ḥpt d bl spr* “legionaries / legionary” (walk/s) without number, 1.14 II 37 and par. (// *tnn*); of a lower category: *lm tlikn ḥpt hndn p mšmšt mlk inn* why

are you sending me these “legionaries”? Isn’t there a royal guard?, 2.72:10 (Hoftijzer Fs. Muraoka 265 ff.); *mlknyšzz šl ḫpṯh* the king will have power over his “mercenaries”, 1.103:57 (cf. Alal. Akk.: ÉRIN.MEŠ *ḫu-up-še-na*, AT 129:1; *passim*).

3) Extended to cattle on the loose from the herd: *bn ḫpṯ l ūmhthm* the young of the loose (cattle low) for their mothers, 1.15 I 6 (cf. Nuzi Akk.: cattle *ša ḫu-up-ši*, HSS 9 143 rev. 10); in bkn ctx.: 4.35:6.

Cf. /ḫ-b-t/, **ḫpṯt**.

**ḫpṯt** n. f. state or group of *ḫpṯ* (abstr. or coll. Hb. *ḫpšyt*, “?”, HALOT 342; diff., Dietrich-Loretz UF 14 1982 84; pl. of *ḫpṯ* in /āt(u)/; for other opinions cf. De Moor SP 185; Dahood Fs. Prado 164; Caquot-Szyzycer TOu/1 220; Loretz UF 9 1977 165; Del Olmo MLC 553; Loretz Habiru 262 f.). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḫpṯt*.

Status or group of *ḫpṯ*, “escaped people, on the loose”; cf. espec. *bt ḫpṯt* reserve or quarters for “escapees” (Alal. Akk.: É *ḫu-up-še-na*, AT 186:4 ff.; *passim*): (descent) *bt ḫpṯt aš* to the netherworld house of “escapees”, 1.4 VIII 7 and par.

**ḫqn** PN (etym. unc. Watson LSU 167).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.658:41.

**ḫqrn**, in bkn ctx.: 1.48:10.

**ḫr** (I) n. m. a) “cave, fossa, tomb”; b) “(nasal) fossa” (Hb. *ḫr*, “hole”, HALOT 348; Syr. *ḫurāʾ*, “hole”, SL 432; Arab. *ḫurr*, “the mouth / hole of the millstone”, AEL 715; Akk. *ḫurru*, “Loch”, AHW 359; “hole”, CAD Ḫ 252 f.; Ebla cf. GIŠ.ḪUR = *ḫu-ri bù-bù-tim*, *ḫu-ru<sub>12</sub> bu<sub>x</sub>(NI)-bu<sub>x</sub>-tim*, VE 468; Fales QuSem 13 178; Conti SQF 136; ḪABRUD = *ḫu-ru<sub>12</sub>-um*, *ḫur-rúm*, VE 839; Kreberník ZA 73 1983 33; Eg. cf. *ḫá-ru*, “Kneipe”, Helck Bez. 519 (184); Watson LSU 140); ¶ **RS Akk.:** cf. the element /ḫur(r-)/ in TNN, cf. Sivan GAGl 230: /ḫurru/. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḫr*.

a) Cave, fossa, tomb: *štrt ḫr*, DN of the tomb(s), 1.43:1; 1.112.13 and par. (Del Olmo A2CISFP 1 367 ff.; UF 36 2004 577; Puech UF 25 1993 327 ff.; cf. Eg. *ša-s-tá-ra ḫá-rú*, *ša-si-tá-ya ḫá-rú*, Helck Bez. 459; Baniyas: 4INANNA(MÜŠ) *ḫur-ri*, Lackenbacher Fs. Birot 159; RS: 4“U”+DAR *ḫur-ri*, PRU 3 171 (RS 16.173):9; PRU 4 230 (RS 18.01), 3, 6; PRU 6 35; diff. Herrmann WO 7 1973 135 ff.; Dietrich-Loretz JA 45 ff.: TN “von Ḫurri”; Teixidor HTR 68 1975 151 ff.; Lackenbacher Fs. Birot 153 ff.: “Hurrian” (> “Syrian / Phoenician”); Kerr WdO 43 2013 206–212: “Aphrodite of the estuary”, Gk *Aphrodītēs limnēsía*, Arab. *ḫaur*); in bkn and unc. ctx.: *mṯ ḫr*, 1.2 I 41 (Wyatt RTU 62: “a noble’s sceptre”; see *infra* rdg *mṯḫr*); b) “(Nasal) fossa”: *w ḫn ḫr āpm* if it has no nasal fossae, 1.103:6, 30, see the spelling *ḫr*, 5.22:1 (Dietrich-Loretz KA 189); in bkn ctx.: *ḫr*, 1.13:17 (Del Olmo MLC 492: “caverna” (?); Heffelfinger UF 43 2011 241: “cave”; diff. Merlis AUL 88 ff.; Watson LSU 87: “vessel” (?), Akk. *ḫarú*; AuOrS 27 95: “jar”).

Cf. ḫrṣbṣ, **ḫrt**.

**ḥr (II)** PN (etym. unc. Watson LSU 167).

PN: 4.278:6; in bkn ctx. 4.11:6; 4.244:33; *bn ḥr*[, 4.441:6. Cf. the spelling *ḥr*, 5.22:1 (Dietrich-Loretz KA 189).

/ḥ-r-ʔ/ vb G: “to defecate” (Syr. *ḥry*, “to defecate”, SL 490; Arab. *ḥariʔa*, “to void one’s excrements”, AEL 715). ¶ **Forms:** G pref. *yḥrũ*; suff. *ḥr[á(?)]* (1.72:12; rdg <y>*ḥr[ú?]*).

G. To defecate: *w k l yḥrũ w l yttn ššw* and if the horse neither defecates nor urinates, 1.85:9 and par.; cf. *k l ḥr[á(?)]*, 1.72:12 (rdg <y>*ḥr[ú(?)]*).

Cf. *ḥrũ*, *ḥrã/i(n)*.

**ḥrã/i(n)** PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 139; Van Soldt SAU 33; Watson AuOr 25 2007 131; LSU 167).

PN: *bn ḥrã*, 4.125:5; *bn ḥrãn*, 4.33:30 (*ilštmfy*); 4.51:10; 4.55:8; 4.90:1.

**ḥrũ** n. m. “faeces, excrement” (cf. /ḥ-r-ʔ/. Hb. *ḥrʔym*, “(dove’s) dung, excrement”, HALOT 348f.; Syr. *ḥeryāʔ*, “excrement”, SL 490; Arab. *ḥurʔ*, “human excrement”, AEL 715. Watson UF 40 2008 553; Eg. *ḥrit*, “dung”). ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥrĩh*.

Faeces, excrement: *yšn b ḥrĩh w tntħ* he soils him with his excrement and his urine, 1.114:21.

/ḥ-r-b/ vb G: “to wither, dry up” (Hb. *ḥrb*, “to dry up”, HALOT 349; Nab., Jaram. pa. “to destroy”, DNWSI 402; Syr. *ḥreb*, “to be destroyed, lay waste”, SL 485; Akk. *ḥarābu*, “wüst werden”, AHW 322; “to lie waste”, CAD Ḥ 87f.; Arab. *ḥariba*, “to be in ruin, waste, uncultivated”, AEL 715 ff.); ¶ **par.:** /ḡ-l-y/, /ḥ-s-p/. ¶ **Forms:** G pref. *yḥrb*.

G. To wither, dry up: *b grn yḥrb* on the threshing-floor (the harvest) had withered, 1.19 I 30 (// *yḡly*, *yḥsp*).

**ḥrb** adj. m. “dry, dried” (cf. /ḥ-r-b/. Hb. *ḥrb*, “dry”, HALOT 349; Pun. “dry”, DNWSI 403; Syr. *ḥarbāʔ*, “deserted”, SL 486; Arab. *ḥarib*, “deserted, uncultivated”; Akk. *ḥarbu*, *ḥarib(a)tu*, “öd, Ödland”, “ödes Gebiet”, AHW 324f.; “waste, devastated”, CAD Ḥ 97; ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥrb*.

Dry, dried: *ḥswn ḥrb* dried thyme, 4.811:13.

**ḥrbġlm** TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 117, 130: \**Ḥarbuġūli*. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 110; Astour UF 13 1981 8f.; NuzHur 1 14 no. 9 n. 16; TopAn 129; Heltzer RCAU 10; IOKU 89 n. 34; OLA 6 487f. n. 224; Kühne UF 6 1974 167 n. 73; Sanmartín SEL 12 1995 180 n. 18; Van Soldt UF 29 1997 691f.; Topography 22, 175; Watson LSU 200; UF 42 2010 827); ¶ **syll.:** cf. possibly URU *ḥar-ba-ḥu-li-bé*, PRU 4 66 (RS 17.62+):15; URU *ḥa-ar-bu[-ḥu-li(?)]*, PRU 6 148 (RS 17.97):3; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 110 n. 1; Nougayrol PRU 6 146; Astour UF 13 1981 9 n. 53).

