

H

h, n. m. “life”, adv. use in oath formula, abs. *hy* (*hê < *hay < *hayyu; Hb. *hy*, “life”, HALOT 307 ff.; Pun. *hw* ²*dny* = *Aûdonís*, DNWSI 354, Ph. greeting formula. Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 314; Tropper UF 36 2004 515; Dietrich-Loretz UF 41 2009 141. ¶ **Forms**: sg. contr. / abs. *h*.

Life: *h npšk w h n[pšy* by the life of your soul and by the life of (my soul), 2.87:12 (for the formula see 1.169:16: *b npš âtrt*), see *p l hy np[š â]rš* and for the life of (his) soul I beg, 2.23:17.

Cf. *hy* (II).

hbl (I) n. m. 1) “cord, rope, mooring rope”; 2) “band, flock” (Hb., OAram. *hbl*, “rope, cord”, HALOT 286; DNWSI 345; Akk. *eblu*, “Strick, Seil, Leine”, AHw 183; “rope”, CAD E 15; Ebla /ḥablum/ in GÁNA:ÉŠ = ²*à-ba-lu*, VE 1174; Kreberník ZA 73 1983 41; Fronzaroli EL 133; StEb 7 1984 164 f.; Krecher Biling. 148; Arab. *ḥabl*, “rope, cord”, AEL 504; Eth. *ḥabl*, “string, cord”, CDG 223. Watson LSU 84); ¶ **RS Akk.**: cf. 2 *ab-ša-nu*, PRU 6 141 (RS 19.112):6. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *hbl* (var. *ḥbl*, 4.689:5), suff. *hblh*; pl. *hblm*; du. *hblm*.

1) Cord, rope, mooring rope: *tn hblm âlp âlp âmt* two ropes each a thousand ells, 4.247:30; *tmn hblm šbš šbš mât* eight ropes each seven hundred (ells), ibid. ln. 31; *spr npš âny* (...) *w hbl* list of naval equipment: (...) and mooring rope(s), 4.689:5.

2) Band, flock (of birds): *ybsr hbl dîym* a flock of vultures watched (him), 1.18 IV 31 and par.; in bkn ctx.: *hbl ktrt* the band (flock) of the DN, 1.10 II 30, 40; 1.11:6; *hblx šrpt tñt*, 1.8:10, see 1.4 VII 57 (Cf. Dijkstra UF 15 1983 30: rdg *hblh*; De Moor SP 164, 173: “there are flocks circling round in the clouds”).

hbl (II) n. m. “deposit, guarantee, pledge” (Akk. *ḥa/ubullu*, “verschuldet”, AHw 351; “obligation, debt”, “interest”, CAD H 216; for Aram. *h/h(w)bl*², cf. Kaufman AIA 56); ¶ **syll. Ug.**: cf. A.ŠÀ.MEŠ *ḥa-ba-li-ma* “distrained fields”, PRU 3 45 (RS 16.140):8; diff. Huehnergard UVST 123; ¶ **RS Akk.**: KÙ.BABBAR UR₅.RA.MEŠ, PRU 3 60 (RS 16.141):16. ¶ **Forms**: sg. cstr. *hbl*.

Deposit, guarantee, pledge: *ksp hbl rišym* money as guarantee of the GN, 4.779:3 (cf. *supra* RS Akk.: *kasap ḥubulli*; diff. Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 282: “silver of the boatmen of Ra²šu”).

/h-b-q/ vb G: “to embrace, take in one’s arms, cover” (Hb. *ḥbq*, “to embrace, to fold the hands”, HALOT 287; Ebla /ḥabāqum/ in LÁ.LA = ²*à-ba-gú-um*, VE 1184; Kreberník ZA 73 1983 42; Akk. *epēqu*, “umfassen”, AHw 222; cf. CAD E 183: *epēqu* A; Syr. *ḥbq*, “to surround”, *ḥbaqā*², “embracing”, SL 409; Eth. *ḥaqafa*, “to hug, embrace”, CDG 239); ¶ **par.**: /n-š-q/. ¶ **Forms**: G pref. *yḥbq*, *tḥbq*; inf. *ḥbq*; suff. *ḥbqh*.

G. To embrace, take in one's arms: *yḥbq qdš w ʾmrr* DN-DN took (her) in (their) arms, 1.4 IV 13; *bšql yḥbq w ynšq* he embraced and kissed the shoot, 1.19 II 14 and par.; *tḥbq ʾrḥ* she embraced the c[ow], 1.10 III 23; *b ḥbq ḥmḥmt* on embracing (them) there was pregnancy, 1.23:51 and par.; *b ḥbqh ḥmḥmt* on his embracing (them) there was pregnancy, 1.17 I 40 (// *nšq*); in bkn ctx.: *DN ytkḥ yḥ[bq]* DN undresses (?) (and) em[braces (?), 1.24:4; *mlāk mṯḥr yḥb[q ...]*, a wounded (?) messenger he would take in his arms (?) 1.2 I 41; *ḥbq l ḥršm*, 4.201:6.

ḥbr (I) n. m. “companion, associate” (Hb., Pun., Aram., Nab., Palm. *ḥbr*, “companion”, HALOT 288; DNWSI 346 f.; Syr. *ḥabraʾ*?, “friend, companion”, SL 410; Akk. *i/eburu*, “Genosse, Gefährte, Freund”, AHW 363 f.; “comrade, fellow”, CAD I/J 5 ff.; Emar /ḥibbīru/, “a device by which two parts are joined”, Penttiuc 65; Arab. *ḥabr* / *ḥibr*, “a righteous man”, AEL 498. Caquot TOu/2 115 n. 353; for the mng “magic”, “charmer, enchanter”, “Beschwörer”, see *infra*: *ḥbr* (II)); ¶ **par.:** *dšt*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. m. suff. *ḥbrk*, *ḥbrm* (encl. -m ?); pl. cstr. *ḥbr*.

Companion, associate: *šdk ktr ḥbrk* around you, DN, your companion, 1.6 VI 49 (// *dšt*; diff. Loretz GAK 323 f.: “Beschwörer, Zauberer”, but see Dietrich-Loretz TUAT III/6 1197: “Freund / Liebling”); *bḥbr ktr ṯbm* with / among the good companions of DN, 1.108:5 (// *mrqdm*; diff. Del Olmo CR 151 n. 49, “clappers”, Arab. *ḥabara*, Akk. *ḥabāru*; but cf. Clemens UF 25 1993 73 ff.; Loretz GAK 323 f.: “Beschwörer, Zauberer”; cf. *ḥbr* (II)).

ḥbr (II) n. m. “exorcist” (Hb. *ḥbr*, “charm, spell”, HALOT 288; JBArAm, Syr. *ḥabbarāʾ*?, “charmer, magian priest”, DJBA 429. Cf. Dijkstra UF 17 1985 149 ff.; Pardee, JNES 47 1988 63; Bordreuil-Pardee RSOu 14 400; Husser UF 29 1997 239 Loretz GAK 323 f.).

Exorcist: *ḥbrm wḡlm dštm* the exorcists and the expert lads, 1.169:10 (Loretz-Xella MLE 1 1982 38; Loretz GAK 323 f.; Del Olmo Fs. Matthiae 113; Dietrich-Loretz Fs. Xella 208, 215 f.: “der (wahre) Beschwörer und Diener der Magie”, “zwei Epitheta die auf Ḥorōn ... verweisen”); in bkn ctx.: *w ḥbr b[...]*, 1.179:3.

ḥbr (III) n. m. “pot” ((?). Akk. *ḥubūru*, “ein Bierkrug”, AHW 352; “a large vat for beer”, CAD Ḥ 220. Del Olmo MLC 448; Watson UF 40 2008 551; AuOrS 27 95); ¶ **par.:** *lg*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥbrh*.

Pot (?): *w ḥbrh mlā yn[...]* and his pot (?) is full / he fills with wine (?), 1.23:76 (// *lg*; diff. De Moor ARTU 128: “companion”; Lorezt UF 32 2000 279: “Genosse”, cf. *ḥbr* (I)).

ḥbš (I) n. m. 1) “cinch, belt”; 2) by meton. “waist” (etym. unc. Hb. *ḥbš*, “to saddle, wind round”, HALOT 289; Syr. *ḥbaš*, “to hold, keep together”, SL 410 f.; Arab. *ḥabs*, “a place of confinement, restriction”, AEL 501; Akk. *abšu*, “eine Art Gurt” (?), AHW 7; “a strap or band”, CAD A/1 66: *abšu* A. De Moor SP 91 f.; for a poss.

connection with OAss. *e/ib/pišum*, “eine Art Teppich”, AHW 230, “cloth of an inferior quality”, CAD E 14f. see Watson NUS 36 1986 18: “blankets”; Loretz UF 33 2001 351 n. 149, 353: “Gürtel”; for a survey see Watson LSU 13 f. and n. 92); ¶ **par.:** *bmt*, *tʿrt*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hbš*, suff. *hbš[y]*, *hbšk*, *hbšh*.

1) Cinch, belt: *tštn k nšr b hbšh* she put him like an eagle in her belt, 1.18 IV 28 and par. (// *tʿrth*; diff. Watson LSU 140: “arm” / “glove”, EA *ḥa-ab-ši*; Margalit UF 15 1983 100f.: “(game)bag, pouch”, Arab. *ḥabasa*, *ḥabs*).

2) Waist: *šnst kpt b hbšh* she girded palms / hands at her waist, 1.3 II 13 and par. (// *bmth*; diff. Dietrich-Loretz UF 4 1972 30: “Arm”, EA *ḥapšu*; Caquot-Szyncer TOu/1 159 n. o: “carnier”, Arab. *ḥibs*); *l hbšk štk rš[t* to your waist tie heads, 1.13:6 (par. 1.7:2; cf. 1.3 II 12: *štk ršt l bmth*); in bkn ctx. *ʾl hbš x*, 1.5 IV 22; *yn ššy l hbš*, 1.17 VI 8 (Gibson CML 146: “governor”, Hb. *ḥwbš*; Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 184: “jar”, Akk. *ḥabšu*; De Moor ARTU 236: “carrying-net”).

hbš (II) TN (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 105. Van Soldt UBL 11 377 f.; UF 28 1996 667; UF 30 1998 725; Topography 18. Not related to the country KUR *ḥa-bi-iš-še*, PRU 4 209 (RS 17.355):8. Edzard RIA 4 27; Astour UF 12 1980 106 ff.; UF 13 1981 6).

TN: 4.48:10; in bkn ctx.: *hbš*, 4.610 I 28 (Bordreuil UF 20 1988 12: [*q*]dš).

/ḥ-b-ṭ/ vb G: “to perish, be lost” (Arab. *ḥabaṭa*, “to become null, to perish”, AEL 501f. Huehnergard UVST² 391; ¶ **syll.** Ug.: *ḥa-ba-ṭu* [. ¶ **Forms:** G. pref. *ṭhbṭ*.

G. To perish, be lost, in bkn ctx.: *ṭhbṭ* she will perish, 1.82:25 (Del Olmo AuOr 29 2011 248).

ḥby (I) DN; a demon (?) (etym. unc.; for the var. interpretations cf. Pardee TPM 60 ff.; also Liverani OrAn 8 1969 339: Eg. DN *ḥpy* “Apis”; Gordon UF 18 1986 129 ff.: Hb. *ḥby*, Is. 26:20; *ḥbywn*, Hab. 3:4; Ebla *ḥa-ba-ḥa-bi* (*sic*), but cf. Xella SEL 3 1986 17–21; Aartun StUL 55 f.: act. ptc. “sich nähern”, Arab. *ḥabā*; Cathcart UBL 12 1–7: “the crawler” < Arab. *ḥabā*, “to crawl”, like a scorpion (?); Watson LSU 22: “a bull”).

DN: *ḥby bʾl qnm w dnb* DN, the one with two horns and a tail, 1.114:19 (diff. Noegel UF 38 2006 537 ff.: “the Babbler”, said of *ʾIlu*, < /ḥ-b-b/).

Cf. **ḥby (II)**.

ḥby (II) PN (etym. unc. Bordreuil-Caquot Syria 57 1980 364 f.; Watson AuOr 13 1995 222).

PN: 4.775:20.

Cf. **ḥby (I)**.

ḥd “?”, in bkn ctx: *ḥd hlly px* [, 2.77:8.

ḥdg n. m. “chair (for birthing (?))” (cf. Arab. *ḥidǧ*, *ḥidāǧat*, “saddle or vehicle to ride”, AEL 530. Renfroe AULS 117 f.; Watson AuOr 29 2011 168). ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥdgk*.

Chair (for birthing (?)): *qh ksānk ḥdgk ḥtlk* take your stool, your (birthing (?)) chair, your nappies, 1.12 I 18.

ḥdn PN (etym. unc. Watson AuOr 13 1995 222); ¶ **syll.**: cf. *ḥu-ud-da-na*, RS 23.22 VI 14 (Van Soldt SAU 341 n. 185). Cf. *ḥd/ty(n)*, PN.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.322:10; 4.720:2; 4.785:21; in bkn ctx.: 4.498:9; 4.860:30.

ḥdr n. m. “room, chamber” (Hb., Ph., Pun. *ḥdr*, “dark room”, HALOT 293; “chamber, inner room”, DNWSI 350; Ebla /ḥadrum/ in É.TUR = [?]ā-da-ru₁₂, VE 337; ŠĀ = [?]ā-da-ru₁₂/lu-um, VE 595; Krebernik ZA 73 1983 14; Fronzaroli EL 134; StEb 7 1984 165; Conti SQF 121; Sanmartín AuOr 9 1991 189; Emar /ḥidru/, “yard, room”, Pentiuc Vocabulary 67; OSA *ḥdrn*, *mḥdr*, “camera”, CAME 154; “chamber, funeral chamber”, SD 59; Arab. *ḥidr*, “curtain in a chamber”, AEL 708; Eth. *ḥidr*, *māḥdar*, “inside of an apartment”, “place of habitation”, CDG 258f. Dahood UF 11 1979 146; Szyner EtSem 70 ff.); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. G[Ú (Nougayrol: DUR) = *šubtu?* =]-a-ri = *ḥu-du-rù*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) II 11; Huehnergard UVST 78, 123; Sivan UF 21 1989 360; Van Soldt SAU 303; ¶ **par.**: *āp* (II) (+ *sgrt*); ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥdr*, suff. *ḥdrh*; pl. *ḥdrn*.

Room, chamber: ★a) *yšny ḥl b šbšt ḥdrn* DN replied from the seven chambers (// *āp sgrt*), 1.3 V 11, 26; cf. *ḥdrn* rooms, 4.195:3, and cf. *d sgrm*, ibid. ln. 4; *yšrb b ḥdrh ybky* he went into his room to weep, 1.14 I 26; *d ḥt ḥdr[m]*, that has two rooms, 2.88:18; ★b) *ḥdr mškb* bedroom, 4.195:6; *ḥdr tgr* hall, vestibule, 4.195:14; in bkn ctx.:]ḥdrd, 7.178:6; *tšrb ḥd[r]*, 1.16 II 51 (De Moor-Spronk UF 14 1982 186); *ḥdr*, 1.179:34.

/ḥ-d-t/ vb G: “to be, become new, renew oneself”; Š: “to renew” (Hb., Ph., Pun. *ḥdš* pi., “to make anew, restore”, HALOT 293f.; DNWSI 350; Nab., Palm., Hatra *ḥdt* pa., “to restore, to renew”, DNWSI 350; Akk. *edēšu*, “neu sein, werden”, AHW 186f.; “to be or become new”, CAD E 30 ff.; OSA Qat. *šḥdt*, “to newly construct, restore”, LIQ 61; Arab. *ḥadaṭa*, “to be new”, AEL 527 ff.; Eth. *ḥaddasa*, “renew, restore”, CDG 225 f.). ¶ **Forms**: G prefc. *yḥdt*; Š prefc. with suff. -n *tḥdtn* (allom. or error for /tšḥdtn/; see Del Olmo CR 259 n. 49).

G. To be, become new > renew oneself: *ik āl yḥdt yrḥ* is it not certain that (now) DN becomes new / renews himself(?), 1.18 IV 9; in bkn ctx.: [...] *tḥdtn* (...) were renewing themselves, 1.92:4 (Cf. Dijkstra UF 26 1994 116).

Š. To renew (assim. form (?)): *w tḥdtn tnm w ḥdth tdn hmt* and they shall be renewed both and on the day of the new moon they shall declare them (legitimate), 1.104:17–19 (diff. Pardee TR/1 567, 570 f.: “et tu en fourniras de nouveau”; et de nouveau tu les feras approcher”, rdg *tt. ḥdtn*, *ṭwy, “fournir”; cf. *ḥdt* (II)).

Cf. **ḥdt** (I), **ḥdt** (II), **ḥdt** (III), **ḥdtn**.

ḥdt (I) adj. “new, recent” (Hb., Pun. *ḥdš*, “new, fresh”, HALOT 294; DNWSI 351; OArām. *ḥds/t*, “new”, DNWSI 351; Palm., Nab., Hatra *ḥdt*(?), “new” DNWSI 351;

Akk. *eššu*, “neu”, AHw 258f.; “new, fresh”, CAD E 374ff.; Arab. *ḥadīt*, “new, recent”, AEL 529; Eth. *ḥaddis*, “new, recent”, CDG 225). ¶ **Forms:** sg. m. *ḥdt*; f. *ḥdtt*.

