

LIST OF TABLES

Table 3.1	Support for three principles of distribution. Percentages	44
Table 3.2	Support for different versions of the equity principle: Effort and ability. Percentages	45
Table 3.3	Support for equity and equality in Distributive Justice Perception Project. Percentages	47
Table 3.4	Support for the principle of equity and need in determination of employees pay. ISJP 1991. Percentages	48
Table 3.5	Support for the principle of equity and need in determination of employees pay. ISSP 1992 Percentages	49
Table 3.6	Support for the principle of equity and equality in determination of secretary's pay. World Values Study 1990. Percentages	51
Table 3.7	Perception of ability and effort as reason for being poor or rich in country. Percentages	57
Table 3.8	Variations in support for the principle of equity. Bivariate correlation's Pearsons r	59
Table 3.9	Variations in support for the principle of need. Bivariate correlation's Pearsons r	61
Table 3.10	Variations in support for the principle of equality. Bivariate correlation's Pearsons r	62
Table 4.1	General income distribution matrix	71
Table 4.2	Income distributions presented to the Norwegian subjects	72
Table 4.3	Average ratings among those who passed the knowledge test	77
Table 4.4	Average tradeoffs at different levels of meritocracy	78
Table 4.5	Explaining equality/efficiency tradeoffs. OLS Regression	79
Table 4.6	Average ratings among groups with different political orientations	80
Table 4.7	Average tradeoffs at different levels of meritocracy for left and right political groups	81
Table 5.1	Percentage poor people/people with low incomes	97
Table 5.2	Poor people in society. Types of perception. Percentages	98
Table 5.3	Misperception of laborer and doctor's pay in percent, and inequality ratios for real and perceived earnings.	99
Table 5.4	Doctors' earnings. Types of perception. Percentages ...	100

Table 5.5	Skilled laborers' earnings. Types of perception. Percentages	101
Table 5.6	Poor people in society. Types of perception by individual characteristics	105
Table 5.7	Individual characteristics explanatory power on perception of doctors' and skilled laborers' earnings. Explained variance from OLS regressions (R^2).	110
Table 6.1	Support for the ideal of equality and egalitarian policies. Word Values Study 1981-1996	130
Table 7.1	Skilled worker: perceived pay relative to ideal pay	150
Table 7.2	Doctor: perceived pay relative to ideal pay	151
Table 7.3	Cabinet minister: perceived pay relative to ideal pay ..	152
Table 7.4	Chairman of a large national company: perceived	153
Table 7.5	Skilled worker: perceived pay relative to ideal pay. 1987 - 1992	154
Table 7.6	Doctor: perceived pay relative to ideal pay. 1987 - 1992	155
Table 7.7	Cabinet minister: perceived pay relative to ideal pay. 1987 - 1992	156
Table 7.8	Chairman of a large national company: perceived pay relative to ideal pay. 1987 - 1992	156
Table 7.9	Change in perceived and ideal difference in pay relative to unskilled worker. 1987 - 1992	158
Table 7.10	Ideal differences in earnings by individual characteristics. Pearsons r	166
Table 7.11	Ideal differences in earnings by individual characteristics. Multivariate regression. Unstandardized b coefficients and R^2	168
Table 8.1	Welfare state typology	172
Table 8.2	Tax policies: Tax-rates, progressivity, and pre and post tax income distributions (LIS)	175
Table 8.3	Average effective tax rates on capital, labor and consumption. OECD data	177