TN: 3.25:8; 4.625:19.

Cf. *kttġlm*.

**hrd** n. m. 1) “(royal) guard, militia, troop(s)”; 2) “soldier of the guard, militiaman” (< Hurr. *huradi-*, Diakonoff HU 66, 78 n. 78; “soldat”, Laroche GLH 114; > Akk. *hurādu*, “Wachmann, -soldat”, AHW 357, 1562; “a type of soldier”, CAD H 244f.; Hitt. *huradi-*, Opferterminus, Tischler HEG 300. Freydanck AoF 4 1976 111 ff.; Heltzer OrAn 18 1979 245 ff.; Stieglitz JAOS 101 1981 371 f.; Dietrich-Loretz UF 18 1986 113; Vita EU 136 ff.; Márquez AfO 45 1997/98 373 ff.; Van Soldt UF 27 1995 484 f.; Arnaud AuOr 17–18 1999–2000 152; Vidal UF 37 2005 653 ff.; McGeough ERU 117 f.; Watson LSU 140); **RS Akk.:** cf. rdg ÉRIN.MEŠ in 4.784:2, Van Soldt UF 27 1995 485 f.). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hrd*, suff. *hrdk*, *hrdh*, *hrdn*; pl. cstr. *hrd*.

1) (Royal) guard, militia, troops: ★**a**) (royal) guard: PN *šbd mlk d št šl hrdh* royal official placed in command of his guard, 2.47:15; *bšln yğtr hrd* the lord, the guard will attack (him), 1.103:39 (Del Olmo CR 303); diff. Dietrich-Loretz TUAT II/2 98; MU 133 f.: “wird der Herr getötet werden”); *mlkn yd hrdh yd{d}ll* the king, the hand of his guard will humiliate (him), 1.103:46; *hrdn yhp k l mlk* the guard will rebel against the king, 1.103:52; *bn hrnk mjy hbṭ hw hrd w šl hw qrt* your messenger arrived, knocked down the guard (and) plundered the city, 2.61:6; ★**b**) militia, troop(s): *spr hrd* list of the militia, 4.683:1; 4.777:1; 4.784:1; *tgm r hrd* total of the troops, 4.179:15; 4.777:12; *ārb šm yn l hrd* forty (“jars”) of wine for the troops, 4.230:12; ★**c**) *hrd šps* frontier (?) guard: *hrd šps thd kw sšt* the frontier (?) guards have confiscated one *k*. of (grain) *s*., 2.47 B:6, see in bkn ctx. *hrdk šps* [, *ibid.* ln. 2.47 B:8 (cf. *šp/bs*; diff. Dietrich-Loretz UF 19 1987 29; *hrd šps* “der rebellische Wachsoldat”); *āt n hrd šmnh* I will give him *h*. troops 2.98:7, cf. ln 12; *p l līkt l hr[d* but you did not send news on the *h*. troops, 2.98:15; *hrd w hmr[m* troops and donkeys, 2.98:20; *hrd l PN* troops for PN, 2.98:32; in bkn ctx.: 4.627:11.

2) Soldier of the guard, militiaman: *štn hrd ānk* I am now a (recruit of the) guard, 2.16:13.

**hrg**, in bkn ctx.: ]*hrg ššrm*, 4.682:5.

**hrgdg** PN (etym. unc; for the segment *hrj-*, cf. Laroche NH 61 no. 303; for the segment *-dg*, cf. Gelb-Purves-MacRae NPN 257).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.631:16.

**hrhb** DN; god of the summer and father of the goddess *nkl* (etym. unc. Astour NuzHurr 2 50; Watson AuOr 19 2001 290; LSU 129 and n. 514; for the var. opinions cf. Herrmann YN 3; Wyatt UF 9 1977 289 ff.; Dietrich-Loretz Studien 165 ff.).

DN: *hrhb mlk qz hrhb mlk aqzt* DN, king of the summer(-fruit), DN, king (of the season) of weddings, 1.24:2–3.

**hrk** n. m. “latticework” (Hb., Aram., MHb. *hrk*, “lattice”, HALOT 353; DTT 503).

¶ **Forms:** sg. *hrk*.

Latticework: *spr nṣṣ ʾny* (...) *mšpt ḥrk* list of naval equipment: (...) a lattice-work crow's nest, 4.689:4.

/ḥ-r-m/ vb G: "to pierce" (Arab. *ḥarama*, "to perforate, pierce", AEL 730 f. Del Olmo IMC 90; diff. De Moor UF 12 1980 306: "to destroy under the ban", Hb. *ḥrm*, syll. *ḥa-ri-mu*, but. cf. Arab. *ḥarama*); ¶ par.: /h-r-g/. ¶ Forms: G impv. *ḥrm*.

G. To pierce, in bkn ctx.: ] *ḥrm tn ymm* pierce during two days, 1.13:3 (// *hrg*).

**ḥrmln** PN (etym. unc. Benz PNPI 318; Watson AuOr 30 2012 332).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.35 I 12; 4.103:42–43 (Van Soldt SAU 38); 4.807:4, 20.

**ḥrmṯt** n. f. "sickle" (Hb. *ḥrmš*, "sickle", HALOT 355. Healey UF 15 1983 50); ¶ syll. Ug.: cf. 2 URUDU *ḥa-ar-me-ša-tu* GIŠ.MÁ.MEŠ, PRU 6 141 (RS 19.112):3; Huehnergard UVST 130; Sivan GAGl 227; Van Soldt SAU 304; Sanmartín AuOr 5 1987 150; diff. Pardee TR/2 1134: "hache", but see TR/1 466: "faucille"). ¶ Forms: sg./pl. *ḥrmṯt*.

Sickle: *ṯlt ḥrmṯt ṯtm mḥrhn* three sickles whose price is sixty (shekels of copper each), 4.625:1; (...) *ḥrmṯt* (so many) sickles, *passim* *ibid.*; *ʾl PN* (...) *ḥrmṯt* to PN's account: (...) one sickle, 3.23:4, *passim* *ibid.*; in bkn ctx.: *mšbd ḥrmṯt*, 1.86:23; *ḥr]mṯ*, 4.670:4.

**ḥrn** n. m. "gang, squad, caravan" (Akk. *ḥarrānu*, "Weg, Strasse, Reise, Karawane", AHW 326 f.; "highway, road", CAD Ḥ 106. Watson UF 40 2008 553); ¶ par.: *šdbt*. Forms.: sg. abs. *ḥrn*; suff. *ḥrnk*.

Gang, caravan: ★a) *šḥ ḥrn b bhth* he called together a gang in his house, 1.4 V 36 and par. (// *šdbt*; diff. Margalit ZAW 99 1987 395 n. 23: "earth-moving equipment", *ḥrr*); ★b) *bn ḥrn* messenger (Astour AJA 69 1965 258): *bn ḥrnk mḡy* your messenger arrived, 2.61:3 (alt.: rdg *bn ḥrn k mḡy* (...) as for the messenger: when he arrived (...) (cf. *k* (I), *k* (IV)); diff. Dijkstra UF 7 1975 565: "during your journey", Akk. *ḥarrānu*, *mar ḥarrāni*).

Cf. **ḥrn(y)**.

**ḥrn(y)** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 139; Dietrich-Loretz WO 4 1967–1968 302).

PN: 4.33:39 (*ḥbty*); *ḥrny* 4.391:1.

Cf. **ḡrn**.

**ḥrp** n. "mania" ((?) etym. unc. De Moor-Spronk UF 16 1984 244: "insanity", Arab. *ḥaraf*; diff. Caquot SEL 5 1988 39: "chauve-souris", Aram.). ¶ Forms: sg. *ḥrp*. Mania (?), in unc. and bkn ctx.: *bnt ḥrp* "crazy (?) creature(s)", 1.82:18 (Del Olmo AuOr 29 2011 253, rdg *ḥ[...]*).

Cf. **ḥrpn**, **ḥrpnt**.

**ḥrpn** PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 30, 139; Watson *Historiae* 4 2007 95; AuOr 30 2012 332).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.75 IV 6.

**ḥrpnt** n. f. "autumn" (Hb. *ḥrp*, "winter, as time for seed (!) and early growth",

HALOT 356; Akk. *ḥarpū*, pl. t., “(Früh-)Herbst”, AHW 326; “early harvest”, “summer”, CAD Ḥ 106; OSA *ḥrf*, “autumn”, SD 62; Arab. *ḥarīf*, “autumn”, AEL 726. De Moor UF 1 1969 175; Watson UF 42 2012 836). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥrpnt*.

Autumn: *dm zt ḥrpnt* juice of an autumn (> early) olive, 1.114:31.

Cf. *ḥrp*, *ḥrpn*.