New, recent: *w yṣī trḥ ḥdt* may the newly-wed also go out, 1.14 II 48 and par.; *kdwṭ ḥdt bd PN* a new *k*. in the hands of PN, 4.205:19; *trḥ ḥdt m[r]* a new little flask of myrrh, 1.124:7; *mšlh ḥdt* a new battering-ram, 4.689:3; *tn ḥpnm ḥd<t>m* two new *ḥ*., 2.87:28; in place names: *gt ḥdtt* “New Farmstead”, 4.213:12; 4.243:22; 4.707:21; cf. *ḥdt* (II)); in bkn ctx.: 1.146:2; 4.182:50; 2.87:28.

ḥdt (II) n. m. “new moon”, first day of the month (Hb., Ph., Pun. *ḥdš*, “new moon, month”, HALOT 294f.; DNWSI 350f.); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. the element /ḥud(a)t-/ in PNN, Sivan GAGI 225. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥdt*; pl./du. *ḥdṭm*; suff. *ḥdṭh*; allog. *ḥdš* in 1.171:7 (Tropper UF 22 1995 521f.).

New moon: *ym ḥdt* day of the new moon (: first day of the month), 1.112:10 and par.; *ym ḥdt ḥyr* the new moon of MN, 1.78:1; (*dbḥ mlk*) *ḥdṭm* the (royal sacrifice) of the new moons, 1.91:13; *w ḥdṭh tdn hmt* and on the day of the new moon, they shall declare them (legitimate), 1.104:8–19; in bkn ctx.: *b šbš ḥdš* on the seventh (day) of the new moon, 1.171:7; *b ḥdt yrḥ* on the new moon (of the month) (?), 1.163:2 (diff. Dijkstra Fs. Loretz 281 n. 74: “during the renewal of the month”).

Cf. **ḥdt (III)**, **ḥdtn**.

ḥdt (III) PN (Sem. Stamm VTS 16 1967 322; Gröndahl PTU 30, 134; Dietrich-Loretz WO 4 1967–1968 304; Watson LSU 166; AuOr 30 2012 345); ¶ **syll.:** *ḥu-da-ši*, Syria 28 1951 173 f. (RS 14.016):23; Ug 5 95 (RS 20.01):4; *ḥu-dá-ši*, PRU 3 133 (RS 15.132):5; Syria 28 1951 173 f. (RS 14.016):23. Sivan GAGI 225; Huehnergard UVST 212, 231, 242; Huehnergard AkkUg 368; Van Soldt SAU 309 n. 115. PN: *bn PN*, 4.281:17.

ḥdtn PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 30, 134; OSA Qat. *ḥdtn*); ¶ **syll.:** *ḥu-ud'-ša-nu*, PRU 3 199 (RS 16.257+) I 17”. Sivan GAGI 225; Huehnergard UVST 230, 242; Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 314: “born at the time of the new moon”.

PN: 4.63 II 3; 4.116:11; 4.153:10; 4.243:34; 4.609:18, 19; 7.221:2, 3; in bkn ctx.: 4.63 IV 8; 4.243:34.

Cf. **ḥttn**.

/ḥ-d-y/ vb G: “to see, look, observe” (Hb. *ḥd/zh*, “to see, to look at”, HALOT 292, 301; Ph., Aram., Palm. *ḥzy*, “to see”, DNWSI 357ff.; Ebla /ʔizāʔum/ in IGLBAR.DA = NI-ša-um, EV 0126; Krecher Biling. 165; Pasquali NABU 2009/62 Ebla *u₉-zú* (?) < Sem. *ḥzy “vaticination”; Arab. *ḥazā*, “to compute, determine”, AEL 562f. Dahood UF 1 1969 27; De Moor SP 93f.); ¶ **par.:** /ʕ-n/. ¶ **Forms:** G pref. *āḥd*, *ṭḥdy*, *yḥdy*, *yḥd*; impv. *ḥd*.

G. To see, observe: *ibqʕ kbdh w āḥd* I shall open its entrails to see, 1.19 III 33 and par.; *yḥd hrḡb* he saw DN, 1.19 III 15 (cf. ln 29); *ṭḥṭšb w ṭḥdy ṭnt*

DN fought and was observing, 1.3 II 24 and par. (// *tʃn*; diff. Watson VT 31 1981 92 ff.: */ḥ-d-y/ “to be happy”; so too Tropper UF 33 2001 567 ff.: “sich freuen, frohlocken”; cf. De Moor SP 93 f.); *w yḥdy mrḥqm* and will look into the distance, 1.127:32 (diff. Dietrich-Loretz Mantik 37: “(weg)treiben”, Arab. *ḥadā*); in bkn ctx.: *ḥd hlny* (...) look!, here (...), 2.77:8; cf. ibid. In. 15, 17 (cf. Márquez NABU 1993/45: Akk. *amur* and Eg. *ptr*; also: *ṭmḥk ḥdy*, 2.83:4; diff. Bordreuil-Caquot Syria 57 1980 361: “ton message a réjouï (?)”); in bkn ctx.: *ḥdy ly*, 2.103:10.

hdm, 4.609:25, cf. *hṣ*.

hḏrt n. m. an ingredient in hippiatric pharmacopoeia (etym. unc. Cohen(-Sivan) UHT 28 f.; UF 28 1996 129 f.: “lettuce-plant”, MHb. *ḥzrt*, Akk. *ḥassā*; Sanmartín AuOr 6 1988 234: “albaricoque”, Sum.-Akk. *ḥašḥur* / *ḥašuru*; Pardee TH 60: “pommier”, Aram. *ḥazzûr* [with reservations], but see Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 315: “plant of the lettuce category”; for a survey see Watson LSU 68, 145). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *hḏrt*.

An ingredient in hippiatric pharmacopoeia: *pr hḏrt* fruit(s) of *ḥ*., 1.85:14; also 1.71:12; 1.85:27; 1.72:19.

hgb n. m. “locust”, as an attribute of DN *ršp* (?) (Hb. *hgb*, “kind of locust”, HALOT 290; JAram. *hgb*?, “hopper, locust”, DTT 424. Caquot Syria 46 1969 260; Fulco Reshep 44; Dietrich-Loretz TUAT II/2 324; diff. Herdner Ug 7 28: “portier”, Arab. *ḥāḡib*; Ribichini-Xella RSF 15 1987 10: “portiere”; Del Olmo AuOr 10 1990 151 f.: “viscera sacrificial”, Arab. **ḥgb*, *ḥiḡāb*; Pardee TR/2 1148: “élément de théonyme composé, sens précis inconnu”); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. the element /ḥag(a)bu-/ in PNN; Sivan GAGl 222. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *hgb*.

Locust, as an attribute of *ršp hgb* DN (of the) locust (?), 1.90:2; 1.106:1; 1.134:3; 1.168:2 (diff. Del Olmo AuOr 10 1992 151 f.: “a DN, un *ḥ*.” (as an offering)).

Cf. *ʔbdhgb*, *hgbdr*, *hgbn*, *hgbt*, *hgby*, *hgbt*.

hgbdr PN (Sem. Ribichini-Xella RSF 15 1987 10 n. 27).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.724:3.

hgbn PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 28, 52, 135; Jirku ArOr 41 1973 102 f.; Ribichini-Xella RSF 15 1987; Sivan GAGl 222); ¶ **syll.**: (DUMU) *ḥa-ag-ba-nu*, PRU 3 86 (RS 15.119) 5; PRU 3 195 (RS 15.09) B II 5; PRU 3 202 (RS 16.257+) B III 34; PRU 3 203 (RS 16.257+) B IV 15; Ug 5 6 (RS 17.149):28; Ug 5 12 (RS 17.149):8; (DUMU) *ḥa-ga-ba-na*, PRU 3 167 (RS 15.139):6, 10; PRU 6 45 (RS 18.21):29.

PN: **★a**) 4.141 I 18 (Van Soldt SAU 38); 4.183 I 26; 4.263:9; 4.319:3; 4.609:11, 27; **★b**) *bn PN*, 4.69 I 19; 4.77:28; 4.343:10; 4.383:2; 4.769:8, 16, 69; 4.795:8; in bkn ctx.: *ḡbn*, 4.151:10 (Kühne UF 6 1974 164 n. 43); cf. also *ḡg bn kbs*, 4.682:9; 4.841:36; 4.842:8.

hgbt PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 21, 28, 135; Ribichini-Xella RSF 15 1987 10 n. 27).

PN: 4.55:28; in bkn ctx.: 4.408:2.

Cf. **hgbt**.

hgby PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 28, 51, 135; Jirku ArOr 41 1973 102 f.; Ribichini-Xella RSF 15 1987 10).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.93 II 5; 4.226:8; 4.348:29; in bkn ctx.: 4.498:10.

hgln PN (etym. unc. Watson Historiae 4 2007 95; AuOr 30 2012 331); ¶ **syll.:** cf. *hēʿ-gi-lu*, PRU 6 79 (RS 19.42):8.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.7:6.

/ḥ-g-r/ vb G: “to gird” (Hb. *hgr*, “to gird oneself”, HALOT 291; cf. Pun. *hgr*, “wall, enclosure”, DNWSI 348; Arab. *hağğara*, “to make a bound around”, AEL 516 ff.; Eth. *hagala*, “to tie, bind”, CDG 228). ¶ **Forms:** G pref. *thgrn* (-n, 1st and 3rd p. sg. suff.).

G. To gird, in bkn ctx.: *thgrn* [...] they will gird me [...] (?), 1.14 III 44 (diff. Wyatt RTU 197: “they are surrounded by (...)”); *thgrn* they girded themselves (?), 1.23:17.

hgmn PN (etym. unc.).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.682:10.

/ḥ-k-m/ vb G: “to be wise” (Hb., Aram. *hkm*, “to be, become wise, to act wisely”, HALOT 313 f.; Oaram. *hkm* pa. “to instruct”, DNWSI 371; Arab. *hakama*, “to prevent from acting in evil manner”, AEL 616 ff.; Eth. *hakama*, “to be wise”, CDG 228 f.; Akk. *hakāmu*, “verstehen, begreifen”, AHW 309; “to know, understand”, CAD H 32 f. Müller UF 1 1969 89 n. 81); ¶ **par.:** /r-b(-b)/. ¶ **Forms:** G suff. *hkmt*.

G. To be wise: *rbt ilm l hkmt* you are great, DN, truly you are wise!, 1.4 V 3; *hkmt k tr ltp[n]* you are wise like the “Bull”, DN, 1.16 IV 2 (alt. “(your) wisdom is like ...”, cf. *hkmt*).

Cf. **hkmt**.

hkm adj. m. “wise” (cf. /ḥ-k-m/. Hb. *hkm*, “skilful”, HALOT 314; Oaram. *hkym*, “wise”, DNWSI 371; Arab. *hakīm*, “possessing knowledge”, AEL 618). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hkm*.

Wise: *thmk il hkm* your message, DN, is wise 1.3 V 30, 1.4 IV 41.

hkmt n. f. “wisdom” (cf. /ḥ-k-m/. Hb., Oaram. *hkmh*, “skill, experience, God’s wisdom”, HALOT 314; “wisdom”, DNWSI 371; Oaram., Ph., *hkmt*, “wisdom”, DNWSI 371; Arab. *hikmat*, “wisdom”, AEL 617). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hkmt*.

Wisdom: *hkmt šm šlm* (your) wisdom is eternal, 1.4 IV 41 (variant *hkmk* in 1.3 V 30; alt. “you are wise”, cf. /ḥ-k-m/); *hkmt k tr ltp[n]* (your) wisdom is like (that of) the “Bull”, DN, 1.16 IV 2 (alt. “you are wise”, cf. /ḥ-k-m/); in bkn ctx.: *]hkmt yx[*. 1.129:4.

hkpt TN, residence / territory of the god *ktr* (Belmonte RGTC 12/2 105: *Hikuptaú*, Eg. of New Empire *hwt.k3.pth*: Memphis; WäS/3 5; Faulkner 166. Zivie LÄ 25 f.; Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 182; Margalit UF 15 1983 81; EA Akk.: URU *hi-ku-*

up-ta-ah, EA 84:37; 139:8; Gk *Aigyptos*. Watson JNSL 22 1996 74); ¶ **par.:** *kp̄tr*.

¶ **Forms:** *ḥkpt*; *ḥ{q}kpt*, 1.3 VI 13, scribal mistake.

TN ★**a**) mythical: *ḥkpt il* the divine TN, 1.3 VI 13 and par.; *bšl ḥkpt* the lord(s) of TN, 1.17 V 21, 31; *ḥkpt ʾrṣ nḥlth* TN, the land of his property, 1.3 VI 15 and par.; I have to leave *ḥkp[t l rḥq ʾlnym]* TN for the most distant deity, 1.1 III 19 and par.; ★**b**) as a real TN: *tl̄t māt ʾrt ḥkpt* three hundred bucklers (?) from (/ in the style of) TN, 4.247:26.

/ḥ-k-r/ vb G: “to knock down” (?) (Akk. *ḥakāru*, “zerschlagen”, AHw 309, 1558.

Dietrich-Loretz BiOr 23 1966 129; diff. Aartun UF 16 1984 17 f.: “Becher, Pokal”, Arab. *ḥu/akr*; for a survey of the var. suggestions see Watson LSU 85).

¶ **Forms:** G unc. form *ḥkr*].

To knock down (?), in bkn ctx.: *ḥkr*, 1.93:6.

ḥl (I) n. m. 1) “strength, vigour”; 2) “fortress, stronghold”; 3) “tower, farm, estate”, in onomastics (Hb. *ḥwl*, *ḥyl*, “faculty, power”, HALOT 311 f.; Arab. *ḥawl*, *ḥayl*, “strength, power”, AEL 675 f., 688; cf. Hitt. *ḥali-*, *ḥila-*, “Hürde für Grossvieh”, HW(2) 3 30 ff.; “Hürde für Grossvieh, Mauer”, HEG 128 f., 241 ff. Cf. Sawyer-Strange IEJ 14 1964 98; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 159 ff. diff. Dahood ArchEbl 306: “phoenix”, Hb. *ḥwl*, Ebla *ḥu-la-tum*); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. TN *ḥīlu*, see: *ḥl* (III); ¶ **par.:** *ḡr*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥl*, suff. *ḥlm* (encl. -m).

1) Strength, vigour: *ḥl ʾmr bnkm* with vigour I shall strengthen your son, 1.13:27, cf. ln. 28–29.

2) Fortress, stronghold: *špn ḥlm qdš* (...) *ḥlm ʾdr ḥl rḥb mknpt* TN, the holy fortress, (...) the powerful fortress, the stronghold broad of span, 1.16 I 7–9 (/ *ḡr*).

3) Tower, farm, estate: *ḥl PN bd PN* the “tower” of PN, in the hands of PN, 4.424:22.

Cf. ḥl (III).

ḥl (II) adj. “desacralised, ‘free’” (Hb. *ḥl*, “profane”, HALOT 315; OSA Qat. *ḥll*, “to cancel, end”, LIQ 63; Arab. *ḥalla*, “untie”, *ḥalāl*, *ḥill*, “profane, free, lawful”, AEL 619 ff.; Akk. *ellu*, “rein, frei”, AHw 204 f.; “clean, pure, holy”, CAD E 102 ff.; Ebla cf. NISABA:A = *ʾā-a-um* (/ḥalālum/), VE 1227; Krecher Biling. 141; cf. DI.DI = *ʾā-la-lum*, VE 635; cf. *ā-lum* “shiny”, Mander MEE 10 88; *ʾā-li-um*, *ʾā-li-ù* (A:NAGA) “purificatore”, Bonechi QuSem 16 142; cf. ITU *ḥa-li-NI* and cf. Pettinato Rituale 190: *ḥa-li-ì* (Fronzaroli ARET 11 155: *ḥa-li-NI*); cf. *e-am*, Fronzaroli ARET 11 145: /ḥell-am/. Cf. Cazelles MUSJ 49 1975–1976 443 ff.; Xella SSR 2 1978 381 ff.; Aartun UF 16 1984 18 f.; Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 314, /ḥ-l-l/, “be/become clean, pure, absolved of cultic responsibility”), G., D., Š).

¶ **Forms:** sg. m. *ḥl* (cf. *ḥlt* (II)).

Desacralised, “free”: *ʾrb špš w ḥl mlk* the sun sets / at sunset the king (shall remain) desacralised, 1.112:9 and par., cultic formula (cf. Del Olmo CR 18);

šbū špš w ḥl ym the sun sets / at sunset and the day (remains) desacralised, 1.41:47 (diff. De Moor ARTU 164: “the host of the day”); *t<t>b rgm b gn w ḥl mlk* there will be a reply in the garden and the king remains desacralised, 1.106:23, cf. 1.173:17.

Cf. **ḥlbt**, **ḥll**, **ḥlt** (II), **mḥll**.

ḥl (III) TN (< (?) *ḥl* (I); see Belmonte RGTC 12/2 106: **Ḥīlu-Aḡalteni* “Turm-Gehöft des Aḡalteni”, *ḥīlu*(-yāmi) “Meersburg”. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 159; Bordreuil UF 20 1988 12; Van Soldt UF 28 1996 667; UF 30 1998 732; Topography 18, 173; Watson SEL 28 2011 30); ¶ **syll.**: cf. URU *ḥi-li*, PRU 3 144 (RS 16.138):21; PRU 6 94 (RS 17.431):1, 2; Ug 5 12 (RS 17.150+):12; RSOu 7 4 (RS 34.131):21; cf. Berger UF 2 1970 340 ff.; Kühne UF 6 1974 166.

TN: ★**a**) *ḥl aḡltm*, 4.320:8; ★**b**) *ḥl (ym)*, 4.68:40: *ḥl y[mʔ]*; 4.186:6; 4.800 II 24; in bkn ctx.: *ḥl*, 4.610 II 22; 4.618:32.

Cf. **ḡl** (I).

ḥlb n. m. 1) “milk”; 2) “cheese, butter” (Hb., Pun., Aram. *ḥlb*, “milk”, HALOT 315 f.; DNWSI 372; JAram. *ḥlb*, “milk”, DTT 464; Arab. *ḥalab*, “milk”, AEL 624; Eth. *ḥalib*, “milk”, CDG 229; cf. NA *ḥilpu*, “Milch”, AHW 345; “milk”, CAD Ḥ 187; Del Olmo BSA 7 1993 193 f.); ¶ **par.**: *ḥmat*, *td*; ¶ **RS Akk.**: GA; cf. GA.MEŠ, PRU 6 156 (RS 19.20):1; cf. GA.KIN.AG, PRU 6 4 (RS 17.142):8; Sanmartín BSA 7 1993 206. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥlb*.

1) Milk: (offering of) *gd b ḥlb* coriander in milk, 1.23:14 (// *ḥmat*); *lm ynq ḥlb aṭrt* the prince who will suck on the milk of DN, 1.15 II 26 (// *td*).

2) Cheese, butter (weighed in talents (cf. RS Akk.: 3 GUN GA.MEŠ, PRU 6 156 (RS 19.20):1): *kkṛ ḥlb* a talent of cheese, 4.707:20; *ḥmš kkr ḥlb* five talents of cheese, 4.272:2; in barter: *ālp mītm kbd tlt ḥlb* one thousand two hundred (shekels) of copper (in exchange) for cheese, *ibid.* ln. 5 (cf. *tlt šmn* copper (in exchange) for oil, *ibid.* ln. 4; cf. Sanmartín SEL 5 1988 176 f.).

Cf. **ḥlbt**.

ḥlbt PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 20, 135).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.617 II 11.

ḥll n. m. “desacralisation, purification” (vb n. < */ḥ-l-l/, cf. *ḥl* (II); Mari Akk. *ḥalilum* (Charpin-)Durand MARI 2 76; MARI 3 135 n. 36; Akk. *tēliltu*, “Reinigung”, AHW 1344 f.; “purification”, CAD T 28 f.; Luw. *ḥalal-*, Laroche DLL 38; Hitt. *ḥalali-*, “reines Opfer”, HW(2) 3 18. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 160, 544; Janowski UF 12 1980 247 n. 102; Freilich JSS 31 1986 128 n. 36).

¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥll*.

Desacralisation, purification: *w š ḥll ydm* and a ram (as a sacrifice of) desacralisation / purification of hands, 1.115:6 (Del Olmo CR 222 n. 35; diff. Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 206, 314: “purify”, imp. Š of /ḥ-l-l/; but see Del Olmo UF 36 2004 615).

ĥlm (I) n. m. “dream” (Hb. *ḥlwm*, “dream”, HALOT 317 f.; *ḥlm*, “to dream”, HALOT 320 f.; Ph., OAram. *ḥlm*, DNWSI 375 f.; Arab. *ḥulm*, “dream”, AEL 632, *ḥalama*, “to dream”, *ibid.* 631 ff.); ¶ **par.**: *d(h)rt*, *hdt*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥlm*, suff. *ḥlmy*, *ḥlmh*. Dream: *b ḥlm ltpn ʾl d pīd* in a dream of “the Benevolent One”, DN, “kind-hearted”, 1.6 III 10 and par. (// *drt*); *krt yḥt w ḥlm* PN came to himself and it was a dream, 1.14 III 50 (// *hdt*); *w b ḥlmh ʾl yrd* and in his dream DN came down, 1.14 I 35 (// *dhrt*); *d b ḥlmy ʾl ytn* whom DN granted me in my dream, 1.14 III 46 and par. (// *drt*).

ĥlm (II) n. m. “growing animal” (cf. Hb. *ḥlm*, “to become strong (animals)”, HALOT 320 [Job 39:4]; Syr. *ḥalīmāʾ*, “sound, healthy person, strong”, SL 456; Arab. *ḥālim*, “fat (animal)”, AEL 633. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 161; diff. Pardee TR/1 462 f., II 1150: “rêve”, Hb. *ḥʾlôm*); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. [*ḥ*]u-ul-ma-tu₄, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) III 16; cf. Huehnergard UVST 125; AkkUg 352. ¶ **Forms**: pl. *ḥlmm*.

Grown animal: s[p]r *ḥlmm* list of growing animals, 1.86:1 (Del Olmo-Márquez AuOr 13 1995 255 ff.); in bkn ctx.: *b ḥlm* (...), 1.86:28.

ĥln n. m. “window, opening” (Hb. *ḥlwn*, HALOT 318. De Moor UF 2 1970 325); ¶ **par.**: *ʾrbt*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥln*; pl. *ḥlnm*; cf. the spelling *ḥln*, 5.22:27.

Window, opening: *yph ḥln b bhtm* he opened a window in the palace, 1.4 VII 25–26 and par.; *ḥln d b dmt ʾm ʾl[m]* the window that there is in the tower of the mother of the g[od(s) (?), 2.31:46; *ṭmn ḥlnm* eight windows, 4.195:15. On the spelling *ḥln*, 5.22:27 see Dietrich-Loretz KA 191: “Fenster”.

ĥlq n. m. “part, limb” (Hb., Aram., Nab., Palm. *ḥlq*, “share of body”, HALOT 323 f.; “part, portion, share”, DNWSI 378 f.; Arab. *ḥalq*, “faucets, throat, gullet”, AEL 629, cf. *ḥalāq*, “share, portion”, AEL 802; MSA, Meh. Hars. *ḥelqē:ām*, “Adam’s apple, side of throat”, ML 179; HL 59. Dietrich-Loretz UF 4 1972 30; De Moor SP 92: “hips, buttocks”, Akk. *ilku*; Rendsburg JAOS 107 1987 628: “throat, neck”, MSA *ḥelqān*; Gray UF 11 1979 318 n. 19: “thigh”, Hb. **ḥlq*; Aartun UF 16 1984 20: “vulva”, Arab. *ḥalqat* (ā); Caquot-Szzyer TOu/1 159 n. p: “pans de jupe”, MHb. *ḥālūq*; Collini SEL 6 1989 35: “anello per caviglie, parte del corpo”; Smith UNP 108: “neck”; Dietrich-Loretz UF 35 2003 147 ff.: “Lende, Hüfte”, but see Kogan UF 36 2004 200 ff.: < **ḥalk* “throat”; Parker UF 38 2006 559 n. 6: “buttocks” < **ḥlq* “to divide”; ¶ **par.**: *brk*. ¶ **Forms**: pl./du. *ḥlqm*.

Part, limb: *tḡll* (...) *ḥlqm b mmʾ mhrm* she plunged (...) (her) limbs in the innards of the combatants, 1.3 II 28 and par. (// *brkm*).

ĥlš n. m. appellative of the goddess *šnt* (etym. unc. De Moor UF 2 1970 325: “appellative or place name” (?); Xella TRU 54: “Anat della devastazione”, Hb. *ḥlš*). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥlš*.

Appellative of *šnt*: DN *ḥlš*, 1.109:25.

ĥlt (I) MN (etym. unc., “phoenix” (?), Hb. *ḥwl*, “phoenix”, HALOT 297. Dahood

in ArchEbl 306: Ebla *ḥa-li-tù*, cf. *hl* (I)); Watson AuOr 19 2001 289: Mari Akk. *ḥa-lí-da*; SEL 26 2009 16: Mari Akk.: *ḥa-lí*, Hurr. *ḥa-lí-it*, Lagash *ḥa-li-í*, Tell-Asmar *ḥa-lu₅-ut*); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: ITI *ḥal-la-t[e(?)]*, PRU 6 101 (RS 19.130):5; ITI *ḥal-la-ti*, MSL 10 37, colophon: 5; cf. RS 25.455 A+B III 6 (unpub. Arnaud SMEA 32 1993 128); Sivan GAGI 222; Huehnergard UVST 125; Van Soldt BiOr 46 1989 651; SAU 303. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hlt*.

Month name: *yrḥ hlt* the month of *ḥ*., 4.219:13; 4.220:4.

hlt (II) n. f. “desacralisation” (cf. *hl*; cf. Akk. *ellūtu*, “Reinheit”, AHW 205; “purity”, CAD E 106. Watson LSU 85; diff. Bordreuil-Caquot Syria 56 1979 299: vb “tu es désacralisé”). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *hlt*.

Desacralisation: *w al tsu y'sū / ḥsū w hlt* and shall not go out; (and if) he goes out there will be desacralisation (?), 1.164:20.

ḥm n. m. “heat; drought” (cf. /ḥ-m-m/; Hb. *ḥm*, “warmth”, HALOT 325; Syr. *ḥumāʾ*, “heat, glow”, SL 427; Arab. *ḥamm*, “heat”, AEL 636; Ebla cf. /ḥammū-tum/ in UD.GĀNA = *a(-wa)-muʾā-mu-tum*, VE 777; Krebern timer ZA 73 1983 30; A.UD = *ma-wuʾā-mu-tum*, VE 637; Krebern timer ZA 73 1983 25; Fronzaroli EL 136; Akk. *ummu*, “Hitze, Fieber”, AHW 1417). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥm*.

Heat, drought: *yšly šrpt b ḥm ūn yr* he cast a spell on the clouds, in the terrible drought, on the (early) rain, 1.19 I 40 (diff. Margalit UF 16 1984 130 f.: “anxiety”, Arab. *ʾaḥimma*); in bkn ctx.: *ḥm l šrr*, 1.2 IV 33.

Cf. **ḥmm**.

/ḥ-m-d/ vb G: “to desire” (Hb., Ph. *ḥmd*, “to desire”, HALOT 325; “to covet”, DNWSI 380; cf. EA Akk. [*i*] *a-pu: ḥa-mu-du*, EAT 138:26; Sivan GAGI 223; Gianto SEL 12 1995 68; cf. OSA *ḥmd*, “praise”, SD 178 f.; Arab. *ḥamida*, “to praise”, AEL 638 ff.); ¶ **par.:** /ḥ-r-r/, /r-t-y/. ¶ **Forms:** G pefc. with suff. *yḥmdnh*, *yḥmdm* (encl. -m); *thmd* [; inf. *ḥmdm* (encl. -m).

G. To desire: *bšl ḥmdm yḥmdm* DN ardently desired (them), 1.12 I 38 (// *yḥrrm*); in bkn ctx.: *yšl ḡlh thmd[nh]* she desired [her, 1.92:6; *bšlt bšl yḥmdnh* the virgin, DN desired her, 1.92:29 (for both passages, cf. Dijkstra UF 26 1994 117); in bkn ctx.: *ḥmdm*, 1.12 II 8.

Cf. **mḥmd**.

ḥmdrt n. f. “parched field” (Akk. *ḥamadi/ūru*, *ḥamadīrūtu*, “Verdorrung”, AHW 315; “verdorrt”, CAD H 57 f. Sanmartín UF 9 1977 265; Watson LSU 85); ¶ **par.:** *ākl*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥmdrt*.

Parched field: *šblt yph' b ḥmdrt* he spied an ear in the parched field, 1.19 II 21 (// *ākl*); *šblt tpš [b ḥ]mdrt ūr* ear which grows in the hot parched field, 1.19 II 23 (// *ākl*).

ḥmhmt n. f. “pregnancy, conception” (< /ḥ-m-m/. Tsumura UF 10 1978 388 n. 5; De Moor-Spronk UF 14 1982 182: “heat, orgasm”: Aartun StUL 57 f. diff. Margalit UF 27 1995 265 f.: “sanctuary, shelter, circumvallation”, cf. Ug. *ḥmt*));

¶ **par.:** *hr*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥmḥmt*, suff. *ḥmḥ<mt>h*.

Pregnancy, conception: *b ḥbq ḥmḥmt* on embracing (them) here was pregnancy, 1.23:51 and par. (/ / *hr*); in bkn ctx.: *ylt ḥmḥmt*, 1.17 I 41; *bt ḥmḥ<mt>h dnn* the daughter whose conception(?) (proves) our strength, 1.16 I 29 (see Parker UF 38 2006 568 f.: “whose conception is strong”).

/ḥ-m-m/ vb Š “to heat up, roast” (Hb. *ḥmm*, *yḥm*, “to get warm”, “to be on heat”, pi. “to warm up”, HALOT 328 f., 407; OArām. *ḥmm*, “hot, feverish”, DNWSI 382; Syr. *ḥmm*, “to be hot”, SL 465; Akk. *emēmu*, “heiss sein”, AHw 213; “to be or become hot”, CAD E 147 f.; Arab. *ḥamma*, “to heat”, AEL 635 ff. Aartun UF 16 1984 20). ¶ **Forms:** Š pref. *yšḥmm*.

Š. To heat up/burn, in bkn ctx.: *y]ḥrkn w yšḥmm* he shall burn and roast it, 1.175:7.

Cf. *ḥm*, *ḥmḥmt*, *ḥmm*, *ḥmny*.

ḥmm n. m. “heat” (< /ḥ-m-m/. Bordreuil-Pardee RSOu 14 401: Arab. *ḥumām*, “fever”; Syr. *ḥamīmāʔ*, “hot”, *ḥmymw*, “heat”, SL 463; JBArām. *ḥmymh*, “fever”, DJBA 206). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥmm*.

Heat (?): *ḥmm b bšrk* heat (?) in your flesh, 1.179:7.

Cf. *ḥm*.

ḥmny PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 51, 135; Watson LSU 166; *Historiae* 4 2007 101; AuOr 30 2012 331, 344); ¶ **syll.:** cf. *ḥa-mé-en-na-ya*, PRU 6 55 (RS 18.22):5; cf. DUM]U(?)*ḥa-m[u-]ʔni*], PRU 3 36 (RS 11.718):4.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.108:3.

Cf. *ḥmn*.

ḥmr (I) n. m. 1) “donkey”; 2) “load (measure of capacity), heap” (Hb., OArām., Palm. *ḥm(w)r*, “he-ass”, “heap”, HALOT 327, 330; “donkey, ass”, DNWSI 383 f.; Akk. *imēru*, “Esel”, AHw 375 f.; “donkey”, “homer, measure of weight”, CAD I/J 110 ff.; Arab. *ḥimār*, “ass”, AEL 641. Sanmartín UF 20 1988 271 f.; AuOr 8 1990 97 f.); ¶ **RS Akk.:** ANŠE(.MEŠ), PRU 3 217; PRU 6 8 (RS 17.23):17; ¶ **par.:** *ibr*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥmr*; pl. *ḥmrm*; sg./pl. suff. *ḥmrh*; du. *ḥmrm*.

1) Donkey: ★a) *ārbš ḥmr[m ...] l tlt* four donkeys for the [(transport of the)] copper, 4.268:1; *tn ḥmr[m ...] l brr* two donkeys for the tin, ibid. ln. 4; 4.377:25, 30; *TN ḥmr* TN one donkey, 4.698:1; *TNN ḥmrm* TNN, two donkeys, 4.698:3, 5; (...) *bnšm w ḥmr* (so many) unskilled labourers and a donkey, 4.29:2, 4; (...) *ḥmr(m) w (...) bnšm* (so many) donkeys and (so many) unskilled labourers, 4.380:3–26; *tt ḥmrm bšlm šmdm ālpm* six donkeys (and two (?)) unskilled labourers (and) two pairs of oxen, 4.691:7; *ššrm l ḥmrm* barley for the donkeys, 6.19:1; *dd ššrm l ḥmr ḥtb* a “cauldronful” of barley for the woodcutter’s donkey(s), 4.269:24; *tlt ddm ššrm l ḥmrm dt tblm* three “cauldronsful” of barley for the donkeys of the smiths, 4.790:14; *ššr dd kšmm w ḥmšm ḥmr kšmm* ten “cauldronsful” of spelt and fifty loads of spelt, 4.691:5 (but cf. Sanmartín

UF 20 1988 270 ff.); *prš ākl l hmr PN* one p. of fodder for the donkey of PN, 4.863:4; in bkn ctx.:]*hmr*m, 3.6:3; *l hmr*m *d bd PNN* (barley) for the donkeys in the hand of PNN, 4.790:9, 11, 12, 14; *ātn hmr*m I will give donkeys, 2.98:6; ★**b**) hearing *nqht hmrh* the braying of his donkey, 1.14 III 17 and par. (// *ībrh*); in bkn ctx.: *d bnš hmr*], 1.86:12; ★**c**) *hmr šk*m “braying donkey, ass” (a special breed or age (?)), 4.14:6, 12, 18 (< Akk.; cf. AHw 1127: *šāgimu*; Sanmartín AuOr 8 1990 97 f.; McGeough-Smith UgET 490; diff. Pardee AuOr 20 2002 168, 175 f.: “ânes porteurs”, cf. NWS *škm, “épaule”, but cf. *infra*: *tkm*); ★**d**) *ršy hmr*m donkey driver: (nn) *šmdm* (nn) *bnš yd ytm yd ršy hmr*m (nn) pairs (of oxen (?)), (nn) farmhands with two foremen and the donkey driver, 4.618:3.