/ḥ-r(-r)/ vb G: “to have spasms (of diarrhoea)” (cf. Akk. (*ḥ*)*arāru*, “zittern, flackern”, AHW 65f., 323; “to fear, become agitated, panic-stricken”, CAD A/2 236. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 6 1974 39; Cohen-Sivan UHT 18; Cohen UF 28 1996 119f.; Sanmartín AuOr 6 1988 232; Watson LSU 68f. diff. Pardee TH 51f.: “hennir”, Arab. *ḥarra*). ¶ **Forms:** G suffc./ptc. *ḥr*.

G. To have spasms (of diarrhoea): *k ḥr ššw* if the horse has spasms (of diarrhoea), 1.85:5 and par.

**ḥrs** PN (etym. unc. Watson LSU 167).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.695:5.

**ḥrš** n. m. “gold” (Hb. *ḥrws*, “gold”, HALOT 352; Ph., Pun. *ḥrš*, “gold”, DNWSI 407; Akk. *ḥurāšu*, “Gold”, AHW 358; “gold”, CAD Ḥ 245 ff.; Arab. *ḥurš*, “a ring of gold”, AEL 723; Gk *khrysós*, “gold”, Liddell-Scott GEL 2011; Linear B: *ku-ru-so*, “de oro”, DMic 409; cf. Hurr. *ḥiyaruḥḥe*, “or”, GLH 105); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: *ḥu-r[a-šu]*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) II 4; Huehnergard 130; Van Soldt SAU 304; cf. the elements /ḥarāšu/, /ḥurāšu/ in PNN, Sivan GAGI 228, 230; ¶ **RS Akk.:** (kù+gi)GUŠKIN, cf. Huehnergard UVST 403; ¶ **par.:** *iqnu, ksp*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥrš*, suff. *ḥršm* (encl. -m).

Gold: ★**a**) in general: *tblk (...) gbšm mḥmd ḥrš* may (...) the hills bring you the most precious gold, 1.4 V 33 and par. (// *ksp*); *imthš ksp itrt ḥrš* I fought (for) the silver, I took possession of the gold, 1.3 III 47 (// *ksp*); *yšq ksp yšlh ḥrš* he smelted silver, melted gold, 1.4 I 26 (// *ksp*); *ḥrš yšq trbbt* he smelted gold by the myriad (of shekels), 1.4 I 27; *ḥrš l šbrm kš* (like) gold (were) the dates for the guests, 1.22 I 15 (// *ksp*); *ḥrš nsb l lbnt* the gold had been transformed into bricks, 1.4 VI 34 (// *ksp*); *zł ksp w nr ḥrš* the reflection of silver and the sheen of gold, 1.4 II 28 (// *ksp*); cf. *ḥrš*, 4.738:1, 7; in bkn ctx.: [*i*]rš (...) [*ḥrš w āš*]lḥk ask (...) (gold and) shall grant it to you, 1.17 VI 18 (// *ksp*); ★**b**) in craftwork: *w bn bht ksp w ḥrš* and build a house of silver and gold, 1.4 V 34 and par. (// *iqnūm*); *yšq (...) b gl ḥrš nbt* he poured (...) honey in a cup of gold, 1.14 IV 2 and par. (// *ksp*); *št (...) b ks<sup>1</sup> ḥrš dm ššm* drink (...) (in) cup of gold juice of vines, 1.4 IV 37 and par.; *kt ḫl (...) šmrgt b dm ḥrš* a divine podium (...) coated in a “bath” of gold, 1.4 I 32 (// *ksp*); *nšl ḫl (...) šln yblhm ḥrš* a divine palanquin (...) upon its rods of gold, 1.4 I 37; *bnt (...) hkly dtm ḥrš* I have built (...) my palace of gold, 1.4 VI 38 (// *ksp*); *ḫlt mrkb[t] špyt b ḥrš* three chariots plated with gold, 4.167:2; *špyt b ḥrš nšmm* ] covered / embroidered with good quality gold, 2.79:10; cf. *]xšpyt b ḥr[š*, 2.83:9; *ššrt ḥrš*

*tqlm kbd ššrt mznh* a chain of gold whose weight is twelve shekels, 4.341:1; ★c) as tribute: *šqrb (...)* *w ḥrṣ* offer (...) and also gold, 1.16 I 45; [*k*]s *mn ḥrṣ*, one cup (and) one mina of gold, 3.1:20 (1 GAL KÛ.GI.MEŠ MA.NA KI.LÁ-šu, PRU 4 41 [RS 17.227 and dupl.]:22; cf. Knoppers BASOR 289 1993 87); *ks ḥrṣ* one cup of gold, 3.1:27, 29 (1 GAL KÛ.GI.MEŠ, PRU 4 42 [RS 17.227 and dupl.]:25, 27); [*ḥ*]rṣ *ārgmny* the gold of my tribute, 2.36:6 (cf. ibid. ln. 12); ★d) cultic offering: *ksp w ḥrṣ kmm* silver and gold, ditto, 1.90:4 and par; *tql ḥrṣ l špš* a shekel of gold for DN, 1.43:10, 13; *nskt ksp w ḥrṣ ḥf* an offering of silver and gold, the Noble (alt. “as an offering”), 1.105:22; ★e) in transactions: (her double in silver) *ātn w tltḥ ḥrṣm* I will give, and her triple in gold, 1.14 IV 43 (// *k'spm*); *w ātn (...)* *ālp ksp w rbt ḥrṣ* I will give [...] one thousand (shekels) of silver, ten thousand of gold, 1.24:20–21 (// *ksp*); *tqlm ḥrṣ b tmnt ksp* two shekels of gold for eight of silver, 4.337:20; *ārbḥt ššrt ḥrṣ b tqlm kbd ārbḥm* fourteen (shekels) of gold for forty-two (shekels of silver), 4.341:16; *ššrt ḥrṣ b ārbḥm* ten (shekels of) gold for forty, 4.341:18; ★f) elliptical use, shekel of gold: *ḥrṣ tltt* of gold three (shekels), 1.43:5 (diff. Aartun UF 16 1984 30 f.: “(Palmen)-Zweig”, Arab. *ḥurṣ*, *ḥarṣ*); *ybl hw mīt ḥrṣ* he personally took one hundred (shekels) of gold, 2.72:28; *ārbḥt māt ḥrṣ* four hundred (shekels) of gold, 4.172:8; 4.266:7; *tmnym ḥrṣ* eighty (shekels) of gold, 4.265:6; *mītm ššrm kbd ḥrṣ* two hundred and twenty (shekels) of gold, 4.336:10; *ḥmš ḥrṣ* five (shekels of) gold, 4.341:5 (cf. ln 16, 18); *tlt[m] ḥrṣ* thirty (shekels of) gold, 1.164:16; *mītm ḥrṣ* two hundred (shekels) of gold, 2.99:8; ★g) greenish yellow (a metal / gold): *qh ksp w yrq ḥrṣ yd mqmh* take silver and yellow (metal), gold together with the place in which it is found, 1.14 III 22, see 1.14 III 34 and par. (cf. Qatna Akk. *ḥurāšu arqu*, Bottéro RA 43 1949 17; Hb. *yrqrq ḥrwš*, Ps 68:14; cf. /yrq/); in bkn ctx.: *ht hln ḥrṣ*[..., 2.36:12 (Pardee AfO 29–30 1983–1984 325: “indeed the [or: [your]] gold”); 4.23:3; 4.550:3; 7.135:4.

Cf. ḥrṣbŭ, ḥrṣn.

**ḥrṣbŭ** TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 133 f.: \**Ḥur(i)-šubŭi*. Heltzer RCAU 10, 16 n. 24; Astour UF 13 1981 7 f. n. 37; RSP 2 289 no. 45, 352 no. 151; Wesselius UF 15 1983 315; Van Soldt UF 28 1996 671; UF 30 1998 723, 727; Topography 23, 175; Watson LSU 200; Historiae 4 2007 96); ¶ **syll.**: cf. URU *ḥu-ur-šu-<buŭ>-i*, Ug 5 102 (RS 20.207 A):14; URU *ḥu-u[r]-šú-[bu-i]*, Ug 5 104 (RS 20.144 O):2; URU *ḥu-ri-KIRI*<sub>4</sub>, PRU 3 265; RSOu 7 4 (RS 34.131):8; URU ḤU, PRU 3 189 (RS 10.044):13.

TN: 4.73:8; 4.288:5; 4.346:9; 4.355:15; 4.610:6; 4.693:56<sup>!</sup>; 4.712:1; 4.770:3; 4.800 I 28; 4.810:9; in bkn ctx.: cf. 4.235:10; 4.244:33; 4.629:3 (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 134).