2) Load, measure of capacity; heap: ★**a**) load (OAss. measure of capacity; 1 anše = 10 bán = 100 sila, ca. 100 litres; cf. Akk. and Hb. *supra*. Powell RIA 7 487 f., rarely in RS): *hmr* one “load”, 5.3:1–6 (cf. *īzml*); ★**b**) as adv. accus. “in heaps”: *npš blt hmr* my appetite devours in heaps, 1.5 I 19 (cf. Jdg. 15:16: *hmrw hmr*tym, “heaps upon heaps”; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 538; Del Olmo MLC 548); in bkn: 1.86:9; *hrd w hmr*[m troops and donkeys, 2.98:20; *hmr*, 2.99:33, 4.426:2; *w hmr*, 2.101:11.

hmr (II) adj. / n. “red, reddish”, qualifier of plant (Cf. Hb. *hmr*mr, denom. < *hmr*, “wine”, *hmr, “to redden”, HALOT 330; Arab. *humrat*, “redness”, *ʾaḥmar*, “red”, *ʾaḥmar*, “sort of dates so called because of their colour”, AEL 640 ff.; Eth. *hamar*, “red berry”, CDG 234; Akk. *emēru*, “gerötet sein”, AHw 214; but see CAD E 148: *emēru B; cf. *ā/irgn*. Pardee TH 61; Cohen-Sivan UHT 32; Watson LSU 72; Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 314: “(plant name)”). ¶ **Forms**: sg. m. *hmr*. Red, reddish (qualifying *ā/irgn*): *št irgn hmr* a š. of *ī. h.*, 1.85:17, 28; 1.72:23; cf. 1.71:15; 1.97:4.

/h-m-š/ vb G: “to be(come) sour” > “to (be) spoil(t), to wither” (?) (Hb. *hms*, “to be leavened, sour” / “vinegar”, HALOT 329; JAram. *hmš*, “to be sour”, DTT 478; Akk. *emēšu*, “sauer sein”, AHw 214; Arab. *hamuḍa*, “go be, become acid, sour”, AEL 644 f.; Eth., Tigr. *hamḍa*, “devenir sur, s’aigrir”, WTS 64. De Moor ARTU 248 n. 166; De Moor-Spronk CARTU 138; diff. Margalit UF 16 1984 127 f.: “to rise up, be high, lofty”, *hms). ¶ **Forms**: suffc. *hms*.

G. To be(come) sour, wither: *b mth hms šrr* for his death the young ear of corn withered, 1.19 I 17.

hms n. m. “vinegar” (< /h-m-š/; Hb. *hms*, “vinegar”, HALOT 329 f.; DNWSI 382; Ebla NINDA.AD₆ = *ʾā-me/i-zu(-um)*, “sauer”, Krebernink ZA 73 1983 2 f. (42); Fronzaroli EL 136; StEb 7 1984 165 f.; Akk. *emšu*, “sauer”, AHw 215; “sour”, CAD E 152 f.; cf. Eg. *ḥā-m-ša*, “Essig”, Helck Bez. 518 (169). Sivan-Cochavi WSVES 83; Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 99). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *hms*.

Vinegar: *kd yn l PN w kd hms* a jar of wine for PN and a of vinegar, 4.269:27–28, see 2.89:18; *kdm hms* two jars of vinegar, *ibid.* ln. 35; *w hms w mlht* and vinegar

and salt, 1.175:6, cf. 4.863:20; *kt ḥmš w nbt* one *k.* of vinegar and (another of) honey 2.99:24.

ḥmt (I) n. f. “wall” (Hb. *ḥwmh*, “city wall”, HALOT 298; DNWSI 381; Ph., Moab. *ḥmt*, “wall, fortress”, DNWSI 381; EA Akk.: *ḥu'-mi-tu*, EA 141:44; Sivan GAGI 223; DNWSI 381. Ginsberg JANES 5 1973 133 f.); ¶ **syll.** Ug.:]x: *ḥa-mi-ti*, PRU 3 137 f. (RS 16.86):4; Sivan GAGI 223; Huehnergard UVST 125; Van Soldt SAU 303; ¶ **par.:** *mgdl*, *tgr*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥmt*; pl. *ḥmyt* (cf. Ph. pl. *ḥmyt*, DNWSI 381), suff. *ḥmytny*, *ḥmythm*.

Wall: *rkb ṭkmm ḥmt* mount the shoulders of the wall, 1.14 II 22 and par. (// *mgdl*); *gr ḥmyt ṭgrt* the guests of the walls of TN, 1.40:36 and par.; *k gr (...)* *qrd ḥmytkm* when (...) a powerful one (attacks) your walls, 1.119:27 and par. (// *tgrkm*); *ydy (...)* *qrd [l] ḥmytkm* he will repel (...) the powerful one from your walls, 1.119:36 and par.

ḥmt (II) n. f. “wineskin” (Hb. *ḥmt*, “skin containing water, wine”, HALOT 331; Arab. *ḥamūt*-, “skin for butter”, Hava 141; Akk. *ḥimtu*, “eine Ledertasche, -flasche”, AHW 346; “a leather bag”, CAD H 192; Eth. *ḥmh̄m*, “gourd (used as vessel)”, CDG 232. Watson UF 40 2008 551; AuOrS 27 85). ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥmthm*.

Wineskin: *kly yn b ḥmthm* the wine in their wineskins was finished, 1.16 III 15.

ḥmt (III) n. f. “venom, poison” (Hb. *ḥmh*, “poison, venom”, HALOT 326; Akk. *imtu*, “Gift, Zorn”, AHW 379; “poisonous foam”, CAD I/J 192 f.; Syr. *ḥemtā*?, “poison”, SL 469; Arab. *ḥummat*, “venom, poison”, Hava 141; Eth. *ḥamot*, “bile, venom”, CDG 235); ¶ **par.:** *ābd*, *ābdy*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥmt*.

Venom: *lnh ydy ḥmt* from / with it (: snake) expel the venom, 1.100:6 and par. (// *ābd*): *l[l w ḥ]rn yisp ḥmt* that DNN remove the venom, 1.107:38 and par.; *isp (...)* *ḥmt l p ntḵ* remove (...) venom from the mouth of the biter, 1.107:35 and par.; *lydṣ l bn lpq ḥmt [...]* *xnh ḥmt* the inexperienced did not understand how to take (away) the poison, (so invaded) him the poison, 1.107:6 (// *ābdy*; Del Olmo Fs Xella 196); *ṣl ārṣ l ān [isp ḥ]mt* from everywhere from the earth remove the poison, 1.107:33 and par.; *tlū ḥ<m>t km nhl* the venom had been drained like a torrent, 1.100:68 (Del Olmo CR 308; diff. Caquot TOu/2 92 n. 288: “la vie (re)devient forte”, rdg *ḥ<y>t*, and other interpretations).

ḥmt n. m. “belly, abdomen” (Hb. *ḥmš*, “belly”, HALOT 331; Akk. *emšu*, “Unterleib”, AHW 215; “hypogastric region”, CAD E 153 ff.; Syr. *ḥūmšā*?, “abdomen”, SL 427; Eth. *ḥamś*, “uterus, womb”, CDG 234 f. De Moor-Spronk UF 16 1984 240 f.; Watson UF 42 2010 835; Eg. *ḥms*, “phallus”). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥmt*.

Belly, abdomen, in unc. ctx.: *ḥmt tmt* belly (and) blood / menses, 1.82:7 (Del Olmo AuOr 29 2011 253 n. 26); in bkn ctx. 1.172:28.

ḥmyt, cf. *ḥmt* (I).

hn, n. m. “grace, favour” (< /ḥ-n-n/. Hb. *ḥn*, “grace”, HALOT 332; Ph., OArām. *ḥn*,

“favour”, DNWSI 386 f.; Arab. *ḥanān*, “mercy”, AEL 653; Amor. /ḥnn/, *ḥnn, “be gracious, favor”, Huffmon APNMT 200; *ḥinnum*, “grace”, Gelb CAAA 20; Akk. *ennum*, “Freundlichkeit, Engtgegenkommen”, AHW 219; “grace, mercy”, CAD E 170; Eth. *ḥannā*, “grace”, CDG 236. De Moor UF 2 19780 315; Anbar NABU 1990/115; ¶ **par.** (?) *šdq mšr* // *kbd w nr* [DNN. ¶ **Forms:** sg. cstr. *ḥn*. Grace, favour, in unc. ctx.: *ḥn bn ḫl dn* [grace, DN, the god ...], 1.123:15, see *ḥnn ḫl* be kind (?), oh DN!, 1.65:6 (poss. alt. rdg: *ḥnbn ḫl dn* [DN, god of ... (Cf. Astour JAOS 86 1966 283: “the Compassionate”, Arab. *ḥanība*; cf. Xella TRU 221; Del Olmo RC 288 n. 35).

ḥnīl PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 37 f., 65, 96, 136; Watson LSU 166).

PN: 4.332:8.

ḥnbn DN?, cf. *ḥn*.

/ḥ-n-n/ vb G/D(?): “to be / appear kind” (Hb. *ḥnn*, “to favour”, HALOT 334 f.; Ph., Pun. *ḥnn*, “to be benevolent”, DNWSI 389; Aram. *ḥnn*, “to be gracious” DJBA 474; Amor. /ḥ-n-n/, “to be gracious, to be merciful”, Gelb CAAA 20; EA Akk.: *yi-iḫ-na-nu-ni*, EAT 137:81; *yi-in₄-né-nu-nu-mi*, EAT 253:24; cf. Sivan GAGl 224; Ebla cf. Krebern timer PET 74, 83 f.; Müller Biling. 169; Catagnoti QuSem 15 258; Pagan ARES 3 122 f.; Akk. *enēnu*, “Vergünstigung gewähren”, AHW 217; “to pray, ask for mercy”, CAD E 162 f.; cf. *utnēn(n)u*, “Vergünstigung gewähren”, AHW 1444; Arab. *ḥanna*, *taḥannana*, “to be merciful”, AEL 653. Watts UF 21 1989 444 ff.). ¶ **Forms:** G/D pref. with suff. *yḥnnn*; suff. *ḥnny*.

G./D. (?). To be / appear kind: *ḥnny l pn mlk* be kind to me before the king, 2.15:3; in bkn ctx. *yḥnnn*, 1.10 I 12.

Cf. **ḥn**, **ḥnīl**, **ḥnbn**, **ḥnn**, **ḥnt**, **yḥnn**.

ḥnn (I) n. m. “kindness, benevolence” (< /ḥ-n-n/. Hb. PN *ḥnn?*l, HALOT 335; Hatra Aram. *ḥnn?*, “pity, compassion”, Palm. *ḥnn?*, “clement merciful”, DNWSI 389; JPArAm. *ḥannān*, “grantor of grace”, DJPA 209).

Kindness, benevolence, in unc. ctx.: *ḥnn ḫl* DN’s benevolence, 1.65:6 (// *nšbt*, *šlm*).

ḥnn (II) PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 21, 135 f.; Sivan GAGl 223); ¶ **syll.**: (DUMU) *ḥa-na-(an-)nu*, PRU 3 144 (RS 16.138):7; PRU 3 206 (RS 16.294):1; PRU 6 115 (RS 17.37):2.

PN: ★a) 4.75 IV 5 ([*bn*] *pīs*); 4.214 III 9; 4.298:2; 4.729:3; ★b) *bn PN*, 3.8:22; 4.356:7; 4.422:46; 5.18:6.

ḥnt n. f. “kindness, favour” (cf. /ḥ-n-n/; cf. OAss. *ennanātum*, pl. t., “Entgegenkommen, Beurlaubung”, AHW 219; “favor”, CAD E 169. Dijsktra-De Moor UF 7 1975 174; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 8 1976 433 f.; Watts UF 21 1989 443 f.). ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥnth*.

Kindness, favour: *yqrb bšl b ḥnth* DN approached in his kindness, 1.17 I 16; *ḥnt ḫl* the grace of DN, 1.179:39.

ḥpn (I) n. m. “hollow hand” > “handful”, as a measure (?) (Hb. *ḥpn*, “the hollow of both hands”, *mlʔ ḥpn*, Ex. 9:8 and par., HALOT 339; Aram./Sy. *ḥpn*, “handful”, DJPA 212; JBA *ḥwḥpnʔ*, “handful”, DJBA 442 [see *mly ḥwḥpnʔ*, “my full handfuls (of)"]; Akk. *upnu*, “(geballte) Hand” mng. 5 “Handvoll als Mass”, AHW 1424; “hollow of the hand; handful (a measure)”, CAD U/W 181f.; Gk *kófinos*, Eg. *ḥff*). ¶ **Forms:** du. *ḥpnm*.

Handful: *mlā ḥpnm* two handfuls, 4.811:12.

ḥpn (II) n. m. “greed, hoarding”, by seman. shift, vb n. < /ḥ-p-n/ as metaph. for “to take with both hands”, Sp. “a puñados” (Arab. *ḥafana*, *iḥtafana* (*linafsihi*), “to take with the palms of the two hands”, AEL 604. Greenstein UNP 41: “to make a fist”, see *ḥpn* (I)). ¶ **Forms:** sg. with suff. *ḥpnr*.

Greed: *b ḥpnk w tʕn* for your greed, be really humiliated!, 1.16 VI 58 (diff. De Moor ARTU 223: “in the prime of your strength”; Renfroe AULS 49 ff.: “limit, term” (?), Arab. *ḥff; Margalit UF 8 1986 161: “may your teeth fall out all-together into the cup-of-the-hand”, Hb. *ḥpn*, etc.).

Cf. *yḥpn*.

ḥpr n. m. “ration(s), supplies” (Akk. *ipru*, “Gerstenration, Verpflegung”, AHW 385; “barley ration”, CAD I/J 166 ff.) ¶ **Forms:** sg./pl. cstr. *ḥpr*, du. *ḥprm*.

Ration(s), supplies: *spr ḥpr bt* record of the rations of the temple, 4.269:1; cf. *ākl ḥpr bt* grain of the temple rations, 4.688:3; *spr ḥpr bnš mlk* record of rations of the “king’s men” / personnel, 4.609:1, see 4.242:23; 4.243:2 ff.; *ākl (...)* *ḥpr ʕbdm* grain (... of the) rations of the servants, 4.636:3 and *passim* *ibid.*; *ḥzr lqh ḥpr* auxiliary personnel who have received the supplies, 4.609:51; *b[n]š mlk lqh ḥpr* king’s personnel (who) take supplies, 4.859 II 1; *mlk tḥn ʕprm* TN two rations, 4.793:1; in unc. ctx.: *ḥpr ʕdn dd ākl* the ration of the gang is a “cauldronful” of grain, 2.71:17.

ḥpšt n. f. “woman gathering (straw)” (act. ptc. G < /ḥ-p-š/. Hb. *ḥpš*, “to search, track down”, HALOT 341; Arab. *ḥafaša*, “to collect (water)”, Hava 132; diff. Merlis AUL 70 ff.: “threshing woman”, Akk. *ḥabāšu*); ¶ **par.:** *ḥtbt*. ¶ **Forms:** pl. *ḥpšt*.

Woman gathering (straw): *sʕt (...)* *b grnt ḥpšt* swept (...) from the threshing-floors those gathering (straw), 1.14 III 8 and par. (/ *tbt*).

ḥq “?”, 6.79:1.

ḥqkpt (1.3 VI 13), cf. **ḥkpt**.

ḥqr TN (?) (Sem. Tropper-Vita UF 30 1998 691; Belmonte RGTC 12/2 106; Watson SEL 28 2011 26).

TN (?): in bkn ctx.: ... *d]t ytb b TN* (?) resident in TN (?), 4.557:1.

ḥr (I) n. m. “intestine(s), entrail(s)” (Akk. *erru*, *errū*, “Darm”, pl. “Eingeweide”, AHW 244; *irrū*, “intestines”, CAD I/J 181f.; Dietrich-Loretz MU 150 f.; but see Pardee TR/1 561f., 1150: “nom commun, de sens inconnu”). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥr*, suff. *ḥrh*.

Intestine(s): *ḥrh b pîth* (if) its intestines are in its temple, 1.103:54 (diff. Pardee TR/1 535: rdg [-] *ḥr*); *ḥr w šr bh* (if) it has intestines and a navel (: in the space between its eyebrows), 1.103:58; in bkn ctx.: *ḥr ḥr bnt*, the entrails, the entrails of the creatures, 1.82:13; *ātt ḥr*[, 1.174:7.

ḥr (II) PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 65, 136; Watson AuOr 30 2012 331).

PN:★a) 4.110:8; 4.139:5; 4.781:5;★b) [*bn*] PN, 4.41:5.