**ḥrṣn** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 30, 136, 140; Lipiński OLA 23 1988 127, 129 n. 26; Watson LSU 167; Bordreuil Fs. Loretz 127 ff.); ¶ **syll.**: cf. *ḥu-ra-ša-na*,

PRU 3 102 (RS 15.109):13; PRU 3 118 (RS 15.155):13; PRU 6 83 (RS 17.430) III 5; cf. DUMU *ḥa-ra-ZI-na*, Syria 18 1937 246 (RS 8.145):11; *ḥa-ru-ZI-en-ni*, Syria 15 1934 137 (RS [Varia 3]):11, 22; cf. Sivan GAGI 230. Cf. *ḥrzn* PN.

PN: ★a) 4.816:2; 6.10:1 (*rb khnm*; cf. Bordreuil Fs. Loretz, 127 ff.: 6.10); ★b) *bn PN*, 4.278:4.

**ḥrṣ/zp** n. m. “ankle, meton. for foot”; articulation, joint (Hb. *ḥrṣb*, “bonds”, HALOT 356. Caquot SDB 9 1412; Pardee AfO 33 1986 134; Dietrich-Loretz MU 125 f.: “Gelenk”, but cf. Pardee Fs. Fitzmyer 84 f. diff. De Moor ARTU 131: “on tiptoe”; rdg. *ḥrṣf* [Pardee AfO 33 1986 132; Marrassini LEM 133 f.: “paw”, cf. Syr. *karsūṣāʿ*?, “joint”, SL 656; Arab. *kursūṣ*, AEL 2999; Akk. *kursinnu* AHW 511; for a survey of opinions see Wyatt RTU 164 n. 13; Dietrich-Loretz Studien 55); ¶ **par.**: *pṣn*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥrṣp*, suff. *ḥrṣph*.

Ankle < foot, articulation: *ngthm* (...) *il hd b ḥrṣ[[f]]ph* approach them (...) did the god DN on foot, 1.12 I 41 (Del Olmo AuOr 25 2007 158: “por su pie”); *w in ḥrṣp b kr[f]* if it has no articulation in the knuckle, 1.103:27.

**ḥrṣh** n. m. 1) “bowl for burning perfume”; 2) “large brazier” (< Hurr. *aḥrušhi-*, “encensoir”, Laroche GLH 38; Ug 5 506; “Weihrauchgefäß”, HW<sup>2</sup> 1 46, HEG 5; alph. Hurr. cf. *āgrthnd* (det., dir.), 1.125:14; Goetze JCS 22 1968–1969 17; De Moor UF 2 1970 321; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 6 1974 28; Heltzer GPOTU 50; Xella TRU 41; Kammenhuber Or 55 1986 105 ff.; Akk. *aḥrušḥu*, “a container”, CAD A/1 194; Watson LSU 129; AuOrS 27 86). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥrṣh*.

1) Bowl (for burning perfume): *mīt ḥrṣh b tqlm* one hundred (perfume burning) bowls for two shekels, 4.341:19.

2) Large brazier (cf. alph. Hurr.: *āgrthnd*, “DN” + det., dir.), 1.125:14 (cf. Ug. (DN) *ūtḥt*, 1.47:31; 1.118:30; RS Akk.: <sup>d</sup>DUG.BUR.ZI.NÍG.NA, Ug 5 18 (RS 20.24):30); *š šrp w šp ḥrṣh* one ram as a burnt offering and one white ewe (in) the brazier, 1.105:2.

Cf. **uḥt**.

**ḥršn (I)** n. m. “(divine) mountain”, dwelling of the god El (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 135: <sup>\*</sup>*Huršanu*. Akk. *ḥuršānu*, pl. t., “Gebirge”, AHW 360; “mountain”, CAD H 253 ff. Clifford CMC 39 ff.; Wakemann GBM 90; Van Soldt UBL 11 370 n. 29; cf. Hitt. TN *Huršana*, Del Monte(-Tischler) RGTC 6 128, 6.2 45; Watson SEL 28 2011 26); RS Akk.: cf. <sup>d</sup>HUR.SAG *ḥa-zi*, Ug 5 18 (RS 20.24):14; ¶ **par.**: *gr*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥršn*.

TN in myth: 1.1 II 23 and par.

**ḥršn (II)** PN (Sem. Cf. Gröndahl PTU 30, 140. Watson AuOr 11 1993 216); ¶ **syll.**: DUMU *ḥu-ur-ša-na*, PRU 6 135 (RS 17.134):2.

PN:★a) 4.222:13;★b) *bn PN*, 4.63 III 40; 4.715:17.

**ḥrt** n. f. “cave, grave” (cf. *hr*. Akk. *ḥirītu*, “Graben”, AHW 348; “ditch, canal”, CAD H 198 f.; cf. Emar Akk. *ḥi-ri-TI*, “?”, Pentiuic Vocabulary 70. Gordon Syria 33 1956

102 f.; De Moor SP 184; Watson NUS 26 1981 12: Eg. *ḫrt*); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: É: *ḫi-ri-ti*, PRU 3 53 f. (RS 15.85):17; Huehnergard UVST 129; Sivan GAGl 229; Van Soldt SAU 304; Watson LSU 140). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḫrt*.

Cave, grave: *âštn b ḫrt ilm ârṣ* I shall put him in the cave of the underworld gods, 1.5 V 5 and par., formula in myth and epic for the burial of gods and heroes (cf. /q-b-r/, 1.19 III 6 and par.); PN *bšl ḫr[t]* gravedigger, 4.224:6 (cf. *bšl* (I)); in unc. ctx.: ]/ *ḫrt w riš btn*, 1.175:11.

/ḫ-r-ṭ/ vb G: “to pull out, pull up, pluck” (Arab. *ḫaraṭa*, “to rub, put out the leaves”, “to remove the bark or peel”, AEL 723 f. Akk. *ḫarātu*, “abfressen” (?), AHW 324; but see CAD Ḫ 96: “to observe”. Parpola SAA 1 no. 103:9 note).

¶ **Forms:** G pref. *yḫrt*.

G. To pull out, pull up, pluck: *yḫrt yšt l pḫm* he plucked (it and) placed it on the embers, 1.23:38.

**ḫry** GN m. “Hurrian” (Hurr. *ḫurruḫe*, “Hourrite”, GLH 115; Hb. *ḫry*, “Hurrians”, HALOT 353; cf. KUR URU ḪUR.RI, Ungnad Subartu 130; Eg. *ḫá-rú*, “Hurriter, hurritisch”, Helck Bez. 269 f. Edzard-Kammenhuber RIA 4 508 ff.; Astour RSP 2 288 f. no. 44); ¶ **syll.**: cf. KUR *ḫur-ri*, PRU 3 183 (RS 16.146+):10, 11.; ¶ **par.**: *âlty*, *ddmy*, *ḫty*, *qty*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḫry*.

GN: *û l p ḫry* or according to the (custom of) / what betrays (?) the Hurrian, 1.40:29 and par.; 1.84:4 and par. (/ *âlty*, *ddmy*, *ḫty*, *qty*); in bkn ctx.: 1.40:37; 1.43:22; 4.11:6.

**ḫsn** (I) n. m., a social group (“clientele, dependent(s)” (< Hitt. *ḫaššana-*, “familiaris”, Tischler HEG 197. Rainey JNES 24 1965 25: “in charge of storehouses or other strongholds”; Liverani RSO 44 1969 195; Aartun UF 16 1984 26 ff.: “Erniedrigter (d.h. auf eine tiefere Rangstufe gestellte Person)”, Arab. *ʿaḫšana*; diff. Cutler-Macdonald UF 8 1976 33: “seasoned campaigners”, Hb. *ḫsn*; McGeough ERU 118 f.; Watson *Historiae* 10 2013 38); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. the element /ḫusēn-/ in PNN; Huehnergard UVST 252 n. 165. ¶ **Forms:** pl. *ḫsnm*. A social group/class (clientele, dependents): *spr ḫsnm dt b TN* list of “dependents” present in TN, 4.542:1; listed with other classes: *mḏrglm*, 4.137:10; 4.163:13; 4.173:8; *mrum*, 4.137:8; 4.163:4; 4.173:6; 4.179:7; *tnnm*, 4.137:1; 4.163:2; 4.173:1; 4.174:2; 4.179:2; in bkn ctx. 4.162:1, 2.

Cf. **ḫsn** (II).

**ḫsn** (II) PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 28, 140); ¶ **syll.**: cf. DUMU *ḫu-ZI-na*, PRU 6 83 (RS 17.430) III 3. Huehnergard UVST 252 n. 165.

PN: ★a) (?) 1.79:2, 3, 5; ★b) *bn PN*, 4.35 I 23; 4.844:6.

Cf. **ḫšn**, **ḫzn**

/ḫ-s-p/ vb G: “to sink down, wilt” (cf. Ph. *ḫsp* (h)itp. “to be broken”, DNWSI 393; Arab. *ḫasafa*, “to sink, go away”, AEL 738. Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 201 n. 243; Friedrich-Röllig PPG 18 n. 2); ¶ **par.**: /ḫ-r-b/. ¶ **Forms:** G pref. *yḫsp*.

G. To sink down, wilt: *yǫlyyḥsp ḫb* the fruit / bud has lost its aspect and wilted, 1.19 I 31 (// *yḥrb*).

/ḥ-s-r/ vb G: “to fail, be missing, lacking” (Hb., OArām., Palm. *ḥsr*, “to decrease, lessen”, HALOT 338; “to lack, to be in want of”, DNWSI 394; Arab. *ḥasira*, “to lose, suffer a diminution”, AEL 736 f.; Eth. *ḥasra*, “to be reduced to poverty”, CDG 265 f.; Akk. *ḥa/esā/ēru*, “abbrechen, -blättern”, AHw 329; “to blunt, chip, trim”, CAD Ḥ 176). ¶ **Forms:** G suffc. *ḥsr*, *ḥsrt*; prefc. *yḥsr*.

G. To fail, be missing, lacking: *npš ḥsrt bn nšm* my appetite was lacking human beings, 1.6 II 17 (Del Olmo MLRSO 114; Smith UNP 155); *d ḥsrt* what you lack, 2.41:17; *mnm ḥsrt* all that I lack, *ibid.* ln. 20; *d[rʿ l] ādny l yḥsr* may offspring not be lacking to my lord, 2.39:9; *nšmn yḥsr lh* well-being will be lacking to him, 1.163:13 (Dietrich-Loretz MU 171, 189); in unc. ctx.: *šlm mḥšm ḥsr*, 6.48:4 (Dietrich-Loretz ESTU 7: “sodann die Schläger lass Mangel erleiden!”); in bkn ctx.: *ḥsr*, 2.85:34.

**ḥsr** n. m. “deficit”, arithmetical functor of subtraction, “minus”, “-” (< /ḥ-s-r/. Hb. *ḥsr(wn)*, “want, deficit”, HALOT 338 f.; Arām. *ḥwsrn*, “deficit, lack”, DJPA 192; Arab. *ḥusr(ān)*, “loss”, AEL 736 f. Tropper UG 313, 413: “minus”, opposite to *kbd* (II)). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥsr*.

Deficit, functor of subtraction, “minus” (in the commercial sense): *lḥ ḥsr b šbʿ ddm* one *l*. (of flour) in deficit in seven “cauldronsful”, 4.361:3; *kd šmn ḫʿt ḥsr* a “jar” of oil from lees in deficit, 3.28:5; 3.29:8; *kd šmn mlḥm ḥsr* a “jar” of oil, two *m*. in deficit, 3.28:8; 3.29:12; in bkn and unc. ctx.: ... *mīḥ ḥʿsr kkrm ālpm*, 4.721:5.

Cf. **mḥsrn**.

/ḥ-s-s/ vb G: “to remember”; D/L: “to remind” / “to excite” (Akk. *ḥasāsu*, “gedenken, sich erinnern”, AHw 329 f.; “to think of”, CAD Ḥ 122 ff.; Arab. *ḥassa*, “to be compassionate, to feel”, AEL 563; cf. (?) Eth. Geʿez *ḥosa*, “to move, shake”, Tigr. *ḥasosa*, “to move”, CDG 250. Caquot-Szyncer TOu/1 205; Tropper UG 123, 577). ¶ **Forms:** G prefc. *tḥss*; D/L prefc. with suff. *yḥssk*.

G. To remember: *w tḥss ātrt ndrḥ* DN remembered his vow, 1.15 III 25. In bkn ctx.: ]*tbr ḥss š*[, 2.31:18.

D./L. “to remind” > “to revive” > “to arouse”: *hm yd ḫ mlk yḥssk* perhaps the love of DN, the king, has aroused you?, 1.4 IV 39.

**ḥss** DN, second element in the name of the god of technical achievements *ktr* (*w*) *ḥss* (Akk. *ḥasīsu*, *ḥassu*, “klug, verständig”, AHw 331; “intelligent”, CAD Ḥ 127 f.; Ebla cf. /ḥasīsu(m)/ in GÈŠTUG = *ḥa-zi-zu-um*, *ḥa-zi-zú*, VE 389; Krebernik ZA 73 1983 15; Fronzaroli EL 142; StEb 7 1984 167. Van Selms UF 11 1979 741; Lipiński UF 20 1988 138; Watson AuOr 30 2012 332).

DN: (*ktr w*) *ḥss* (*passim*); *ktr ḥss šlm* DN, hail!, 1.123:28; cf. *hlk ktr* (...) *tdrq ḥss*, 1.17 V 11; *ktrm ḥbrk w ḥss dštk*, 1.6 VI 50; *ql bl šm ktr w ḥss kptrḥ* take (the / my)

cry to DN, in TN, 1.100:46; *hyn* (...) *hss*, 1.4 I 24; *hśś*, 4.815:14; in bkn ctx.: *kt]r w h'ss*, 1.179:11; *hssm*, 1.92:17 (suff. encl. *-m* (?)).

**hśś PN** (Watson AuOr 30 2012 332).

PN. 4.817:14

Cf. **hss**.

**hś/św(n)** n. m., an edible substance (a kind of “garlic” or “onion” (?)). Farber ZA 81 1991 234 ff.; Watson SEL 12 1995 227 f.; cf. Akk. *azannu*, *hazuannu*, Bo. Akk. *azzannu*, “eine Pflanze”, AHW 92, 338; “bitter garlic”, CAD A/2 526; Farber ZA 81 1991 238 n. 20a.; Hitt. *hazzuwanniš*, “eine Pflanze”, Tischler HEG 235; Ebla cf. *ha-za-núm*, cf. Civil Biling. 86; Stol BSA 3 1987 58 f.; Farber ZA 81 1991 238; *ha-sa-nu*, cf. Pettinato Rituale 200; *ha-su/zu-wa-an(-nu)*<sup>ki</sup>, ARET 1, 3, 4, 7, indexes; Bonechi-Catagnoti NABU 1990/23 f.; Astour NuzHur 2 11 f., 26. Hoffner JCS 25 1973 234: “lettuce”; Segert UF 15 1983 212: /*hasuwan-*/; Tropper UF 27 1995 514; Astour UF 29 1997 40 ff.; Rubio JAOS 121 2001 273 n. 29; Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 308, “thyme”; diff. Merlis AUL 9 ff.: “a color that often qualifies wool”, Akk. *hašmānu*, RS Akk. *husmānu*, “also a fruit or vegetable by virtue of its colour”; for a survey see Watson LSU 87, 121).

¶ **Forms:** sg. *hś/św(n)*.

An edible substance: *mīt hsw<n>* (?) one hundred (of) *h.*, 4.60:2; *ārbś māt* four hundred (of) *h.*, 4.14:3, ] *hśwn*, *ibid.* ln. 11; *tltm dd* (?) *hswn* thirty “cauldronsful” (?) of *h.*, 4.4:9, 11 (McGeough UgET 489 f.); *hswn hrb* dried *h.*, 4.811:13; in bkn ctx.: 4.786:9.

Cf. **hswn**.

**hswn PN** (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 30, 141; Dietrich-Loretz(-San- martin) UF 5 1973 108; UF 10 1978 431; Watson LSU 121).

PN: ★a) 4.44:26; ★b) *bn PN*, 4.232:32.

**hsyn PN** (?) (Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 6 1974 27; Belmonte RGTC 12/2 219: *pdr hsyn*).

PN (?), element in the composite TN *pdr hsyn*, 4.19:2.

Cf. **pdr (I)**.

**hśú**, 1.164:19; misspelling of *y'sśú*.

Cf. /*y-š-ʔ*/.

/h-š-b/ vb Gt: “to fight” (Hb. *hšb*, “to cut”, HALOT 342; cf. Akk. *hašābu*, “abbrechen”, AHW 331; “to cut, break off”, CAD H 129); ¶ **par.:** /m-h-š/. ¶ **Forms:** Gt pfc. *thšb*.

Gt. To fight: *thšb bn qrytm* she fought between (the) two cities, 1.3 II 6 and par. (// *tmthš*).

Cf. **thšb**.

**hšt** n. f. “half” (Hb. *hšy*, *hšwt*, “half, middle”, HALOT 343; Ph., Pun., OArām. *hšy*, “half”, DNWSI 399; cf. Akk. *ešú*, “einschneiden”, AHW 253; “to slit”, CAD E 351).

Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 143). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥṣṭ*, suff. *ḥṣṭh*.

Half: *šnpt ḥṣṭh* as a š.-offering, half of it, 1.39:10; *ḥṣṭ' kkr*, half a talent, 4.131:5 (Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 88 f.); in bkn ctx.: *l'ḥṣṭ* [to DN, half ..., 1.136:11.

**ḥṣṭ**, 4.131:5 (*ḥṣ*[[*t*]]).

Cf. **ḥṣṭ**.