ḥrb n. f. “knife; sword” (Hb., Aram. *ḥrb*, “dagger, flint knife, sword”, HALOT 349 f.; DNWSI 403; Syr. *ḥarbāʾ*, “sword”, “spear point”, SL 486; cf. Arab. *ḥarb*, “war, battle”, *ḥarbat*, “dart, javelin”, AEL 540 f.; Akk. *ḥarbu*, “Umbruchpflug”, AHw 325; “a special kind of plow”, CAD Ḥ 97 f.; cf. Eg. *ḥà-r-pu*, “Schwert”, Helck Bez. 518 (172); Hoch SWET 233 ff. (324). Couroyer RB 84 1977 71 ff.; Healey UF 15 1983 49); ¶ par.: *ks*, *yd*. ¶ Forms: sg. *ḥrb*, suff. *ḥrbm* (encl. -*m*).

Knife, sword:★a) *ḥrb b bšr tštn* they put the knife in the meat, 1.15 IV 25 and par. (// *yd*); *b ḥrb tbqšnn* with a knife she split him, 1.6 II 31, cf. 1.6 V 13, haplogr. (Del Olmo MLC 231); *tspš šrh l bl ḥrb* it devours its flesh certainly without a knife, 1.96:4 (// *ks*); *ḥrb mlḥt* “salted” knife, 1.3 I 7 and par. (De Moor SP 70; diff. Wyatt MoP 85 n. 127: “jaw-shaped-knife”);★b) *ḥrb lššt* sharpened sword, 1.2 I 32; *ḥrb tšt b tšr[th]* the sword she put in its scabbard, 1.19 IV 45; *tm ḥrbm its* there with a sword I shall try (to attack him), 1.2 IV 4.

ḥrḥrt n. f. of a colour or dye, “crimson red”, by meton. prob. “flare-up” (?) (reduplicated form of /ḥ-r-r/; cf. Hb. *ḥrḥr*, “to set aglow”, HALOT 357; Akk. *ḥurḥurātu*, “Kermes-Rot”, AHw 359; “a red dye”, CAD Ḥ 250 f. diff. Caquot TOu/1 123 n. j: “brandons” (?), Hb. *ḥārā*); ¶ syll. Ug.: cf. NUMUN *ḥur-ḥu-ra-ti*, PRU 6 8 (RS 17.239):7 (?), 9; Sivan GAGl 225; Huehnergard UVST 126. Van Soldt BiOr 47 1990 733; UF 22 1990 346 f.; ¶ par.: *išt*. ¶ Forms: sg. suff. (encl. -*m* [?]) / du. *ḥrḥrtm*.

Flare-up (?), in bkn ctx.: *ḥrḥrtm w dx[x]n* (a pair of (?)) flare-up(s) (?) ..., 1.2 III 13 (// *išt*).

/ḥ-r-k/ vb G: “to burn, grill” (Hb. *ḥrk*, “to fry, roast”, HALOT 353; Aram. *ḥrk*, “to singe”, DJPA 215; “to singe, char”, DJBA 483; Arab. *ḥariqa*, *ʾaḥraqa*, “to be burnt”, “to burn”, AEL 551 f. Aartun UF 16 1984 21; Gzella BiOr 64 2007 544). ¶ Forms: G pref. with suffix *yḥrkn*.

G. To burn, grill, in bkn ctx.: *yḥrkn wyšḥmm* he shall burn and roast it, 1.175:7.

ḥrkn PN (Sem. Sivan GAGl 224); ¶ syll.: cf. DUMU *ḥa-ra-ka-na*, PRU 3 200 (RS 16.257) II 5.

PN, in bkn ctx.: *b[n] ḥrk[n]*, 4.315:3.

ḥrm PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 136; Astour CRRA 18 14; Van Soldt SAU 32 n. 259); ¶ syll.: cf. DUMU *ḥa-ra-mi*, PRU 3 187 (RS 15.43):4; Sivan GAGl 224).

PN: ★a) 4.75:1 (*bn ngxn*); 4.775:14; ★b) *bn* PN, 4.69 I 9; 4.841:49.

ḥrn DN, chthonian deity (Hb. *ḥwrwn*, HALOT 126 f., 299 f. Stadelmann SPGÄ

76 ff.; Cooper RSP 3 365 ff.; Caquot AAAS 29–30 1979–1980 173 ff.; Tsevat UF 11 1979 770 f.; Bordreuil-Caquot Syria 57 1980 348; Xella WO 19 1988 55 ff.; Kottsieper UF 16 1984 108 f.; Pardee TPM 213 ff.; Del Olmo RC 312 ff.).

DN: 1.16 VI 55; 1.100:61, 67, in unc. ctx. in ln. 73, rdg *y ḥr<n>* (see KTU ad loc., footnote 6; Del Olmo AuOr 31 2013 45 n. 34; diff. Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 191, 317: rdg *yḥr*, “poisonous lizards”); *ṣrb ḥrn bth* DN entered his house, 1.179:33; *ṣbd ḥrn* servants of DN, 1.82:41; *bt ḥrn* temple of DN, 1.124:6 *il w ḥrn* DN and DN, 1.107:38; take (the / my) cry *ṣm ḥrn mšdh* to DN, to TN, 1.100:58; *ygrš ḥrn ḥbrm* (may) DN cast out the conjurers, 1.169:9 (*// ḡlm*); in bkn ctx.: 1.82:27; 1.107:29, 31; 1.176:20.

ḥrnq n. m. “orchard” (?) (Akk. *urnuqqu*, “eine Pflanze”, AHw 1432; “a plant”, CAD U/W 235. Herrman YN 14; diff. Aartun StUL 58 f.: “Zisterne”, Arab. *ḥirniq*. Watson LSU 85: “grove”); ¶ **par.:** *krm*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. (encl. *-m* (?)) / pl. *ḥrnqm*. Orchard (?): *ātū (...)* *šd ddh ḥrnq[m]* I shall turn ... the field of her love into an orchard, 1.24:23 (*// krm*).

ḥrpt PN (etym unc. Watson AuOr 30 2012 331).

PN: *bn* PN: 4.807:9, 47; 4.841:55.

/ḥ-r-r/ vb G: “to dry up, shrivel, burn up, catch fire”; D/(G (?)): “to burn, roast” (Hb. *ḥrr*, “to burn”, HALOT 357; Ebla /ḥal/ʾalum/, in ŠĀ.ḤUL = ʾā-la/a-lum, VE 590; Kreberník ZA 73 1983 23; Akk. *erēru*, “dürr sein” (?), AHw 238; “to become moldy”, CAD E 280; Arab. *ḥarra*, “to be, become hot”, “to be thirsty”, AEL 538 ff. De Moor SP 179; SEL 5 1988 67 n. 39; Collini SEL 4 1987 39); ¶ **par.:** /ṣ-ḥ-r-r/, /š-ḥ-n/. ¶ **Forms:** G suffc. *ḥrr* (?); pfc. *yḥrr*; ptc. *ḥrr* (?); D/(G (?)) pfc. *tḥrr*.

G. To dry up, shrivel, burn up, catch fire: *b ph yrd k ḥrr zt* it will fall into his mouth when the olive tree shrivels (?), 1.5 II 5; in bkn ctx.: *ānpnm yḥr[r]* their muzzles (?) became hot, 1.12 II 37 (*// yšḥn*); *hw km ḥrr* he (remained) like one who burns (with fever), 1.12 II 40.

D/(G?). To burn, roast: *h[l] ṣr tḥrr l išt* look, you have roasted a bird on the fire, 1.23:41 (*// ṣḥrrt*).

Cf. **ḥry**, **ḥrr**, **ḥrt(n)**.

ḥrr (I) PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 136; Watson AuOr 20 2002 233).

PN: 4.214:11.

ḥrr (II) element in composite TN *mṣr ḥr[r]* (“the Northern *m.*”; cf. Van Soldt UBL 11 365 n. 9 (2), 381; UF 28 1996 677; UF 31 1999 771; Belmonte RGTC 12/2 195); ¶ **syll.:** URU *mu-a-ri* ḤU-*ra-ri*, RS 25.132 III 16. Van Soldt UF 21 1989 380 n. 30, Topography 30; Watson AuOr 19 2001 115).

Element in composite TN: *mṣr ḥr(!)[r]*, 4.365:33.

Cf. **mṣr**.

/ḥ-r-ṣ/ vb G: “to cut, bite” ((?). Arab. *ḥaraṣa*, “to rend, cleave”, AEL 547 f.; Akk.

ḥarāṣu, “ein-, abschneiden, abziehen”, AHw 323f.; “to cut down”, CAD Ḥ 92 ff.; cf. Taanak Akk. /ḥarīṣ-/ in PNN, Sivan GAGl 223 f. for this and other interpretations cf. Del Olmo IMC 129, 159, 209); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. A.ŠĀ.MEŠ: *ḥa-ar-ša-ti*, PRU 3 95 f. (RS 16.246):11, 20, Kühne UF 6 1974 165 f.; Sivan GAGl 223, Huehnergard UVST 190, and cf. *ḥrṣ* (I). ¶ **Forms:** G suffc. *ḥrṣ*; inf. (?) *ḥrṣ*. G. To cut, bite (?), in unc. ctx.: *k ḥrṣ ābn ph* biting (?), yes, with her teeth (?), 1.19 I 8; *ḥrṣ klb ilnm* the divine puppy bit (?), *ibid.* ln. 10.

Cf. *ḥrṣ* (I).

ḥrṣ (I) n. m. “spare item, object or animal, in reserve” (etym. unc. Tropper UG 383; Del Olmo AuOr 30 2012 7 n. 14, Akk. *ḥirṣu*, “a block to fit, exact copy”, CAD Ḥ 199 (?); for the various interpretations see Del Olmo AuOr 39 2012 6 f. n. 14; Watson LSU 85; e.g. Merlis AUL 77 ff.: “mace, club”, Akk. *ḥilṣu*; Good UF 16 1984 77 ff.: “threshing sledge”, Hb. *ḥārūṣ*). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥrṣ*.

Spare item, object or animal, in reserve (chariot horses and wheels): ★a) together with *šmd*: *šmdm w ḥrṣ* two pairs (horses) and another as a spare or in reserve, 4.384:11 (in contrast to *āḥd(m)*, “separate, no yoked horse”, ln. 12 ff.); *šmd w ḥrṣ* one pair (of horses) and another as a spare, 4.368:2 and *pas-sim*. *ibid.* (diff. McGeough UGET 251 f., 259 f.: “plow / threshing sledge”, and in 4.377:5, 6; *ḥmš šmdm w ḥrṣ tryn ššwm* five pairs and spare piece(s) of horse paddings, 4.169:4; *ārbṣ šmdm āpnt w ḥrṣ* four pairs of wheels and another as a spare, *ibid.* ln. 8; cf. *tlṭ šmdm w ḥrṣ āpnt* three pairs of wheels and another in reserve, 4.145:8 (diff. McGeough UGET 108: “and a cart-box”); ★b) in other constructions: *w tlṭ ṣšrm ḥpnt ššwm tn pdm w d tl mrkbt w ḥrṣ* and twenty-three protective paddings, two worn out, that is what corresponds to six chariot bodies plus another as a spare, 4.363:9; in bkn ctx.: 4.323:2; 4.577:2, 3.

ḥrṣ (II) n. m. “quicklime, whitewash” (Arab. *ḥurḍu*, AEL 548; Renfroe AULS 118 ff. diff. Merlis AUL 7 ff.: “whiteness”, Arab. *ḥurḍu*, Akk. *ḥarṣu*; Dietrich-Loretz UF 11 1979 194 ff.: “Beigaben”, /ḥ-r-ṣ/; Caquot-Szyncer TOu/1 433: “corruption”, Arab. *ḥaraḍu*; Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 190: “gold”, *ḥrṣ*; Watson UF 22 1990 423: “a mineral”, Akk. (*ḥ*)*urīzu*; for the various interpretations cf. Sasson RSP 1 414; Del Olmo IMC 195, 209; Watson AuOr 19 2001 289; LSU 148); ¶ **par.:** *spsg*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥrṣ*.

Quicklime: *yšk (...)* *ḥrṣ l qdqdy* one will pour / will be poured (...) quicklime upon my skull, 1.17 VI 37 (// *spsg*).

/ḥ-r-š/ vb Gt: “to make spells or incantations” (cf. *ḥrṣ* (II)). Hb. *ḥršym*, “magic”, HALOT 358; JArAm. *ḥrṣ*(?), “fascinator, charmer”, DTT 597; JBArAm. *ḥrṣ*, “to enchant”, DJBA 485; Syr. *ḥrṣ*, pa. “to practice magic arts”, *ḥarrašā*?, “magician”, SL 496; Eth. *ḥarasa*, “practice sorcery”, CDG 243). ¶ **Forms:** Gt *ḥrṣ*.

Gt. To make spells or incantations: *ānk ḥrṣ w āškn* I myself shall make an incantation and shall prepare, 1.16 V 26.

Cf. ḥrš (II).

ḥrš (I) n. m. 1) “craftsman, manual worker”; 2) “artisan, builder, armourer, fitter” (< /ḥ-r-š/. Hb., Ph., Pun. *ḥrš*, “artisan, craftsman”, HALOT 357f.; DNWSI 408. Loewenstamm AOAT 204 1980 78ff. diff. Dietrich-Loretz UF 31 1999 165ff.: “Weiser”, cf. Akk. *eršu*, with survey of other interpretations; also Dietrich-Loretz Studien 97f.); ¶ **syll. Ug.:** ...] = *i-t[i]n-ni* = *ḥa-ra-šu*, UF 11 1979 479 (RS 20.189):7. Huehnergard UVST 126; Van Soldt BiOr 47 1990 734; SAU 303; cf. *ḥ]a-ra-š[u*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) III 18 and Sivan GAGI 225: < /ḥ-r-ṭ/; Huehnergard JAOS 107 1987 723: /ḥar(r)ašu/ “deaf”; Van Soldt SAU 303); ¶ **RS Akk.:** cf. LÚ(.MEŠ).DÍM É(.MEŠ), PRU 6 93 (RS 17.131):11; PRU 6 131 (RS 19.35 A):1; LÚ.TIBIRA.GÍD, PRU 6 93 (RS 17.131):12; LÚ.NAGAR GIŠ.GIGIR, PRU 6 93 (RS 17.131):13. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥrš*; pl. *ḥršm*, cstr. *ḥrš*, with suff. *ḥršy*; du. *ḥršm*.

1) Craftsman, manual worker: ★a) PN *ḥrš* craftsman, 4.103:3, 58; 4.321:1; *ṭṭ l ḥr[šm* three (of wine) for the wor[kers ..., 4.216:2; *ṭṭ š'rt l ḥršm* three of wool for the workers, 4.705:2; *tn ḥršm* two workers, 4.141 III 12, 14; *ḥrš dt tbšln b TN* workers who are working in TN, 4.141 III 5, 7; *ānk ḥrš lqht w ḥwt hbt I*, the workman, have assumed and settled the matter / repaired the house, 2.70:14; *ḥrš b TN* a craftsman in TN, 4.812:3 (Lemaire UF 30 1998 461ff.); in bkn ctx.: 4.207:3; 4.618:11, 12); ★b) *rb ḥršm* head of the workmen, 4.145:9 (cf. *infra*: *ḥrš mrkbt*); *spr ḥršm* list of workmen, 4.155:1; 4.207:1. 4.215:1, cf. *infra*: *ḥrš qšt*; *bt ḥrš* workshop, forge, 1.12 II 61 (// *bt il*; diff. Gray UF 3 1971 67 n. 54: “house of confinement”, Akk. *ḥarištu*, Arab. *ḥurš*; De Moor ARTU 134: “the house of magic”, cf. *ḥrš* (II); Dietrich-Loretz Studien 97f., 100f.: “Haus des Weisen”, but cf. Del Olmo AuOr 25 2007 160); ★c) in divine titles: *hyn d ḥrš yd(m) DN*, the ambidextrous craftsman, 1.3 VI 23 and par. (Lipiński UF 20 1988 138; diff. Ayali-Darshan UF 43 2011 4: “Ea of the Artisans”, Emar Akk.: ^dÉ-a ša LÚ.SIMUG); *ktr ḥrš DN* “the Craftsman”, 1.92:17 (Rahmouni DEUAT 178f.). 2) Artisan, builder, armourer: ★a) artisan: *bn ḥrš* artisan, 4.545 II 6; *ḥrš qtn* artisan of trinkets, hardware / filigree (?), 4.47:9; 4.98:9; 4.183 II 6; 4.370:35; 4.609:23; 4.630:12; 4.742:12; 4.745:8; 4.836:18; 4.837:11; 4.807:9 (see *qtn*. Cf. RS Akk.: LÚ.TIBIRA.GÍD, PRU 6 93 (RS 17.131):12; Rainey IOS 3 1973 44f.; Heltzer UF 29 1997 212ff.: “producers of swords (sickle-swords)”; ★b) boat-builder, shipwright: *ḥrš ānyt* caulkers, 4.125:1; of buildings (cf. *supra*): *ḥrš b(h)tm* bricklayer(s) (cf. *supra*): 4.35 I 16; 4.38:6; 4.47:10; 4.183 I 1; 4.370:14; 4.609:18; 4.630:8; 4.837:5; 4.838:8; of vehicles: *ḥrš mrkbt* cartwright(s) (cf. *supra*): 4.47:9; 4.98:6, 8; 4.141 III 20; 4.183 II 12; 4.243:2; 4.836:13; 4.837:9; 4.838:18; 4.858:8 (Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 107); ★c) master armourer, assembler: *ḥrš arkd* assembler of a., 4.277:9; *ḥrš qšt* bow assemblers, 4.215:1 (Sanmartín UF 20 1988 266f. n. 7; Dietrich-Loretz UF 41 2009 56); in bkn ctx.: *ḥbq l ḥršm*, 4.201:6; *w ḥršy* and my craftsmen, 2.85:20.

Cf. ḤRŠ (III).

ḤRŠ (II) n. m. “magic spell” (cf. /ḥ-r-š/. Hb. *ḥršym*, “magic”, HALOT 358; JPArām. *ḥršyn*, “sorcery”, DJPA 216; Syr. *ḥe/aršē*, “magic arts”, SL 496; Eth. *ḥar(a)s*, “incantation” CDG 243). ¶ **Forms:** pl. *ḥršm*.

Spell: *t]št ḥršm l āhlm* she put spells in the tents, 1.19 IV 60.

ḤRŠ (III) PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 28, 136).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.214 II 15.

ḤRT(n) PN (etym. unc.).

PN: ★a) 4.371:14; ★b) *bn PN*, 4.658:21 (*ḥrtm*); 4.711:4.

/ḥ-r-t/ vb G: “to plough, till, farm the land” (Hb. *ḥrš*, “to plough”, HALOT 357; OArām., Palm. *ḥrt*, “to plough”, DNWSI 407; Syr. *ḥrat*, “to hollow out”, pa. “to plough”, SL 496; Arab. *ḥarata*, “to plough”, AEL 541 f.; Akk. *erēšu*, “besäen (mit Saatpflug)”, AHW 238 f.; “to seed by drilling seed into a furrow”, CAD E 285 ff.; Eth. *ḥarasa*, “to plow”, CDG 243; cf. EA Akk. /ḥarāšu/, *aḥ-ri-šu*, EAT 365:11; Rainey UF 3 1971 165; Sivan GAGI 225; DNWSI 407; Ebla cf. AN.EDIN.AKA = *ti-ir-iš-du-um*, *da-ir-iš-du-um*, *te-rí-iš-du*, VE 790; Lambert Biling. 397; Krebern timer PET 52. Pagan ARES 3 125; Dietrich-Loretz UF 18 1986 109); ¶ **syll. Ug.:** *ḥ]a-ra-š[u*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) III 18; cf. Sivan GAGI 225; /ḥ-r-t/, but Huehn-ergard JAOS 107 1987 723; UVST 126: *ḥar(r)ašu*, “deaf”. Van Soldt SAU 303: Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) III 18 (?); ¶ **par.:** /t-l-t/. ¶ **Forms:** G pref. *ṭḥrt*, *yḥrt*; act. ptc. sg. m. *ḥrt*; pl. m. *ḥrtm*.

G. To plough, till, farm the land: *yḥrt k gn āp lb* he ploughed his chest like an orchard, 1.5 VI 20 and par. (/ *ytlṭ*); *tl mrt yḥrt il* dew of must that DN had grown, 1.22 I 20 (diff. Aartun UF 16 1984 21 f.: “das Ackerland des Il”); *ālp ḥrt* work ox, 1.14 III 18 and par.; *ālp m ḥrtm* work oxen, 2.45:22.

Cf. **ḤRT**, **mḥrtt**.

ḤRT n. m. “ploughman, farmhand, cowherd” (< /ḥ-r-t/. Hb. *ḥrš*, “to plough”, act. ptc., HALOT 358; Akk. *errēšu*, “Landpächter, Landwirt”, AHW 243; “tenant farmer, cultivator”, CAD E 304 ff.; Arab. *ḥarrāt*, *ḥārit*, “sower, plougher”, “collector”, AEL 542; Eth. *ḥarāsi*, “plowman, farmer”, CDG 243); ¶ **par.:** /ḥ-d-b/ (+ *dgn*). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥrt*, suff. *ḥrth*; pl. *ḥrtm*.

Ploughman, farmhand, cowherd: 4.65:1; 4.609:27; *šbḥb ḥrtm* seven (unskilled labourers go) with the ploughmen, 4.141 III 1; (rations) *l ḥrtm* for the ploughmen, 4.175:10; *tt ḥrtm lqh šrt* six ploughmen receive (rations of) wool, 4.630:6; *nšū riš ḥrtm* the farmhands raised their heads (/ *ṣdb dgn*), 1.16 III 12; cowherd, who ploughs with oxen: *ālp PN dt āḥd ḥrth* head of cattle of PN which his cowherd has collected, 4.296:9; cf. (...) *d āḥd ḥrt* (...) which his cowherd has collected, ln. 15, 17; in TNN: *gt ḥrtm* “Farmstead of the Labourers”, 4.141 III 11; 4.618:21; 4.625:17 (cf. Astour RSP 2 276 f.; Belmonte RGTC 12/2 86: **Gittu-ḥarrātīma*).

ḥry PN (etym. unc.; cf. Arab. *ḥurraṭ*, *ḥurriyyat*, AEL 538f. Gröndahl PTU 56, 136; Sasson UF 6 1974 361; De Moor-Spronk UF 14 1982 168; Muchiki Loanwords 66; Watson LSU 166).

PN: ★a) name of king *krt*'s wife, *passim* in 1.14.-1.16.; ★b) *bn PN*: 4.281:14.

ḥryt TN, residence of the god(s) *z̥z w km̥t* (etym. unc. Caquot Syria 46 1969 246; Dietrich-Loretz UF 12 1980 161; Pardee TPM 212 n. 64; Watson LSU 200; diff. De Moor ARTU 150: *rdg qryth*). ¶ **Forms**: sg. suff. *ḥryth* (adv. -h).

Mythical TN: *ql bl šm z̥z w km̥t ḥryth* take (the / my) cry to DN, at TN, 1.100:36.

ḥrzn PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 20, 23, 136, 140; Lipiński OLA 23 1988 129 n. 26; Watson AuOr 8 1990 119, 245); ¶ **syll.**: cf. DUMU *ḥa-ra-ZI-na*, Syria 18 1937 246 (RS 8.145):11; *ḥa-ru-ZI-en-ni*, Syria 15 1934 137 (RS [Varia 3]):11, 22; cf. *ḥu-ra-ša-na*, PRU 3 102 (RS 15.109):13; PRU 3 118 (RS 15.155):13; PRU 6 83 (RS 17.430) III 5; cf. Sivan GAGl 224, 228.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.63 II 23; 4.69 V 10; 4.93 I 5, 8; 4.422:39; 4.711:3; 4.759:1; in bkn ctx.: 4.260:3.

Cf. **ḥršn**.

ḥsk adj. m. “awarded, assigned” (cf. Akk. *esēku*, “zuweisen”, AHW 248; cf. “to assign”, CAD E 327ff.: *esēḥu*. Watson LSU 85. Cf. Aram. *ḥsk*, “to spare, save”, DJPA 210; haf. “to withhold”, DNWSI 411). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥsk*.

Awarded, assigned (of wine): *yn l mrynm ḥsk klh* wine for the *m.*: assigned in its entirety, 4.230:1.

/ḥ-s-l/ vb G/D: “to wipe out, destroy”; N: “to be destroyed” (Hb. *ḥsl*, hi. “to eat away”, HALOT 338; JAram. *ḥsl*, “to cease, have done”, af. “to finish”, DTT 488; EA Akk.: *ḥa-si-lu*, EA 263:13; cf. Sivan GAGl 225. Held AS 16 398ff.; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 7 1975 138; Pardee TR/2 1150: “consommer”; Rainey UF 27 1995 706: D). ¶ **Forms**: G pref. suff. *yḥslnn*; N pref. *yḥsl*.

G./D. To wipe out, destroy: *mlkn yšdd ḥwt ḥbh wyḥslnn* the king will devastate the land of his enemy and destroy it, 1.103:38 and par.

N. To be destroyed: *ḏrḥ ḥwt hyt yḥsl* the seed of that land will be destroyed, 1.103:55 and par. ln. 14.

ḥsm “?” (Bordreuil-Caquot Syria 57 1980 351).

?: in bkn ctx.: *ḥsm*, 1.176:15.

ḥsn n. m. “grasshoppers, locusts” (Eth. *hasen*, “butterfly”, CDG 245; cf. Hb. *ḥsyl*, “locust, cockroach”, HALOT 337f. Kogan UF 36 2004 203; ¶ **syll.**: cf. the element /ḥasilu/ in PNN; Sivan GAGl 223; ¶ **par.**: *ḥrby*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥsn*.

Grasshoppers, locusts: *km ḥsn pāt mdbr* like grasshoppers on the desert fringes, 1.14 III 1; IV 30 (/ *ḥrby*).

/ḥ-s-p/ vb G: “to draw, collect water” (Hb. *ḥśp*, “to skim off (water)”, HALOT 359. De Moor SP 97; Gray UF 11 1979 320). ¶ **Forms**: G pref. with suffix *tḥspn*; act. ptc. f. cf. *ḥspt*.

G. To draw, collect water: *tḥspn mh w trḥṣ* they drew water for her and washed (her), 1.3 II 38 and par.

Cf. **ḥsp**, **ḥspt**.

ḥsp adj. m. “decanted, drained, without sediment” (< pass. ptc. /ḥ-s-p/; cf. Emar /ḥaspu/, “a kind of wine”, Pentiuc Vocabulary 58; Xella TRU 343f.; Aartun UF 16 1984 21; De Moor NYCI/2 28 n. 117). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥsp*.

Decanted, drained, without sediment (said of quality wine; often differentiated from *yn mšb*): *yn ḥsp d nkly b dbḥ* decanted wine that has been used up during the sacrifice, 4.213:24; cf. *yn ḥsp l m[lk (?)* decanted wine for the k[ing (?), *ibid.* ln. 25; cf. *lyb²*], ln. 26; *yn ḥsp l ql d tbṣ mšr²m* decanted wine for the courier who left for Egypt, *ibid.* ln. 27; *tgmṛ yn mšb (nn) w ḥsp (nn)* total of the cellar wine: (nn), and of decanted (wine): (nn), 1.91:36; with ellipsis of *yn*: *bīr ṣšr mḥ[b w k]dm ṣsp* TN ten of cellar (wine) and two jars of decanted (wine), 1.91:29.

Cf. /ḥ-s-p/.

ḥspt n. f. “she who collects” (act. ptc. G < /ḥ-s-p/. Dietrich Loretz UF 17 1985 95 ff.); ¶ **par.**: *tkmt*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥspt*.

She who collects: *ḥspt l ṣšr ṭl* she who collects dew from the fleece, 1.19 II 2 and par. (// *tkmt*).

Cf. /ḥ-s-p/.

/ḥ-s/ (?) vb “?” (Caquot-Dalix RSOu 14 399 f.).

?, in unc. ctx.: *yḥṣ*, 1.179:13.

ḥṣ n. m. “gravel” (Hb. *ḥṣṣ*, “pebbles, gravel”, HALOT 345; Akk. *ḫiṣṣu*, “Kies”, AHw 349; “rubble, gravel”, CAD H 204; Syr. *ḥṣaṣā²*, “gravel”, SL 482; Arab. *ḥaṣān*, “pebbles”, AEL 587; Eth. *ḥoṣā*, “sand, gravel”, CDG 266 f. De Moor SP 118; survey: Watson SEL 21 2004 71–73); ¶ **par.**: *mll*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *ḥṣ*.

Gravel, in bkn ctx.: *k ḥṣ tūsp* [like gravel, it is collected ..., 1.1 IV 11 (// *mll*. Del Olmo IMC 43; diff. Caquot-Sznycer TOu/1 308 n. k: “javelle”, *ḥṣṣ/y); in unc. and bkn ctx.: *k ḥṣ*, 1.16 IV 5 (De Moor ARTU 218: “like gravel”; diff. Del Olmo MLC 516, 564: rdg *kḥṣ*, “partió”; Wyatt RTU 233 n. 62: “off sped”, Arab. *kaḥaṣa*; Del Olmo MLRSO 201: “como una flecha”, *ḥṣ* as allog. of *ḥz* (?)).

ḥṣb PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 137; Watson AuOrS 27 104; AuOr 30 2012 331). PN: in the composite TN *gt ḥṣb*, 4.409:7 (< (?) */ḥ-ṣ-b/; Belmonte RGTC 12/2 86 f.: **Gittu-ḥaṣṣabi*).

Cf. **ḥṣbn**.

ḥṣbn PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 21, 137; Watson AuOr 14 1996 98; AuOrS 27 104; AuOr 30 2012 331).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.33:14 (*āry*).

ḥṣn PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 137; ¶ **syll.**: (DUMU) *ḥu-ṣa-nu*, PRU 3 79 (RS

16.239):4; PRU 3 102 (RS 15.138+):25. Sivan GAGl 225; Huehnergard UVST 242, 252 n. 165.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.63 III 11; 4.232:19.

Cf. *ḥzn*.

ḥṣqt(n) PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 23, 137); ¶ **syll.**: cf. *ḥa-ṣí-qá/qa-ta-nu*, PRU 3 142 (RS 16.134):5, 9. Sivan GAGl 225; Huehnergard UVST 220, 240; Tropper UG 98: *ḥzq).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.428:7; 4.692:9; 4.692:9: *ḥṣqtn*[, prob. a var. with encl. -n.

/ḥ-š/ (I) vb G: “to hurry, make haste”; Š: “to make somebody hurry up” (Hb. *ḥwš*, “to hurry”, HALOT 300; Akk. *ḥāšu*, *ḥiāšu*, “hineilen”, AHw 343; “to move quickly”, CAD H 146; *ḥiša*, “quickly”, CAD H 204; Arab. *ḥatta*, “to hasten, hurry”, AEL 511 f.; Eth. *ḥosa*, “to move”, CDG 250. De Moor SP 128; Grelot JSS 1 1956 202 ff.); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. PN *ia-TAR-ši*, PRU 3 160 (RS 16.282):6 ff. Sivan GAGl 225: *ia-ḥuṣ-ši*, but cf. Huehnergard AkkUg 354 n. 4. ¶ **Forms**: G prefc. *āḥš*; impv. / inf. *ḥš* (adv. “quickly”; cf. Hb. *ḥw/yšh*); Š impv. *šḥš*.

G. To hurry, make haste: *d lylkn ḥš* who cannot go quickly, 1.1 IV 7 (cf. 1.1 III 27); *ḥš rmm hk[lm]* quickly erect the palace, 1.4 V 52 and par.; *mnd ṣ k ānk āḥš mgy* perhaps (it is the case) that I must hurry to come, 2.34:11; *ky ḥš k lāk* hurry up, send, yes, a message, 2.88:34.

Š. To make somebody hurry up: *p PNI šḥš* and so make PN hurry up, 2.103:29.

/ḥ-š/ (II) vb G: “to feel” (cf. Hb. *ḥwš*, “to feel pain, care, take notice”, HALOT 300; Akk. *ḥāšu*, “sich sorgen”, AHw 334 f.; “to move quickly, to rush to a goal”, CAD H 146 f.; Arab. *ḥassa*, “to be, become tender, compassionate”, AEL 563 f. Cf. Caquot SEL 5 1988 33; Del Olmo CR 322). ¶ **Forms**: G prefc. *āḥš*.

G. To feel: [*id*] *y alt l āḥš* then I shall not feel any curse on me!, 1.82:2 (diff. De Moor UF 11 1979 650: “to hasten”, cf. *ḥwš* (I)).

Cf. /ḥ-š/.

ḥšbn PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 137. Sivan GAGl 225).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.309:7.

/ḥ-š-k/ vb G: “to seize, grasp” (cf. Hb. *ḥšk*, “to keep back, withhold”, HALOT 359; Arab. *ḥašaka*, “to collect, assemble”, AEL 576; diff. Cassuto GA 126: “to spare”, Hb. *ḥšk*, Pr 13:24; De Moor SP 106; ARTU 9: “hurry up!”, rdg *ḥš-k*; cf. Watson UF 9 1977 274). ¶ **Forms**: G impv. *ḥšk*.

G. To seize, grasp: *ḥšk ṣšk ṣbšk* grasp your staff (and) your mace, 1.3 III 18 and par. (diff. De Moor SP 106: “hurry up! Press on! Make haste!”, “may be infinitives with suffixes” < /ḥ-š/ “to hurry”; followed by others, but seman. and morph. unlikely).

ḥšn n. m. “?” (De Moor ARTU 74 n. 345: “bliss”, Arab. *ḥasanat*).

?, in bkn ctx.: *tbt ḥš[n ...]y arṣ ḥšn*[, 1.5 III 3–4.

ḥt “?” (Watson JSS 59 2014 209: “plank, beam”, Syr. *ḥt*).

?, in bkn ctx.: *ḥt l mlk*], 4.396:17; 4.247:11 (?); 7.222:6 (?).

/ḥ-t-k/ vb G: “to rule, exercise power over” (cf. Hb. *ḥtk*, “to determine”, HALOT 364. De Moor SP 241; Smith UNP 164; diff. Healey UF 12 1980 408 f.: “care for”, Akk. *etēku*; Husser UF 29 1997 235: “fait descendre vers toi”, Ug. /n-ḥ-t/); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. Sivan GAGl 225: /ḥ-t-k/. ¶ **Forms:** G pref. *ḥtk*.