/ḥ-š/ vb G: “to tremble, be alarmed”, “fear” (Akk. *ḥāšu*, “sich sorgen”, AHw 334f.; “to worry”, CAD H 146 f.; cf. Arab. *ḥāsa*, “to be altered”, Hava 191. Clifford CMC 146 n. 65; Roberts JBL 106 1987 36; diff. De Moor SP 165; Margalit MLD 64 f.: “to enter, invade”, Arab. *ḥašša*; Van Zijl Baal 150 f.: “to hasten”, Hb. *ḥwš*, Akk. *ḥāšu*, but cf. Ug. /ḥ-š/; Tropper UG 626: < \*nḥš, “Zurückweichen”). ¶ **Forms:** G prefc. *āḥšn* (encl. -n (?)), *ṭḥš*.

G. To tremble, be alarmed: *ib hd*[[*x*]]{*t*} *lm ṭḥš lm ṭḥš ntq dmrn* enemies of DN, why are you alarmed, why do you fear the darts of the “Powerful One”?, 1.4 VII 38–39; in unc. ctx. and rdg: *ḡrm āḥšn*, 1.4 VII 32 (Smith-Pitard UBC/2 647, “the mountains trembled”, rdg *ṭḥšn*, see ln. 38–39).

Cf. /ḥ-š/ (II).

**ḥš** DN / TN, divine mountain, residence of the god Baal (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 127 f.: \**Hazzi*; poss. an alloph. of *ks*. Nougayrol Ug 5 47 f.; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 524; Del Olmo AuOr 10 1992 255; Astour UF 29 1997 1ff.; Del Olmo-Sanmartín AuOr 13 1995 259 ff.; ¶ **RS Akk.:** <sup>d</sup>ḤUR.SAG *ḥa-zi*, Ug 5 18 (RS 20.24):14; 170 (RS 26.142):22; <sup>d</sup>IŠKUR ḤUR.SAG *ḥa-zi*, PRU 4 48 ff. (RS 17.340+):40; PRU 4 63 ff. (RS 17.237+):60; PRU 4 69 (RS 16.276):21; PRU 4 137 f. (RS 18.06+):7; PRU 4 227 f. (RS 17.429):2; PRU 6 58 (RS 17.243):3; <sup>d</sup>U <sup>d</sup>ḤUR.SAG *ḥa-zi*, Ug 5 170 (RS 26.142):19; <sup>d</sup>IŠKUR EN(/*be-el*) ḤUR.SAG *ḥa-zi*, PRU 3 76 (RS 16.144):12; PRU 3 83 f. (RS 16.157):27; PRU 3 107 f. (RS 16.238):18; Ug 5 18 (RS 20.24):4.

DN / TN: *ḥš ḥš ḥš* the god of the divine (mountain) TN, DN, 1.65:9 (cf. DN / GN *ṭb ḥzḡ*, Hurr. 1.42:10; diff. Pardee TR/1 367, 372, 1132: “le dieu qui montre la sollicitude”).

Cf. **ks**, **špn**.

**ḥšm**, 1.123:30, rdg *ḥšṭ*. Cf. *ḥšṭ*.

**ḥṣṭ** n. f. “sepulchre, mausoleum” (Akk. *ḥaštu*, “Loch, Grube”, AHw 334; “hole, grave, pit”, CAD H 143. Sawyer-Strange IEJ 14 1964 97; De Moor UF 1 1969 171 n. 19; Margalit UF 8 1976 148; Sanmartín UF 10 1978 454; Watson LSU 87, 121; diff. Del Olmo MLC 554: “pórtico”, Arab. *ḥašša*; Watson UF 31 1999 788: “hearth”, Hitt. *ḥešša*; Herdner TOu/1 549 n. c “demeure”; Groddek UF 33 2001 213 ff.: “Totentempel”, Loretz UF 33 2001 377 ff.: “Totenheiligtum”); ¶ **par.:** *bt* (II). ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥṣṭk*.

Sepulchre, mausoleum: *k ḥnr āp ḥṣṭk* like a dog at the entrance to your

sepulchre, 1.16 I 3 and par.; *ú ḫštk l ntn štq* or your sepulchre has become a perpetual lament?, 1.16 I 4, 18; II 41; *šlm ū ḫšt'*, Hail, gods of the mausoleum!, 1.123:30 (cf. Del Olmo CR 289 n. 403; but rdg KTU: *ḫšm*).

**ḫt** TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 120 ff.: \**Ḫatti*; < Hitt. /ḫatt(i)/, KUR. URU *ḪA-AT-TI / ḪAT-TI*, Güterbock RIA 4 373 f.; Tischler HEG 223 f.; Hurr. URU *ḫa-at-ti-ni-i/e*, GLH 98. Astour RSP 2 289 f. n. 46, 147 f. n. 147); ¶ **syll.:** KUR(.URU) *ḫa-at-ti*, *ḫa/ḫat-ti*, cf. PRU 3 265; PRU 4 254; PRU 6 146; Ug 5 335; RSOu 7 137.

TN: *hm ḫt šl* if Hatti attacks, 2.30:16; *tpllm mlk r[b mlk ḫt* PN the Great King, the King of Hatti, 3.1:16 (thus KTU, but cf. Knoppers BASOR 289 1993 83; rdg *tpllm mlk r[b ...]*); *dt ybl b ḫt* that he brings to the TN, 4.863:5, see ln. 3; in bkn ctx. *hmlt ḫt*, 1.83:12; 2.21:22.

Cf. **ḫty**.

/ḫ-t-ʔ/ vb N “to be ground up, crushed, annihilated” (cf. Akk. *ḫatû*, “niederschlagen”, AHW 336; “to smite”, CAD Ḫ 151. Van Zijl Baal 201). ¶ **Forms:** G. inf. *ḫtû*, in the rhetorical figure *ḫtû nḫtû*; N suffc. *nḫtû*; pref. *tḫtân*; inf. <n>*ḫtû* (rdg sic for *ḫtû* in 1.6 II 23).

N. To be ground up, crushed, annihilated: *k llî b tbrn qnh tḫtân* like a sucking lamb in the opening of his oesophagus you shall remain ground up, 1.4 VIII 20, see 1.6 II 23: *k llî b tbrn q<n>y <n>ḫtû hw*, ... he was ground up; *šm št ḫtû nḫtû ht hm in m<n>m nḫtu* I have heard that they have been overwhelmingly crushed; well, if they have not at all been crushed ..., 2.10:7–10 (diff. Pardee Fs. Pope 1987 67: *ḫtû*, “blows” (n. cstr. pl.)).

**ḫtb** PN (etym. unc. Watson LSU 167 f.).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.356:2.

Cf. **ḫtpy**.

**ḫtm** PN (?) (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 276).

PN, in bkn ctx.: *ḫtm rb*[, 2.25:7.

/ḫ-t-n/ vb G/D: “to become a son-in-law, to marry” (< denom. Ug. \*/ḫatnu/; cf. *ḫa-at-ni* PN, PRU 3 142 [RS 16.136]:5; PRU 3 233; Huehnergard UVST 130; Sivan GAGI 228; Hb. hitp. “to intermarry with”; Hb., OArām., Nab. *ḫtn*, “father / mother-in-law”, “daughter’s husband”, “bridegroom”, HALOT 364; “son-in-law, brother-in-law”, DNWSI 414; Syr. pa. *ḫtn*, “to take a woman as wife ...”, etpa. “to become related by marriage”, *ḫatnā*?, “bridegroom, son-in-law”, SL 505; Arab. *ḫātana*, “to ally by marriage”, *ḫatan*, “any relation on the side of the woman”, AEL 704; Akk. and RS Akk. *ḫat(a)nu*, “Verschwägerter”, AHW 335 f.; *ḫatānu*, “relative by marriage, -in-law”, CAD Ḫ 148; cf. Emar /ḫuttanu/, “protection”, Pentiuoc Vocabulary 79 f. Herrmann YH 15; Van Zijl Baal 226 f.); ¶ **par.:** /t-r-ḫ/. ¶ **Forms:** D impv. *ḫtnm* (encl. -m); inf. / vb n. + suff. *ḫtny* (cf. *ḫtn* (I)).

G/D. To become a son-in-law, to marry: *l ḫtnm b šl* make yourself a son-in-law

of DN!, 1.24:25–26 (// *trḥ*. Rahmouni DEUAT 184f.).

**ḥtn (I)** n. m. “relationship by marriage, wedding” (< inf./vb n. /ḥ-t-n/; Can. *ḥatnūtu*, Hb. \*ḥtnh, “wedding”, HALOT 365; Watson *Historiae* 10 2013 38f.);

¶ **par.:** /t-r-ḥ/. ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥtny*.

Relationship by marriage, wedding: *ʿmn nkl ḥtny* with DN is my wedding, 1.24:32 (// *ytrḥ*).