G. To rule, exercise power over: *špš rpīm ḥtk špš ḥtk ilnym* DN, you rule over the DN!, DN you rule over the divine beings!, 1.6 VI 46–47 (diff. Caquot-Szyncer TOu/1 270 n. i: “en-dessous de toi”, rdg *ḥt + k*).

ḥtk (I) n. m. “ruler > progenitor, father” (< (?) act. ptc. /ḥ-t-k/. Smith UNP 159: “begetter”); ¶ **par.:** *āb*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥtkk*.

Progenitor: *hwt ltpn ḥtkk* word of “the Benevolent one”, your progenitor, 1.6 IV 11 and par. (/ *ābk*); in bkn ctx.: *ḥt[kk]*, 1.16 II 15.

ḥtk (II) n. m. “lineage, offspring” (< (?) pass. ptc. /ḥ-t-k/. Greenstein UNP 12; Watson *Historiae* 10 2013 37 f., survey of opinions); ¶ **par.:** *mknt*, *tbt*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥtk*, suff. *ḥtkh*, *ḥtkn*.

Lineage, offspring: *w bšr ḥtk dgn* do receive the good news, offspring of DN, 1.10 III 34 (/ *[b]*); for the par. cf. ln. 11, 14. Rahmouni DEUAT 180 f. diff. Wyatt UF 24 1992 415 f.: “Ruler of the Rain”); *krt ḥtkn rš* PN was left with his lineage ruined, 1.14 I 10 and par. (/ *mknt*; diff. De Moor SP 241: “exerted the *patria potestas*”, cf. /ḥ-t-k/; Dietrich-Loretz Fs. Elliger 32 f.: “Herrschaftsbereich”, cf. *ḥtk* (III); Verreet UF 19 1991 320, 335: lexeme *ḥtkn* “Ahnenschaft”); in bkn ctx.: *l ḥtk*], 1.81:9 (in a god list).

ḥtk (III) n. m. “sovereignty, power” (< /ḥ-t-k/; cf. Dietrich-Loretz UF 12 1980 178 f.). ¶ **Forms:** sg. suff. *ḥtkk*, *ḥtkh*.

Sovereignty, power: *l rpī ārš (...)* *ḥtkk*, from the “r. of the earth” (...) (is / be) your power, 1.108:23 and par. (in the series *ʾz*, *ḏmr*, *lān*, *nmrt*).

ḥtl n. m. “baby’s napkin, nappy” (Hb. *ḥtwlt*, “swaddling bands”, HALOT 364; cf. OAss. *ḥatlunum*, “ein Ggst.”, AHW 336; “a garment or object”, CAD Ḥ 150. Kapelrud Ug 6 322; Ribichini-Xella Tessili 37; Watson LSU 120; SEL 26 2009 16 f.; Vita TT 329). ¶ **Forms:** pl. suff. *ḥtlk*.

Nappy: *qh ksānk ḥdgk ḥtlk* take your stool, your birthing chair (?), your nappies, 1.12 I 19.

ḥtn “?” (*ḥt + n* (?)).

?, in bkn ctx.:] *ḥtn qn yšbt*, 1.17 VI 9.

ḥtp n. m., a type of sacrifice (cf. Akk. *ḥitpu*, ein Art Schlachtopfer, AHW 349; a type of sacrifice, CAD Ḥ 207; cf. Eg. *ḥtp*, “Speisen, Mahl” bes. von den Opfern für Götter, WäS/3 184 ff.; OArām. *ḥtpy*, prob. mng: “offering”, DNWSI 414 f.; cf. Arab. *ḥatf*, “death”, AEL 510. Spaliger JSSEA 8 1978 55, 59; Xella RSF 6 1978 135 f.; Boyd UF 17 1985 64 n. 24; Hallo FS Levine 43–50; Pardee TR/2 1150; LeMon UF 37 2005 387 n. 55; Watson LSU 85 f., 140; diff. Rinaldi BiOr 22 1980

62: “Räuber” > “Beute, Opfer”); ¶ **par.:** *šrt, mdr*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *htp*.[

A type of sacrifice: *htp bš[l n]mlu a ḥ.(-sacrifice)*, DN, shall we fulfil, 1.119:32 (// *mdr, šrt*).

ḥtt n. m. “terror” (Hb. *ḥtt*, “terrors”, HALOT 365; Akk. *ḥattu*, “Schrecken, Panik”, AHW 336; “panic, fear”, CAD Ḥ 150. Caquot TOu/2 68 n. 199; Del Olmo AuOr 29 2011 247, 254; diff. a type of illness (“ringworm”(?)) < Arab. *ḥatat*, *ḥutāt*, AEL 509. De Moor-Spronk UF 16 1984 244 f.). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥtt*.

Terror: *bn ḥtt* the son of terror (?), 1.82:23.

Cf. **ḥtt**.

ḥtt n. m. “silver” (Hattic-Hurr. */ḥat=;/ cf. (KUR.)URU KÙ.BABBAR-*ti(-)* / (KUR.)URU *ḥa-at-ti(-)*, URU KÙ.BABBAR-*ša(-)* / URU *ḥa-at-tu-ša(-)*, HW 67; Tischler HEG 211 ff. Cf. Watson LSU 120, 140); ¶ **par.:** *hrš*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥtt*.

Silver: *yšq b gl ḥtt yn* he poured wine into a silver cup, 1.14 IV 1 and par. (// *hrš*).

Cf. **ḥttn**.

ḥtt (II) TN (< **ḥtt** (I). Bordreuil-Pardee ManUg 199).

TN: *ḥpn ḥtt*, one ḥ from TN, 2.109:6.

ḥttn PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 30, 137; Kienast UF 11 1979 450).

PN: 3.4:6 (Van Soldt SAU 40); 4.141 I 19, II 10; 4.277:11.

Cf. **ḥdtn**.

ḥtb (I) n. m. “wood-cutter” (act. ptc. G < */ḥ-t-b/. Hb. *ḥtb*, “to cut and gather firewood”, HALOT 306; JAram. *ḥtbh*, “cutting, chopping”, DTT 447; Arab. *ḥātib*, “collector of firewood” AEL 594; Eth. *ḥatāb(i)*, *ḥatṭāb*, “woodcutter, one who gathers (wood)”, CDG 248. Görg BN 5 1978 7 ff.). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥtb*; pl. *ḥtbm*.

Wood-cutter: PNN *ḥt'bm* wood-cutters, 4.609:20; *dd š'rm l ḥmr ḥtb a d.* of barley for the wood-cutter's donkey, 4.269:24.

Cf. **ḥtb** (II), **ḥtbt**.

ḥtb (II) PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 28, 137).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.611 I 2.

ḥtbt n. f. “(female) wood-cutter” (< **ḥtb** (I)); ¶ **par.:** *ḥpšt*. ¶ **Forms:** pl. *ḥtbt* (rdg *ḥtb<t>* in 1.14 IV 51).

(Female) wood-cutter: *sft b šdm ḥtbt[[h]]* the female wood-cutters swept from the fields, 1.14 III 8 (// *ḥpšt*); rdg *ḥtb<t>* (// *ḥpšt*) en 1.14 IV 51 (diff. De Moor-Spronk UF 14 1982 166: rdg *ḥtbh*, coll. sg. “its (i.e. the town's) wood-gatherers”, cf. *ḥtb*; see also Greenstein IOS 18 1998 108; UNP 16, 20: “the men cutting wood”).

Cf. **ḥtb**.

ḥtt n. f. “wheat” (Hb. *ḥth*, “wheat”, HALOT 307; OAram. *ḥ(n)t(t)?*, “wheat”, DNWSI 363; Arab. *ḥinṭat*, “wheat”, AEL 657; cf. Akk. *uṭṭatu*, “grain”, AHW 1446;

“Getreide, Gerste, Korn”, “edible grain”, CAD 349 ff.; Emar /*ḥittu*/, “wheat”, Pentiuc Vocabulary 70. Watson AuOr 25 2007 131; ¶ **par.:** *ākl*; ¶ **RS Akk.:** cf. GIG(.MEŠ), *passim*, PRU 6 158. ¶ **Forms:** sg./pl. *ḥtt*, pl. *ḥtm* (Gordon UT § 8.9; Tropper UG 300); cf. the spelling *ḥtm* in 4.710:4, 7; 5.22:24.

Wheat: ★**a**) prepare *ḥtt l bt ḥbr* wheat of TN, 1.14 II 29 and par. (/ / *ākl*; cf. *bt* (I) 3.); *nṣm l ḥtt b ṣn* a delight is (the rain) for the wheat in the furrow, 1.16 III 9; ★**b**) coll. pl. (*ḥtm*) in econ. texts, measured in *dd*: 4.225:11; 4.269:25, 32; 4.400:4, 9, 13, 17; 4.608:4; 6.61:2 (Van Soldt UF 21 1989 382); measured in *prś/s*: 4.225:9; cf. (...) *pršm ḥtm* (so many) *p.* of wheat, 4.710:4, 7 (RS Akk.: GUR GIG(.MEŠ), PRU 6 107 (RS 19.25):10; PRU 6 108 (RS 19.83) rev. 1; PRU 6 152 (RS 18.270):1); *kbd ḥtm* 4.211:5; used elliptically in 4.345:5; *ḥtm*, 5.22:24 (Dietrich-Loretz KA 191: “Weizen”; diff. Watson AuOr 29 2011 165: “halter, muzzle”, Akk. *ḥaṭāmu*, “to muzzle”).

ḥt n. m. “unleavened bread” (cf. Arab. *ḥutt*, “bread without any seasoning”, AEL 512; Akk. *ḥaššu* eine Süßspeise, AHw 334; describing a dish of emmer soup, CAD H 142 f. De Moor NYCI/2 15; for discussion cf. Watson SEL 12 1995 223 f.; Pardee TR/1 178 f.: error for *ḥt(m)* (?)). ¶ **Forms:** du. *ḥtm*.

Unleavened bread: *w tn ḥtm* and two unleavened loaves, 1.41:22 and par. (diff. Pardee CS/1 300 n. 18: “cages”, Akk. *ḥšū*).

ḥtb n. m. “bill, account” (< /ḥ-t-b/; cf. Arab. *ḥisāb*, “numbering, counting”, AEL 567; cf. Eg. *ḥšb.w*, “die Rechnung”, WäS/3 167. Rainey UF 3 1971 159; JAOS 94 1974 185 and n. 10; Bordreuil et al. CRAIBL 1984 433; Watson LSU 140 and n. 602; Eg. *ḥšb). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥtb*.

Bill, account: *ṣl ḥwt l ḥtb d ānyt grgmšh* on the country’s account regarding the bill of the ship (bound) for TN, 4.779:12.

Cf. **ḥtbn**.

ḥtbn n. m. “balance, account(s)” (< /ḥ-t-b/; Hb., OArām., Palm. *ḥšbn*, “reckoning”, HALOT 360; “account”, DNWSI 441; Arab. *ḥusbān*, *ḥisāb*, “numbering, account”, AEL 567. Liverani UF 11 1979 501 ff.; Dietrich-Loretz UF 12 1980 274 ff.; Pardee Syria 77, 2000, 29). ¶ **Forms:** sg./pl. cstr. *ḥtbn*.

Balance, account(s): *ḥtbn PN* to PN’s account, 4.158:2; *spr ḥtbn sbrdnm* book of accounts of the bronzesmiths, 4.337:1. Cf. *tmn ṣšrh šmn ḥtbn w tšt* eighteen (jars) and one *t.* of oil on account, 4.771:7 (De Moor UF 17 1985 222 f.; Del Olmo UF 20 1988 32).

Cf. **ḥtb**.

ḥtrt: adj. f. “fierce, mighty” (etym. unc. Cf. Arab. *ḥaṭira*, “être épais et dur au toucher”, DAF 377. Pardee USF 35, 37; Watson UF 40 2008 551 f.: Eg. *ḥz3*).

¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥtrt*.

Fierce, mighty: *nmr ḥtrt ṣtrt*, a fierce panther is DN, 1.180:4 f.

ḥwt n. f. “country, land, territory” (Hb. *ḥwh*, “tent camp, tent village”, HALOT

296; Pun. *ḥwt*, prob. mng “town, borough”, DNWSI 353. De Moor SP 30 n. 47; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 6 1974 25 f.; Herdner Ug 7 52 f.; Wesselius AION 39 1979 105 f.; Watson LSU 140; ¶ **syll. Ug.:** U[N = *mātu* = *u*]-*mi-in₄-n*[*i*] = [*ḥ*]*u-wa-tu₄*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) II 10; A.ŠÀ.MEŠ *ḥu-wa-ti*, Syria 18 1937 251 ff. (RS 8.146):5; Huehnergard UVST 123; Van Soldt SAU 303. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥwt*; suff. *ḥwtk*; du. (?) *ḥwtm*.

Country, land, territory, ★**a**) in general: *bšl kl ḥwt* lord of the whole country, 2.81:3; 2.76:10, see in bkn ctx. *bšl b ḥwt*, 6.82:3; *l ādn ḥwt* to the lord of the country, 2.18:4; *ākḷ b ḥwtk inn* there is no grain in your land, 2.39:20; *yšlm (...)* *l ḥwtk* may it go well (...) with your country, 2.81:7; *šlm d ḥwtk* the well-being of your country, 2.36:4; *ngr ḥwtk* guard your territory (?), 2.47:2; *w mlk d mlk b ḥwt* and the king who rules in the country, 2.47:13; *b ḥbth ḥwt tth* in the event that he flees to another country, 3.3:4, see *b yših[m] ḥwt [tth]* in the event that they go (?) to [another] country, 3.8:10; *šl ḥwt l ḥtb d ānyt grgmšh* on the country's account the bill of the ship (bound) for TN, 4.779:12; *sb[rndm² dt] yqḥ mīt b ḥwt* bronzesmiths (?) who take one hundred from the country, 6.26:3 (Van Soldt UF 21 1989 379 n. 27); *mādn tqln b ḥwt* many people will fall in the land, 1.103:1; *rgbn ykn b ḥwt* there will be hunger in the land, 1.103:5 and par.; *ibn yḥlq bhmt ḥwt* the enemy will destroy the cattle of the land, 1.103:16 and par.; *ibn yspū ḥwt* the enemy will consume the land, 1.103:51; *mlkn [y]šdd ḥwt ib* the king will destroy the land of the enemy, 1.103:37 and par. (cf. 2.98:26); *mlkn yiḥd ḥwt ibh* our / the king will take the land [of his enemy], 1.103:7, cf. 1.163:7; *ilm tbšrn ḥwt* the gods will forsake the land, 1.103:41, cf. ln. 56; *[ibn y]rps ḥwt* [the enemy] will grind up the land, 1.103:50; *ḥwtm tprš* the land will be scattered, 1.103:53; *]ḥwtm thlq* the land will be destroyed, 1.103:4; *ḥwt ib thlq* the land of the enemy will be destroyed, 1.103:59; 1.140:6, see also *w l thlq ḥwt* [and the land will not be destroyed], 2.73:6 (cf. ln. 2, 4, 5); *l knt mlḥmt b ḥwt šbd* and there has not been war in the country of your servant, 2.98:15, ln. 29; *ngr ḥwt* guardian of the country, 2.98:37; ★**b**) referring to a TN: *sknt k ḥwt ymān* (its) form in the style of the country / land of TN, 1.4 I 42 (diff. Aartun UF 16 1984 17: “Tier”, Aram. *ḥewētā*, etc.); *[nt]bt mšrm b ḥwt ūgrt ḥ[wt] qṭ w b ḥw[t] ngt tštqn* they pass the Egypt's (right (?) of) way through the country of TN, the country of TN and the country of TN, 2.36:16 f., see *tštq by ḥwt* they pass through the land, 2.73:4, and *ḥwt ūgrt*, 2.81:18; in bkn ctx.: *mlkn bšly ḥwt*[, 2.42:10; *hn l ḥwth*, 2.33:9; *b ḥw[t*, 2.47:9; *šmšt ḥwt*, 2.49:10; *ḥwtm*, 2.36:18, 19; *ḥwt*, 3.14:9.

/ḥ-w/y-y/ (I) vb G: “to live, be alive”; D: 1) “to give (back) life / revive, leave alive, resuscitate”; 2) “repair”; Dpass. “to be revived” (Hb., Aram. *ḥyh*, “to be, stay alive”, HALOT 309 f.; “to live”, DNWSI 354 ff.; Ph. *ḥwy*, Pun. *ḥ/šw?*, “to live”, pi. “restore”, DNWSI 354 ff.; Ebla cf. Krebernik PET 34; Pagan ARES 3

126 f.; Fronzaroli StEb 5 1982 109; BBVO 1 1982 133; Edzard StEb 4 1981 43 f., 53 f.; Müller Biling. 185, 188; Arab. *ḥayyā*, “to live”, AEL 679 ff.; OSA *ḥyw*, “to live”, SD 74; Eth. *ḥaywa*, “to live, be alive”, CDG 252. Marcus JSS 17 1972 76 ff.; Dijkstra-De Moor UF 7 1975 187 ff. diff. Watson LSU 44 f.: “to club, strike”, Eg. *ḥwy*, but see p. 210); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: KA[R] = Akk. (?) = *eh-lu-um-me* = *ḥu-(wu)PI-ú*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) obv. II 17', inf. abs. D: Verreet UF 19 1989 339 f.; Huehnergard UVST 123; Van Soldt SAU 303; cf. /ḥayā/, an element in PNN, Sivan GAGl 225; ¶ **par.:** /m-ḥ-ṣ/, /m-t/. ¶ **Forms:** G suffc. suff. *hytn* (as a stative and a precativ); pfc. *th*, *yḥ*; D pfc. *āḥwy*, *āḥw*, *thwy* (?), *yḥwy*, suff. *yḥwh*; suffc. *hwt*; impv. *ḥw*; Dpass. suffc. *hwt*. Cf. *ḥwy* in damaged text 1.17 VI 30; *y/t]ḥwyn*, in 1.24:9 f. (cf. *infra*).