**ḥtn (II)** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 27, 276, 301); ¶ **syll.:** cf. *ḥu-ut-ta<sup>1</sup>-na*, Syria 16 1935 196 (RS 6.345):3 (Berger WO 5 1969–1970 276); *ḥu-ut-te-nu*, PRU 3 95 (RS 16.246):4 and *passim* *ibid.*; PRU 6 56 (RS 17.121) rev. 8; *ḥu-ud-da-na*, RS 23.22+ VI 14 (Van Soldt SAU 341 n. 185).

PN: 4.269:20, 23, 27; 4.839:10.

/ḥ-t(-t)/ vb G: “to break, yield” (Hb. *ḥtt*, q. “to be shattered, filled with terror”, vb n. “to be broken to pieces”, HALOT 365. Ward JNES 20 1961, 35; Eg. *ḥtī*; Watson UF 40 2008 553); ¶ **par.:** /l-ʔ-y/w/, /m-t/. ¶ **Forms:** G suffc. *ḥt*, *ḥtt*.

G. To break, be overcome, yield: *mt dm ḥt* DN, thus, yielded, 1.16 VI 13 and par. (// *lāt* (!)); in bkn ctx.: *yd[y] ḥtt* my hand(s) yield(s) (?), 1.2 IV 1 (// *mtt*); *āl ḥtt* [...] 1.176:26.

**ḥtt** n. m. “?”, in bkn ctx. (cf. /ḥ-t(-t)/. Hb. *ḥt(t)*, “terror”, HALOT 365. Bordreuil-Caquot Syria 57 1980 351). ¶ **Forms:** sg. (?) *ḥtt*[-]; suff. *ḥttk* (alloph. of *ḥtt* (?)) ?, in bkn ctx.: *āl ḥtt* [, 1.176:26; ]*ḥttk* [, 1.176:27.

**ḥty (I)** GN m. “Hittite” (< *ḥt*, TN. Cf. Akk. *ḥattu*, AHw 336; CAD Ḥ 151; Hb. *ḥty*, HALOT 363f.; cf. Hurr. *ḥattuḥi*, GLH 98; Hitt. LÚ/DUMU URU *ḤATTI*, Güterbock RIA 4 373. Astour RSP 2 289f.); ¶ **par.:** *altḫ*, *ddmy*, *ḥry*, *qṭy*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥty* (f. *ḥtyt*, cf. *ḥtyt*).

GN: *u l p ḥty* or according to the custom of / what betrays (?) the Hittite, 1.40:29 and par.; *kd l ḥty māḥdh* a “jar” for “the Hittite of TN”, 4.149:4 (Sanmartín UF 21 1989 341; Del Olmo-Sanmartín Fs. Loretz 190 [god]; Pardee, JANER 7 2007 72 [man]); cf. *kdm l ḥty* two “jars” for “the Hittite”, 4.216:9.

**ḥty (II)** PN: cf. *ḥd/ty(n)* PN.

**ḥtym** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 276); ¶ **syll.:** cf. DUMU *ḥa[-ti-ia-m]<sup>a</sup>*, PRU 6 83 (RS 17.430) III 22.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.687:4.

**ḥtyn** PN; cf. *ḥd/ty(n)*.

**ḥtyt** GN f. “Hittite (people (?))” (< *ḥty*). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥtyt*.

GN: *ḥmš ddm l ḥtyt* five “cauldronsful” for the Hittite (people (?)), 4.269:3.

/ḥ-ṭ/ vb G: “to wake up, come to” (Akk. *ḥiātu*, *ḥât/du*, “überwachen, wägen”, AHw 343; “to watch over”, CAD Ḥ 159 ff. Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 209; diff. Greenfield BSOAS 57 1994 90 n. 23; “to see”, Akk. *ḥātu*, Aram. *ḥyt*). ¶ **Forms:** G prefc. *yḥt*.

G. To wake up: *krt yḥt w ḥlm* PN woke up and it was a dream, 1.14 III 50 (diff. Margalit ZAW 99 1987 399: “awoke”, \*ḥt? + elision of aleph).

**ḥt** n. m./f. (?) “sceptre, rod, wand, stake” (Akk. *ḥattu*, “Stab, Szepter”, AHW 337; “scepter, staff”, CAD H 153 ff. Tsumura UF 6 1978 408 n. 19; Loretz MLE 1 1982 40 f.; Ford UF 34 2002 172; diff. Greenfield BSOAS 57 1994 90 n. 3; “to see”, Akk. *ḥātu*, Aram. *ḥyṭ*); ¶ **par.:** *ksū, mṭ*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥt*, suff. *ḥtk, ḥth, ḥtm* (encl. *-m*). Sceptre, rod, wand, stake: **★a**) sceptre: *y yṭbr ḥt mṭptk* no doubt he will break the sceptre of your rule, 1.2 III 18 and par. (/ *ksā*); *bdh ḥt tq/ / ūlmn* with the sceptre of sterility / widowhood in his hand, 1.23:8–9; *ū ḥth nḥt* DN reached for / lowered his sceptre, 1.23:37 (/ *mṭydh*); *y mt mt nḥtm ḥtk* oh man, man, you reached for your sceptre!, 1.23:40 and par. (/ *mṭ*); **★b**) rod, wand: *y lmn ḥtm* he struck with a rod, 1.114:8 (Dietrich-Loretz UF 25 1993 135); *ḥtm tṣmt* with a rod she hit (him), 1.16 VI 8 (diff. Margalit UF 8 1976 157: “string”, Hb. *ḥwt*, Arab. *ḥayṭ*; Saliba JAOS 92 1972 108 f.; Bordreuil-<sup>s</sup>Ajjan Semitica 28 1976 5: “Syrian rose”, Arab. *ḥatmiyy*; cf. Del Olmo IMC 109); *ḥt nqh ū qrb ḥt* the rod has he prepared, the rod, yes, has he approached, 1.169:5 (Ford UF 34 2002 169 ff.; Del Olmo Fs. Matthiae 110; Dietrich-Loretz UF 43 2011 48; diff. Loretz-Xella MLE 1 1982 37: “penis”, also in ln. 1, rdg *tg ḥtk*, but cf. /g-ḥ-ṭ/ and ln. 14, *ḥt + m*; De Moor UF 12 1980 429 f.: “wake up!”, /ḥ-ṭ/, the same root in ln. 1, “he who wakes”, rdg *m'ḥt*, and ln. 14, “one who is awake”; for these and other interpretations cf. Caquot TOu/2 56 n. 131); *l ādm w d ḥtm* as for any (other) man, yes (/ and), blandisher of the rod, 1.169:15 (Ford UF 34 2002 155, 191 n. 201: “he of the rod”; Del Olmo Fs. Matthiae, 114; Loretz-Xella MLE 1 1982 38: “die ‘Liebe’ seines Penis”; for the various opinions cf. Caquot TOu/2 58 n. 151; Ford, *loc. cit.*) **★c**) stake: *klb l ḥth imḥṣh* (like) a dog (tied) to his stake I wounded him, 1.19 I 14 (diff. Caquot SEL 2 1985 104 f.: “son sceptre”; for this and other interpretations cf. Del Olmo IMC 128 n. 287; Wyatt RTU 293 n. 191); in bkn ctx.: 1.95:4; in unc. ctx.: *ḥtm*, 5.22:24.

/ḥ-ṭ-?/ vb G: “to make a mistake, sin”; D “harm, to do evil”; Š “to lead astray” (Hb., OArām., Palm. *ḥt?*, “to miss, wrong, offend”, HALOT 305 f.; “to sin”, DNWSI 362; Akk. *ḥātu*, “sich verfehlen, sündigen”, AHW 337 f.; “wrong, portending evil”, “sinner”, CAD H 158 f.; Syr. *ḥtā?*, “sin”, SL 441; OSA *ḥt?*, “to commit offence”, SD 63; Arab. *ḥaṭiʿa*, “to do wrong, commit a mistake”, AEL 761 f.; Eth. *ḥaṭa*, “to lack, be deprived of, fail, sin”, CDG 268. Ford UF 34 2002 172 ff.); ¶ **par.:** *šn yp* (cf. /r-š-ṣ /, /š-n-w/. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 157 f.). ¶ **Forms:** G pref. *ḥtā*, [*ḥtū*], *ḥtîn*; Š pref. with suff. *tṣḥānn*.

G.: To make a mistake, sin: *ū ḥtîn b āpkn* (...) *ū ḥtîn l dbḥm* or whether you have sinned by your anger (...), or whether you have sinned in connection with (/ against) the sacrifices, 1.40:22 and par. (cf. *ūšn ypkn*, ln. 36 and par.).

D.: To harm, do evil: *ḥtā l gbk* so that it hurts your body, 1.169:5 (/ *tršṣ*. Ford

UF 34 2002 172; diff. Verreet Modi 203: “da du gegen deinen Körper sündigst”; Tropper UF 22 1990 388).

Š. To lead astray: *hm* (...) *tšḥtā*{.} *nn b šnth* if (...) they lead him astray in his sleep, 1.19 III 45 (// *tšpn*; diff. Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 209: “to awake”, /ḥ-t/, assuming it is a mistake for *tšḥtn'n*; Margalit ZAW 99 1987 399 f.: “to disturb”, \*/ḥ-t-ʔ/, cf. Verreet Modi 215: “hinder”; Tropper Kausativstamm 27 f.; UF 22 1990 390: “berauben”).

**ḥtpy** PN (etym. unc. Ribichini-Xella RSF 15 1987 9 f.).

PN: 4.130:2; 4.635:20 (*adddy*).

**ḥtr** n. m., a tool (Hb. *ḥšr(h)*, “sieve”, HALOT 363; cf. JPAm. *ḥšr*, “to sift”, DJPA 217; Arab. *ḥašara*, “to pick, remove what is bad”, AEL 742. Del Olmo MLC 555: “bieldo”; Watson MGD 110 f.: “pitchfork”; De Moor SP 210; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 89; Stieglitz JCS 33 1981 53; Healey UF 15 1983 51; diff. Watson LSU 129: “blade” (weapon), Hurr. *ḥašeri*; but cf. Wyatt RTU 135 n. 82); ¶ **par.:** *ḥrb*, *rḥm*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥtr*; du. *ḥtrm*.

A tool: *spr nps PN* (...) *tḥ ḥtrm* list of the belongings of PN: (...) two *ḥ.*, 4.385:2 (McGeough UgET 410: “strainers”); *b ḥtr tdrynn* she winnowed him with the *ḥ.*, 1.6 II 32 (// *b ḥrb tbqšnn*, *b rḥm tḥnn*).

**ḥym** n. m. “canopy” (Arab. *ḥaym(at)*, “booth or the like”, AEL 837. Van Selms UF 7 1975 471; Dietrich-Loretz UF 10 1978 59; Xella BH 181 ff.; Caquot-Szyncer TOu/1 195 n. f: “baldaquin”, Akk. *ḥaʿu(m)*); diff. Dietrich-Loretz UF 32 2000 208: “Zelt, Wohnung, Wohnstätte”; Watson LSU 150: “tent, hut, cabin”); ¶ **par.:** *kḥt*, *kt*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥym*.

Canopy: *yšq ḥym w tbḥḥ* he cast a canopy and a bed, 1.4 I 29; in bkn ctx.: 4.66:7; 6.39:2.

Cf. **ḥm**, **ḥmn**, **ḥmt**.

**ḥyml** PN (Anat. Gröndahl PTU 275, 284); ¶ **syll.:** DUMU *ḥa-ia-mu-li*, PRU 4 231 (RS 17.244):5.

PN: 4.165:3.

**ḥyr** MN (Ph. *ḥyr*, KAI III 8; Emar /ḥiyāru/, Pentiuic Vocabulary 66; Hurro-Akk. *ḥiari*, AHw 342; cf. CAD Ḥ 178 f. cf. Akk. *ayyaru*, AHw 25; CAD A/1 230; Aram. *ḥyr*, DJPA 48 f.; Arab. *ḥayyār*, AEL 136; for diff. etym. see Olivier JNSL 1 1971 39 ff.; De Tarragon CU 21 ff.; Xella UF 13 1981 328 f.; Bonechi SEL 7 1990 20; Durand MARI 1 122 n. 9; FlMar VII 2002 69 n. 165; Sem. \*ḥîr, “aller de ci de là”; Vita AoF 27 2000 299: “Gold”, Hurr. *ḥiyari*; Pardee TR/2 1422 n. 24: Arab. *ḥyr*, “le meilleur ...”, but see Del Olmo UF 36 2004 592 n. 166); ¶ **syll. Ug.:** cf. *i-na* ITI *ḥi-ya-ri*, RSOu 7 2 (RS 34.169):17; Huehnergard UVST 128 f.; *i-n*]a ITI: *ḥi-ya-ri*, RSOu 7 25 (RS 34.167+):10; cf. RS 25.455 A+B III 5' (unpub. Arnaud SMEA 32 1993 128); RS 25.132 III 1 (unpub.); Van Soldt BiOr 46 1989 651; SAU 304; Sivan GAGl 229. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥyr*.

Month name: *yrh hyr* in the month of *h.*, 1.105:15 and par.; *b gb hyr* in the *g.* of *h.*, 1.105:3; *il hyr* gods of (the month of) *Æ.*, 1.148:23; *b tt ym hdt hyr* on the sixth of the new moon of MN, 1.78:2 (Cf. Del Olmo AuOr 30 2012 370); *b h{.}yr* “in (the month of) *h.*”, 2.87:9.

Cf. *gyrn*, *hyrn*, *hytr*.

**hyrn** PN (< *hyr*, MN. Gröndahl PTU 21, 30, 138; Sivan GAGl 229; Van Soldt SAU 35, 38; Watson LSU 168; AuOr 30 2012 344; cf. Ward UF 8 1976 355 ff. for Eg. [Hyksos] *hy3n*); ¶ **syll.**: *hi-ia-ra-nu* DUMU *ki-ri-bu-ya*, PRU 3 199 (RS 16.257+) A I 20; Ug 5 12 (RS 17.150+):42; *hi-ia-ra-na*, 4.863:14. Allog. *gyrn* in 4.277:3.

PN: ★a) 4.148:2; 4.214 I 17; 4.277:3 (allog. *gyrn*); 4.307:5 (*bn fnt*); 4.332:20; 4.343:8; 4.374:2; 4.378:7; 4.609:4; 4.729:5; ★b) *bn* PN: 4.75 III 11, IV 11.

**hytr** MN (?) (Bordreuil-Pardee RSOu 14 377).

Month name (?): *yrh hytr*, 2.85:22.

Cf. *Æyr*.

**hzli** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 17, 28, 55, 140; Watson AuOr 20 2002 234); ¶ **syll.**: cf. DUMU *hu-zi-la-a*, PRU 3 201 (RS 16.257+) A II 48; *ha-zi-lu*, PRU 6 86 (RS 19.82) I 10.

PN: *bt* PN, 4.75 III 6.

Cf. *gzly*, *hdl*.

**hzm** PN: in bkn ctx.: *hzm*[, 4.825 II 7; cf. *hd/zmyn*].

**hzn** PN (etym. unc.); ¶ **syll.**: cf. DUMU *hu-ZI-na*, PRU 6 83 (RS 17.430) III 3.

PN: 4.425:7.

Cf. *hšn*, *hšn* (II).

**hzn** n. m. 1) “assistant, auxiliary”; 2) (coll.) “auxiliary personnel” (Akk. *hāziru*, “Helper”, AHw 339; “helper (?)”, CAD H 166, but see Kogan UF 32 2000 719: < \*/ḥ-d-z-r/, cf. *hđrgl*; Blau-Greenfield BASOR 200 1970 17; Sanmartín UF 21 1989 347 n. 93; Watson LSU 87, 129; diff. Heltzer UF 12 1980 410 ff.: “male” < *gzr*; cf. also Hb. *ḥzr(h)*, “help, assistance” HALOT 811 f.; Hurr. *h3r*, 1.149:11 [// (?) *tzg*; cf. Laroche Ug 5 517]); not related to syll. Ug. *hu-zi-rù*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) II 25; Huehnergard UVST 84, 128; Van Soldt SAU 304; Sivan GAGl 231. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *h3r*; pl. *h3rm*.

1) Assistant, auxiliary: wine *l h3rm* for the assistants, 4.216:6; *ttm h3r dt tbšln b TN* two auxiliary squads of six *h.* who work in TN, 4.141 III 9; *ttm h3r w ššt ššr hrš* two auxiliary squads of six *h.* and eleven workers, 4.141 III 7; *tmn h3r w ārbḥ hršm* eight *h.* and four workers, 4.141 III 4.

2) Auxiliary personnel (coll.): *āhd kbd ārbšm b h3r lqh ššrt* forty-one of the auxiliary personnel have received wool, 4.630:2; *h3r lqh h3pr* auxiliary personnel who have received the supplies, 4.609:51; cf. *ibid.* ln. 52.

Cf. /ḥ-d-r/, *hđrgl*, *hznr* (I), *h3rn*, *h3ry*.

**ḥzrn** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 22, 28, 140 and cf. *ḥzr*; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 107 f.; Watson AuOr 30 2012 332).

PN: ★a) 3.23:6; ★b) *bn PN*, 4.69 II 15; 4.860:6.

Cf. **ḥzry**.

**ḥzry** PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 22, 28, 140, cf. *ḥzr*; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 107 f.).

PN: *bn ḥzry*, 4.763:6.

Cf. **ḥzrn**.

**ḥz**, “?”; allog. of *ḥz* (?) (Bordreuil-Caquot Syria 57 1980 345). ¶ Forms: sg./pl. (?)  
*ḥz*.

?, in unc. ctx.: *ḥz ksp bydh*, 1.172:21.

Cf. **ḥz**.