G. To live, be alive: *špḥ lṭpn l yḥ* will the offspring of “the Benevolent” cease to live?, 1.16 I 23 and par. (// *tmtn*); *npš yḥ dnīl* in (his) strength may PN (re)vive, 1.17 I 36 (cf. 1.19 IV 36; 2.23:8, in bkn ctx.); *w yḥ mlk* and (long) live the king!, 2.7:9; *hytn w šlmtn* may you live and enjoy good health! 5.10:2; *hytn l {p}špš* may you live, oh Sun! (?), 5.11:4; may he live and not die, *yḥ l ymt* 6.30:1; in bkn ctx.: *w th tbt* and may you live in good health (?), 1.82:34 (Del Olmo AuOr 29 2011 248, 254).

D. 1) To give (back) life / revive, leave alive, resuscitate: *k bsl kyḥwy yšr {ḥwy yšr}* like DN when / certainly he gives life to (?) the one he invites, 1.17 VI 30 (diff. Van der Toorn BiOr 48 1991 46: “when he comes to life (again): one serves him”, G + dittog; De Moor ARTU 238: “(...) he is served—(when) he has brought to life”); *āp ānk āḥwy* I also shall give life, 1.17 VI 32; *šl qššth hwt l āḥw* for his arrows I did not leave him alive, 1.19 I 16 (// *īmḥšh*); (*šl ...*) *qššth hwt l th[wy]* (for ...) his arrows did not leave him alive?, 1.18 IV 13; *ū āp mḥrh ānk l āḥwy* and I shall not even leave his warrior strength alive, 1.18 IV 27; *ql špš ḥw* the cry to / of DN: “save life”, 1.82:6; in unc. ctx.: *y]ḥwyn* he will give back life, 1.24:9 f.; *āḥw* I will give back life, 1.82:19; *ḥwy*, 1.176:17.

2) To repair, settle: *ānk ḥrš lqht w hwt hbt* I, the workman, have assumed and settled the matter, 2.70:15 (Dietrich-Loretz UF 16 1984 66 ff.; Verreet UF 18 1986 384).

Dpass. To be revived: *hwt āht* may you be revived, sister!, 1.10 II 20 (optative suffc.; cf. De Moor UF 11 1979 643).

Cf. **ḥbdhy**, **ḥy** (I), **ḥy** (II), **ḥy** (III), **ḥyīl**, **ḥyl**, **ḥyn**, **ḥyt**, **yḥn**, **yḥsdq**, **yḥšr**.

/ḥ-w-y/ (II) vb Št: “to prostrate oneself” (Hb. *ḥšthwh*, “to bow down”, HALOT 295 f.; Arab. *ḥawwā*, *taḥawwā*, “to contract”, “to coil himself”, AEL 678 f. Emerson OTS 20 1977 41 ff.; Davies VT 29 1979 493 ff.; Kreutzer VT 35 1985 39 ff.; Cohen TM 322–341); ¶ **par.:** /h-b-r/, /q-l(-l)/. ¶ **Forms:** Št pfc. *tšthwy*, *yšthwy*, suff. *yšthwyn* (?).

Št. To prostrate oneself: *tšthwy kbd hyt* prostrate yourselves (and) pay him

homage, 1.3 III 10 and par. (// *hbr w ql*), prostration formula (cf. Del Olmo MLC 54); *āltpl* (...) *āltštḥwy pḥrm šd* fall down, yes, (...), prostrate yourselves, yes, before the plenary assembly, 1.2 I 15 and par.

ḥwy n. m. “storehouse, depot” (Arab. *ḥawā*, “to gather”, *ḥiwāʾ*, “a place that contains”, AEL 678f.; cf. Hb. *ḥwh*, “tent camp”, HALOT 296); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. /ḥāyu/, /ḥīyu/ in: *ḥi-i-yi-šu*, PRU 3 123 (RS 15.145):6, 11; É.AN.ZA.GÀR-*šu*: *ḥa-a-yi*, PRU 3 95 (RS 16.246):6; É *ḥe-e-ia/ya*, PRU 3 87 (RS 15.119) rev. 7, 9; É.ḪI.A KISLAḪ.MEŠ *ḥé-yi-ma*, PRU 3 103 (RS 15.109+):15; Nougayrol PRU 3 220; diff. Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 5 1973 88: PN, Hurr. *ḥú-ú-ia*; Huehnergard UVST 127: “vacant (?)”; Sivan GAGl 223: “watch-tower”, cf. AHw 339: *ḥēja*; CAD Ḫ 168 f.: *ḥeja*; Vita EU 46: “lugar de reunión, campamento”). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥwyh* (adv. -*h*).

Storehouse, depot: (of equipment for chariots) *bd rb ḥršm d ššā ḥwyh* by the hands of the chief of the assemblers, who delivered (it) to the storehouse, 4.145:10.

ḥy (I) adj. m. “alive” (cf. /ḥ-w-y/ (I). Hb., Ph., Pun., Aram. *ḥy*, “living”, DNWSI 367 ff.; EA Akk. *ḥa-ia-ma*, EAT 245:6; Sivan GAGl 223; Eg. *ḥwt*, cf. Vernet-Vernet UF 42 2010 715 ff.). ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥy*.

Alive: *k ḥy āllyn bšl* because alive is DN, the victorious, 1.6 III 20 and par. (// *ūt*); *škmy ḥy PN* since PN is alive, 2.82:17.

ḥy (II) see *ḥym*.

ḥy (III) PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 50, 137; Watson AuOr 20 2002 233); ¶ **syll.:** cf. *ḥé-ia*-PI, PRU 3 86 (RS 16.250):21.

PN: *bn PN*, 4.366:4.

ḥyil PN (Sem. Gröndahl PTU 16, 43, 66, 96, 137; Marcus JSS 17 1972 78; Cross CMHE 64; Lipiński Syria 44 1967 273 n. 3; Syria 50 1973 44; Dietrich-Loretz-Sanmartín UF 6 1974 454; De Moor-Spronk UF 14 1982 184; Watson AuOr 30 2012 331); ¶ **syll.:** *ḥa-ya*-DINGIR, Syria 18 1937 (RS 8.146 [“8.213”]):32. Cf. *hyl*.

PN: 2.26:3; in bkn ctx.: 4.427:14; 4.497:2; 4.554:4.

hyl PN (etym. unc.; poss. allog. var. of *ḥyil*; see *ḥyly*. Gröndahl PTU 16, 96, 137; Dietrich-Loretz BiOr 23 1966 130).

PN: *bn PN*, 4.200:8; 4.214 II 1.

Cf. **ḥyil**.

ḥyly adj. m. “fighter, powerful, strong” (Hb., Aram. *hyl*, “faculty, power, wealth”, *gbwr hyl*, “brave man”, HALOT 311 f.; “force, army”, DNWSI 369 f.; Arab. *hyl*, “strength, power”, AEL 688. Pope Fs. Finkelstein 170; diff. De Moor SP 117; UF 1 1969 174 n. 54; Ribichini-Xella RSF 7 1979 152 f.: “the host of the filth”, rdg *hyl ḥḥ*); ¶ **par.:** *šlmy*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥyly*.

Fighter, powerful: *tm yḥpn ḥyly* there (was) PN, the fighter, 1.22 I 9 (// *šlmy*).

ḥym, n. m. pl. t. “life” (adj. used as a noun, cf. *hy* (I). Hb., Ph., Pun., Aram.,

Nab., Palm. *hy(m/n)*, sg. / pl. “life, lifetime”, HALOT 308; DNWSI 365 ff.; Ebla /*hayy=u(m)*/, in ⁴EN.KI = [?]*ā-u*₉, VE 803; Krebern timer ZA 73 1983 31; Kienast EDA 37 ff.; Conti SQF 193 (for the DN Ea in Mari cf. Durand MROA 2/1 189 ff.: /*aya*/); OSA *hyn*, *hyw(m)*, “time, life”, SD 74 f.; Arab. *hayāt*, “life”, AEL 682; Eth. *ḥaywat*, *ḥiwat*, “life”, CDG 252; Akk. cf. DN OAKk. *é-a*, Roberts ESP 20; OAss. *e-a-*, *i-a-*, Hecker GKT 28; Kienast EDA 37 f.: /*hayyā*/); ¶ **syll.** Ug.: /*ḥeyyūma*/: [H]I = *balātu* = Hurr.: (?) = *ḥe-yu-ma*, UF 11 1979 479 (RS 20.189):25; U[R(?) = Akk. (?) = *š*]u-*ḥu-ur-ni* = *ḥé-yu-ma*, Ug 5 131 (RS 20.426+):6; TIL = TIL-*la-tu* = *šu-h*[u-*ur-ni* = *ḥ*]*é-yu-[m]a*, Ug 5 137 (RS 20.123+) I 20; Huehnergard UVST 124; Van Soldt BiOr 46 1989 651; BiOr 47 1990 732; SAU 303, 337 n. 174; ¶ **par.**: *blmt*. ¶ **Forms**: pl. *hym*, suff. *hyk*; cstr. *hy*.

Life: *īrš hym* (...) *īrš hym w ātnk* ask for life (...), ask for life and I shall give it to you, 1.17 VI 26–27 (|| *blmt*); *b hyk ābn nšmh* in your life, our father, we rejoiced, 1.16 I 14 and par. (|| *blmt*); *p l hy np[š ā]rš* and for the life of (his) soul I beg, 2.23:17.

hyn PN (etym. unc. Gröndahl PTU 137; Watson LSU 166).

PN: ★a) 4.214 II 3; 4.232:35; 4.746:4; 4.763:2; ★b) *bn PN*, 4.51:6; 4.55:24 (Van Soldt SAU 33); 4.64 II 4.

hyt (I) n. f. “life” (allom. of *hy* (II)). Margalit MLD 212 n. 1; Marcus JSS 17 1972 72 ff.). ¶ **Forms**: sg. *hyt*.

Life: *hyt ḥzt ṭhmk* (may) the lucky life (of) your message (be ...) 1.3 V 31 and par. (diff. De Moor UF 11 1979 643 n. 23: “long live!”, precativ e suff. of /*ḥ-y-y*/; Renfro e AULS 54 ff.: “declaration, revelation”, **ḥwy*; cf. Dietrich-Loretz UF 24 1992 34: “Bekundung”; Watson LSU 4 n. 14); *hytn šlmtn* our life, our health, 5.10:2 (diff. rdg. Dietrich-Loretz KA 185 f.: *hytn* “give life”, see also 5.11:4; Pardee CS/3 108: “I am alive and well”).

hyt (II) n. “?” (etym. unc. Bordreuil-Pardee RSOu 14 356 f.: “les *hyt* /*tyt* des vêtements”, rdg [-.-.]*yt pldm*; also Dijkstra PIHANS 114 35: “to the tailors of cloths”, rdg *l*ḥ*yt* (sic) *pldm*).

?, in unc. ctx.: *ājt l' hyt pldm ddm* for TN: for (?) the *ḥ.* of cloths, two “cauldronsful”, 4.795:9 (rdg *ūhyt* in KTU³).

hẓ n. m. “arrow” (Hb., Ph. *ḥš*, “arrow”, HALOT 342.; DNWSI 397; Aram. *ḥt?*, “arrow”, DNWSI 397; Akk. *uṣ(š)u*, “Pfeil(spitze)”, AHw 1439; Arab. *ḥaẓwat*, “small arrow”, AEL 596; Eth. *ḥaṣṣ*, “arrow, dart”, CDG 247); ¶ **RS Akk.**: GI.GAG.GUM.TAG.GA, PRU 6 133 (RS 19.152):4–10; ¶ **syll.** Ug.: cf. PN DUMU *ḥa-aṣ-ši*, PRU 6 10 (RS 17.390):17; ¶ **par.**: *ābn*. ¶ **Forms**: sg. *hẓ*, poss. allog. sg. cstr. *hẓ* in 1.172:21; pl. *hẓm*, var. *hẓdm*: 4.609:25 (cf. *hẓḡl*; diff. Dohmen UF 15 1983 41: “Kleinschmied”), cstr. *hẓ*, suff. *hẓk*, *hẓhn*.

Arrow: ★a) *ārbṣm qšt ālp hẓm* forty bows, a thousand arrows, 4.169:2; *ūṭpt hẓm* quiver for arrows, 4.204:1, 2, 4; *mrkbt* (...) *yd āpnthn yd hẓhn yd trhn* char-

iot bodies (...) with their wheels, their arrows, their steering-poles, 4.145:4; cf. (chariots (?))]*d in ḥẓm lhm* which have no arrows, 4.180:1; ★*b*) *ḥẓk āl tšl qrth* do not shoot your arrows against the city, 1.14 III 12 (// *ābn ydk*); ★*c*) fletchers: *nsk ḥẓm* forgers of (metal tips for) arrows, 4.630:14 (var. *ḥḏm*, 4.609:25); *psl ḥẓm* carvers of (stone tips for) arrows, 4.141 III 19; in unc. ctx.]*bt bfl ḥẓ ršp*, the Lord of the arrow, PN, 1.82:3 (Renfroe AULS 56: “Lord of Fate”; diff. De Moor-Spronk UF 16 1984 239; rdg *ḥẓ ršp* “([may] *Baʿlu* [st]op) the arrows of *Rašpu!*”); in bkn ctx., *ḥẓ* (for *ḥẓ* (?)) *ksp b ydh* a silver arrow (?) in his hand, 1.172:21 (Cf. Bordreuil-Caquot Syria 57 1980 345); *w ḥẓ ālp*, 1.90:5.

Cf. *ḥḏḡl*.

ḥẓr n. m. 1) “mansion”; 2) “quarter”, measure of length (Hb. *ḥṣr*, “permanent settlement”, HALOT 345; Akk. *ḥa/iṣāru* / *ḥaṣīru*, “Hürde”, AHw 331; “enclosure”, CAD Ḥ 130, 202; Emar Akk. cf. *ḥi-za-ri*, Arnaud AuOrS 1 11; Syr. *ḥīrtāʾ*, “camp”, with dissim., SL 449; Arab. *ḥaḍar*, “residence at home”, *ḥaẓīrat*, “an enclosure”, AEL 589, 596. De Moor UF 1 1969 172; Watson Historiae 10 2013 21); ¶ **par.:** *bt* (II), *hkl*, *kmn*. ¶ **Forms:** sg. *ḥẓr*, suff. *ḥẓry*, *ḥẓrk*, *ḥẓrh*.

1) Mansion: *in* (...) *w ḥẓr k bn ātrt* he has neither (...) nor a mansion like the sons of DN, 1.4 IV 51 and par. (// *bt*); *rḥq krt l ḥẓry* move away, PN, from my mansion, 1.14 III 29 (// *bty*); *ṣrb* (...) *mšspdt b ḥẓrh* there entered (...) wailing women into his mansion, 1.19 IV 10 and par. (// *hklh*); *hm* (...) *āšṣrb ḡlmt ḥẓry* if (...) I bring the damsel into my mansion, 1.14 IV 42 (// *bty*); [*ḡ*]*lmt tšṣrb ḥẓrk* the damsel you brought into your mansion, 1.15 II 23 (// *btk*); *ytn* (...) *w ḥẓr km āryk* they are going to build for you (...) and a mansion like (that of) your kin, 1.4 V 28 and par. (// *bt*); *yštql l ḥẓrh* he proceeded / went down to his mansion, 1.100:68, cf. 1.114:18 (// *bth*); *ḥẓr pflk yṭb* (in) the mansion, your work, may goodness reign, 1.13:21.

2) Quarter (measure of length): *b ālp ḥẓr* through a thousand “quarters”, 1.1 II 14 and par. (// *kmn*; alt. of *šd* in the travel formula; cf. Del Olmo MLC 54 f.); in bkn ctx.: *ḥẓrh bbx*[, 7.35:1.

ḥẓt adj. f. “happy, lucky” (Arab. *ḥaẓẓ*, *ḥaẓẓiyy*, *ḥaẓīẓ*, “fortune”, “fortunate”, AEL 595. Margalit MLD 212 n. 1: “good-fortune, lottery”; Renfroe AULS 54 ff.: “lot, portion, fate”; Dietrich-Loretz UF 24 1992 34: “Schicksal”; diff. De Moor UF 11 1979 643 n. 23: “excellence, high rank”, Arab. *ḥa/i/uzwat*; Watson LSU 140 n. 603; Eg. *ḥst*, “favour, praise, blessings, grace”). ¶ **Forms:** sg. f. *ḥẓt*.

Happy: *hyt ḥẓt thmk* (may) the happy life of your message (be), 1.3 V 31 and par.